



# 2002 Results AREVA Group

#### Anne Lauvergeon

Chairman of the Executive Board

#### Gérald Arbola

Member of the Executive Board, Chief Financial Officer

Thursday, March 27, 2003



#### 2002 Results ahead of objectives

Objective	Actual			
	2001		2002	
Nuclear				
Double-digit growth in operating income 2002-2004	€417M	+ 56%	€649M	
Internationalization: growth in sales revenues	€2,911M	+ 22%	€3,542M	
Connectors				
Reduction in operating loss before restructuring	€181M	+ 44M€	€137M	
Growth in Operational Income	€122M	+ 48%	€180M	
Net income - Group share improving	€587M		€+240M	
Asset disposals	M.A.I / Sovakle/ Tour AREVA			



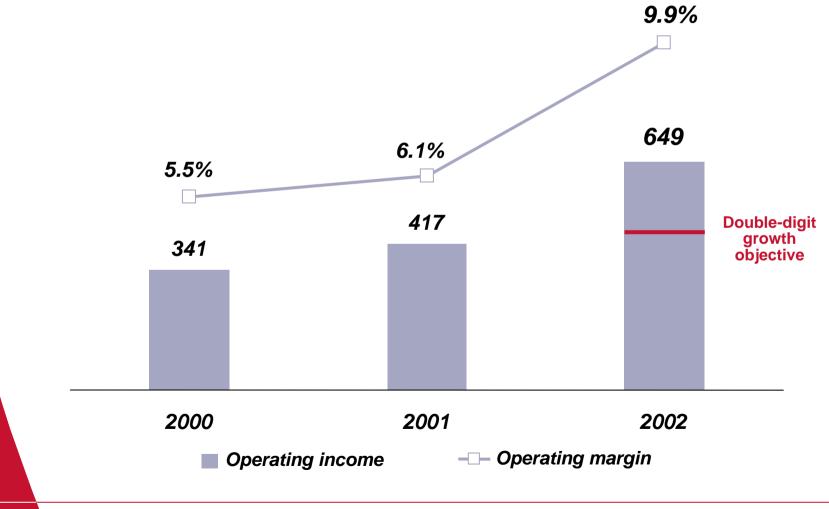
#### **Group Financial Highlights**

in million euros	2001	2002	Δ
Sales Revenues	8,902	8,265	-7.2%
Op. income before restruc. costs	210	525	+250%
Operating income	122	180	+48%
Financial income	200	587	
Net income (loss) Group share	(587)	240	
Net economic cash*	705	1,063	

\*: Cash +investment securities + unrealized gains on investment securities net of tax – debt – interest-bearing customer advances.



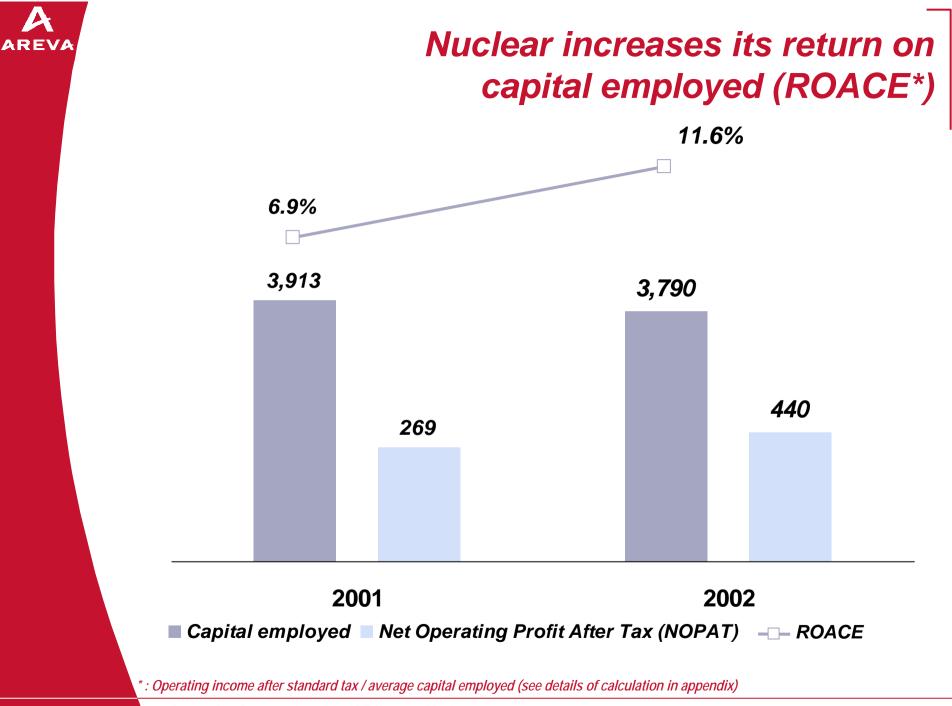
Change in operating income (in millions of euros)



> Presentation of 2002 earnings of the AREVA group – March 27, 2003

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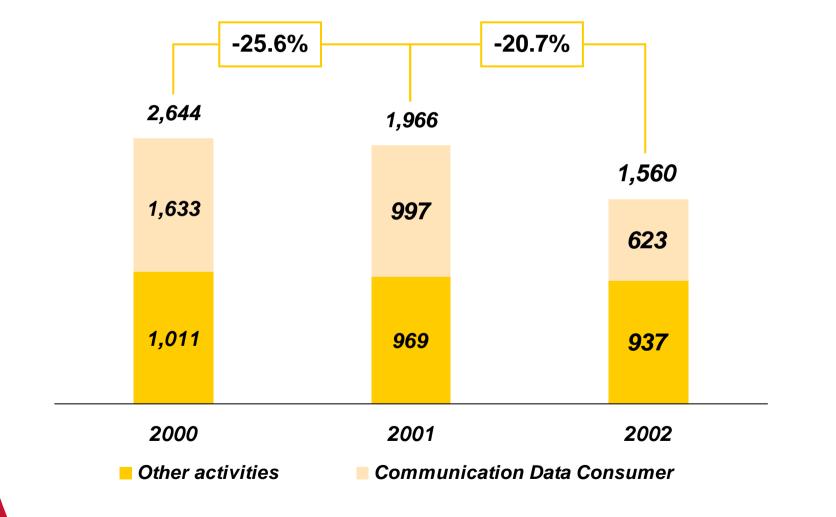
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> Presentation of 2002 earnings of the AREVA group – March 27, 2003



Trend in Connector sales revenues (in millions of euros)

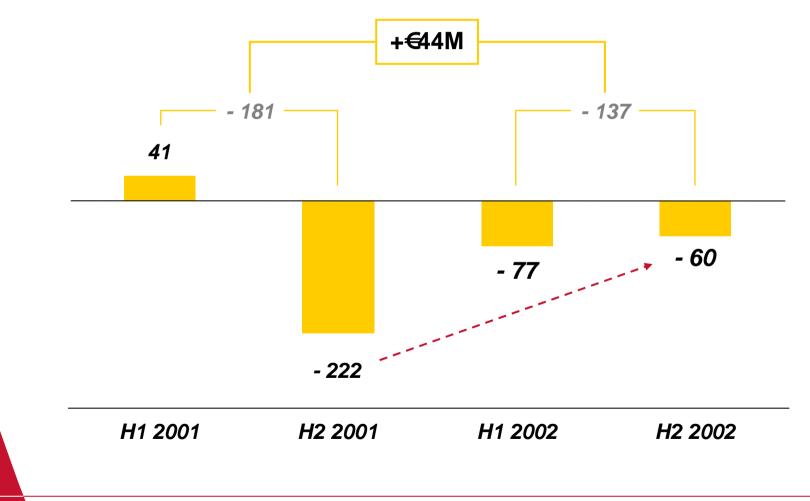


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#### Connectors: Losses cut each half of fiscal year

Trend in operating income before restructuring (in millions of euros)





## **Connectors: Further write-down to goodwill**

- Business Plan checked with 80 customers worldwide
- Change model implemented by FCI
- Impairment test and further write-down to goodwill of €275M in 2002 (vs €730M in 2001)
  - Net book value of goodwill at 12/31/2002: €380M
- Additional restructuring costs
  - Cost of measures decided upon in 2002: €162M
  - Extraordinary write-down to industrial assets: €107M



#### Group income statement

in millions of euros	2001	2002	Δ
Sales	8,902	8,265	-7.2%
Operating income	122	180	+48%
Net financial income	200	587	388
Extraordinary income	319	289	(30)
Equity affiliates	102	83	(19)
Taxes	(120)	(220)	(100)
Goodwill	(989)	(593)	(396)
Minority interests	(220)	(86)	134
Net income, Group share	(587)	240	807
Net earnings per share (in eur	os) (18.6)	6.8	



#### Group income statement

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		8,265	
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# Net financial income includes large capital gains on sales of securities

in millions of euros	2001	2002	Δ
Income from investments and interest expense	30	10	(20)
Currency income (loss)	(6)	1	7
Gains on sales of securities	92	689	597
Dividends received	60	57	(3)
Write-down of securities	28	(47)	(75)
LT Contract & Decommissioning:	(17)	(115)	(98)
Other financial income and expense	15	(8)	(23)
Net financial income	200	587	367

#### **Financial risks**

- Most long-term contracts are denominated in euros
- The group has little exposure to fluctuations in the dollar
  - Long-term contracts are hedged
  - Unhedged portion: primarily connectors,
     +/- 10% on the \$ → +/- €130M on Sales
- Minor exposure to the Yen

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# Extraordinary items

in millions of euros	2001	2002	
Sovaklé sale	-	77	
Sale of Tower in <i>la Défense</i>	-	216	
Dilution gain	303	-	
Other	16	(4)	
Extraordinary items	319	289	

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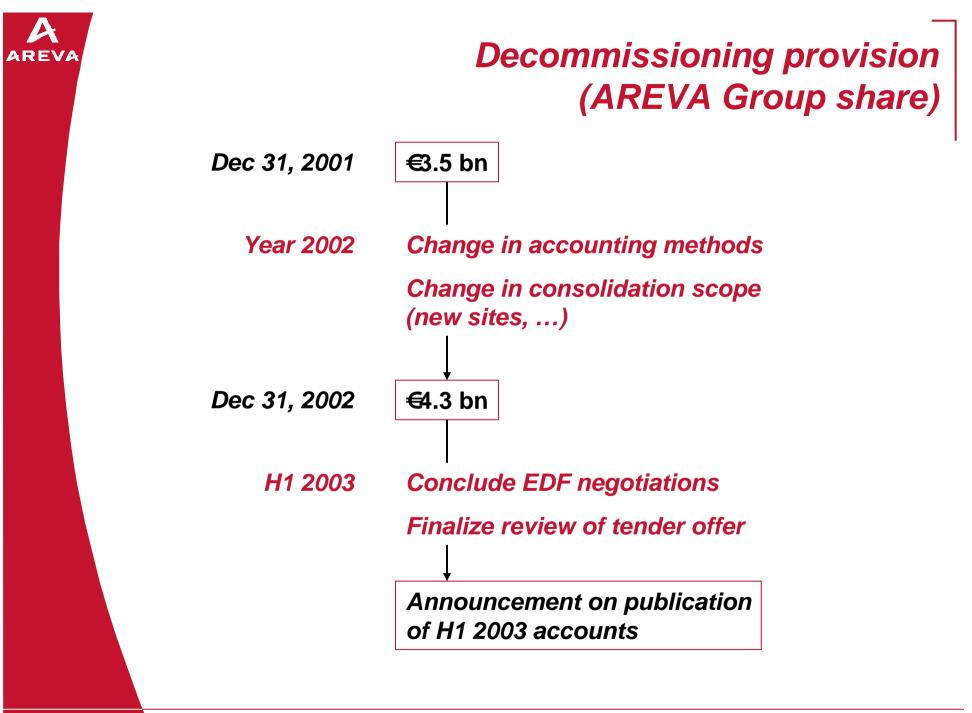
### Extraordinary write-down of goodwill

in millions of euros	2001	2002
Amortization charge for the year	(200)	(153)
Ext. write-down on AREVA	(59)	(165)
Ext. write-down on FCI	(730)	(275)
Total goodwill charge	(989)	(593)



### **Group Consolidated Balance Sheet**

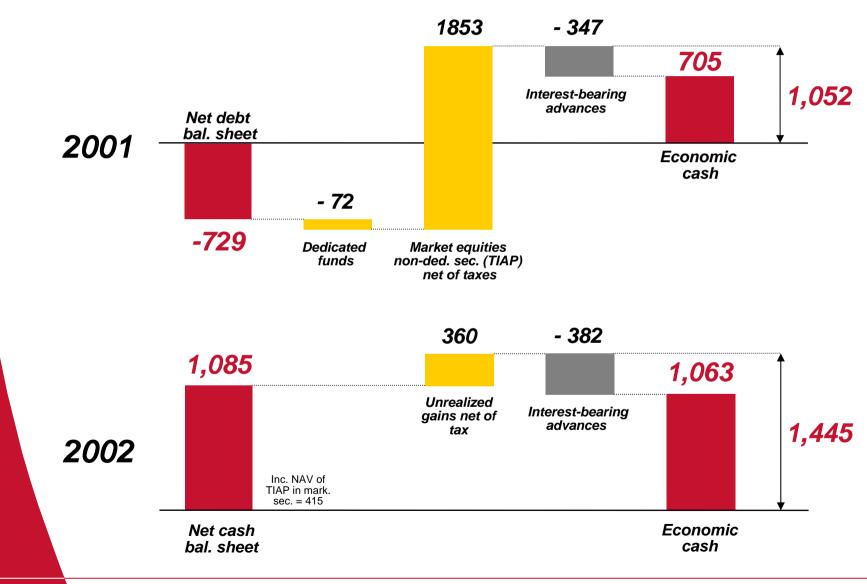
ASSETS	12.31.01	12.31.02	LIABILITIES	12.31.01	12.31.02
Intang. assets	2,729	2,047	Shareholders' equity	4,187	4,020
Tangible assets	5,321	4,647	Undated sub. notes (TSDI)	216	216
Decommissioning assets	0	9,223	Minority interests	1,004	988
Dedicated portfolio	2,003	2,127			
Industrial interests	1,674	1,652	Decommissioning prov	2,759	12,283
Long-term financial assets	1,203	453	AREVA portion	2,759	4,263
Total Fixed assets	12,930	20,149	Other provisions	2,825	2,770
Work. cap. requirements	(1,210)	(957)	Net cash	729	(1,085)
Total assets	11,720	19,192	Total liabilities	11,720	19,192



# AREVA A financial portfolio dedicated to decommissioning expenses has been made up

Theoretical portfolio value	Required IRR
€1.2 bn	7.1%
€1.4 bn	5.9%
€1.6 bn	5.0%
€1.8 bn	4.3%
€1.9 bn	3.9%
€2.1 bn	3.3%
€2.3 bn	2.8%
€2.5 bn	2.3%

# Reconciliation: book cash to net economic cash

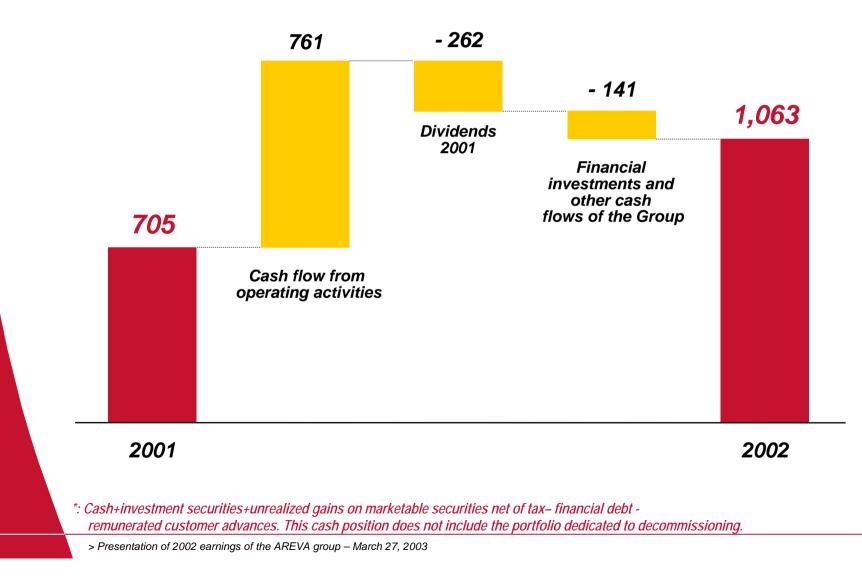


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#### Net economic cash up since 2002

Change in Group economic cash \* (in millions of euros)





#### **Cash flows generated by nuclear**

in millions of euros	2001	2002	Δ
EBITDA* % of Sales	1,359 19.9%	1,290 19.6%	-69 -0.3 pts
Change in working cap. rqt.	456	(133)	(589)
Net capital expenditure	(879)	(370)	+509
Operational cash-flow	936	787	(149)

\* Operating Income before amortization and provisions, excluding those relative to current assets



#### **Cash flows generated by Connectors**

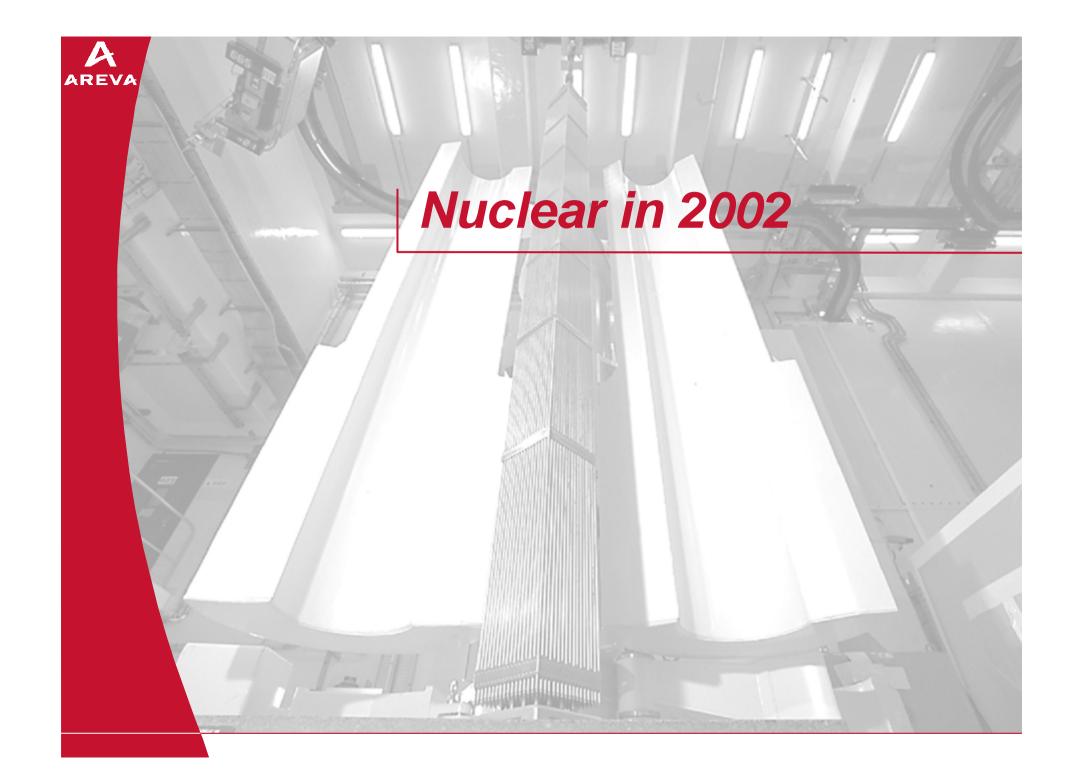
in millions of euros	2001	2002	Δ
EBITDA*	(43)	(26)	+17
Change in work. capital reqt.	+147	+88	(59)
Net capital expenditure	(210)	(87)	+123
Operational cash flow	(106)	(25)	+81

\* Income before amortizations and provisions, other than amortizations and provisions on current assets



#### **Risk Management**

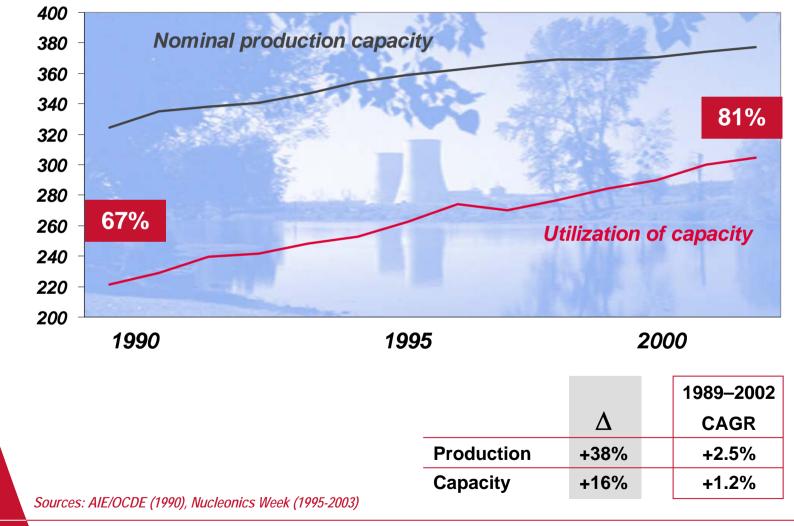
- Risk Mapping performed in 2002
- Assessment by the audit committee
- Establishment of an audit plan based on risk mapping





# Continued improvement in nuclear plant capacity factors by operators

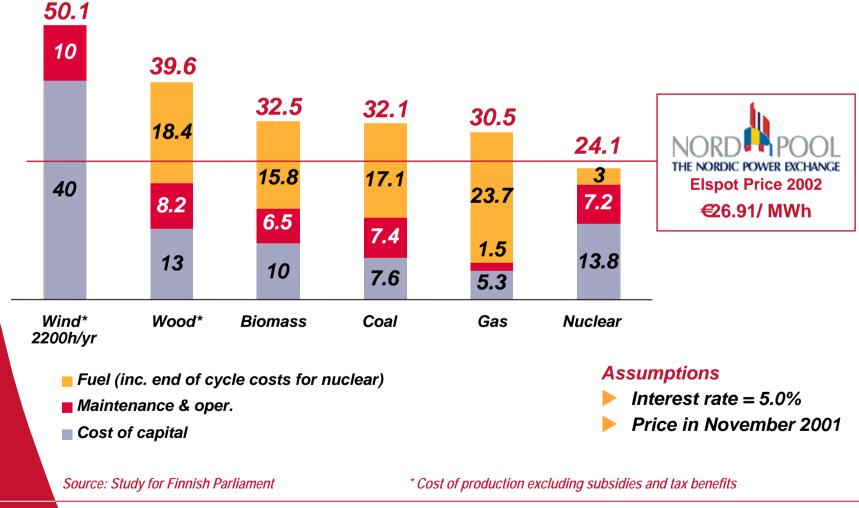
Change in nuclear energy production capacity worldwide (in MWe)





# Finnish study shows good competitiveness of nuclear with new reactors

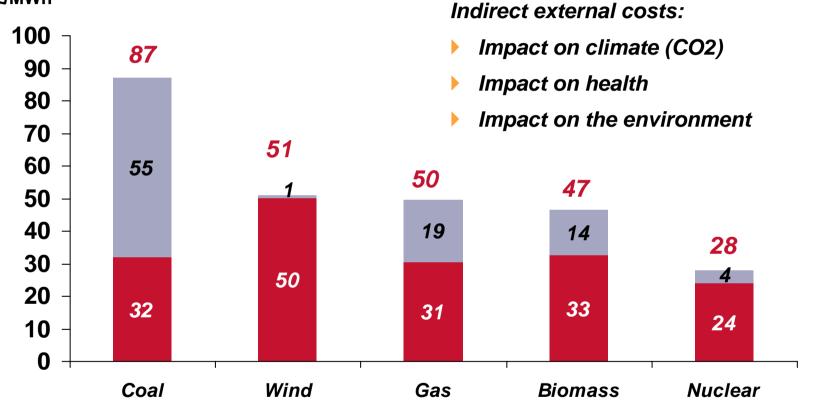
Production cost of electricity (in Euro / MWh)





# Nuclear has internalized most of its costs and generated few external costs for the environment

Coûts complets en **∉**MWh\*

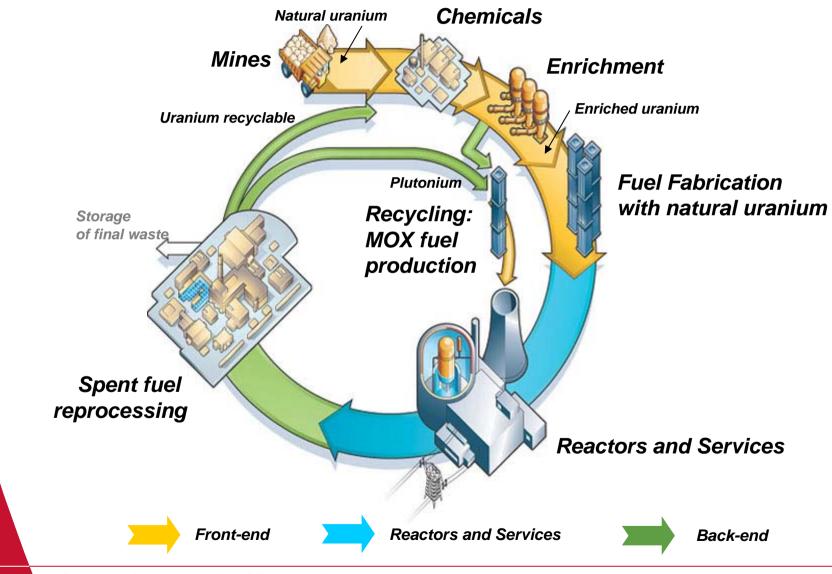


External costs \*

#### Production costs (source: Finnish study)

\* Source EXTERNAL study, EC 2001, calculating the indirect costs (impact on climate, health or physical impact) of different source of electricity generating energy

### An annual market of more than € 20 billion AREVA is active in the whole cycle



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#### AREVA is the world leader for the entire cycle

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	Mines / Natural uranium	66,700 t	20%			20%		15%		45%
FRONT END	Conversion / chemicals	62,550 t	20%			25%	<b>5%</b> (Shot down in 2006)	20%		30%
FRON	Enrichment	37.3 MUTS**		15%	30% ***	25%	BNFL shareholder of URENCO	25%****		5%
	Natural uranium fuel (UO2)	6,700 t				35%	25%	10%	15%	15%
	Reactors & Services	350 GWe				20%	20%	15%	15%	30%
(END	Reprocessing (t. processed)	1,850 t				60%	35%	5%		JNFL in time
<b>BACK END</b>	Recycling & MOX	180 t				90%	BNFL/SMP a/c 2004			10% JNFL in time

\* Listed companies \*\* Separative Work Units \*\*\* including half purchased from MINATOM (HEU) \*\*\*\* plus the 15% sold to USEC (HEU)



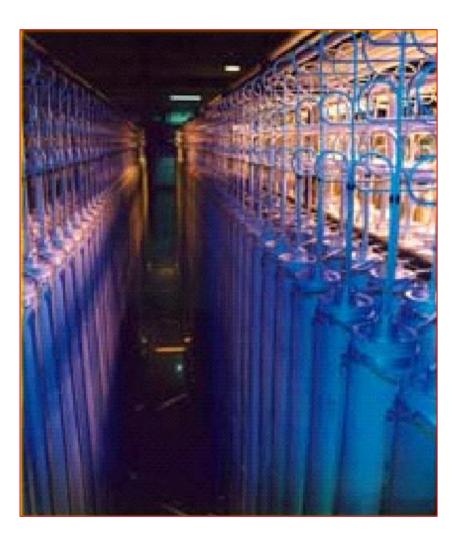
# Front end: operating income maintained high levels

in millions of euros	2000	2001	2002
Sales	2,328	2,733	2,560
Adjusted Sales		2,476*	2,560
Operating Income	200	362	333
% of Revenue	8.6 %	13.2 %	13.0 %

\* 2001 has been restated to be comparable to 2002 for the value of energy not included in costs of services delivered and therefore no longer re-invoiced to our clients. Clients now make available the energy needed to perform our services.



- M.O.U. signed with URENCO to acquire ultracentrifuge enrichment technology
- Steady competition in the production and marketing of enrichment services
- Final agreement planned in 2004
  - Replacement of the current plant in 2010



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#### **Reactors and Services:**

results improving, even without new reactor sales

in millions of euros Sales	2000	2001 1,879	<b>2002</b> 1,931
	1,675		
Operating income % of sales	84 5.0%	45 2.4%	81 4.2%

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#### Back end: sharp improvement in profitability

in millions of euros	2000	2001	2002
Sales	2,210	2,213	2,087
Operating income % of Sales	57 2.6%	10 0.5%	235 11.3%



#### Back end: a load plan with good visibility



*EDF: prices set until 2007, commitment to 2015* 



 German, Swiss, Dutch, Belgian power companies:
 → Recycling until 2009



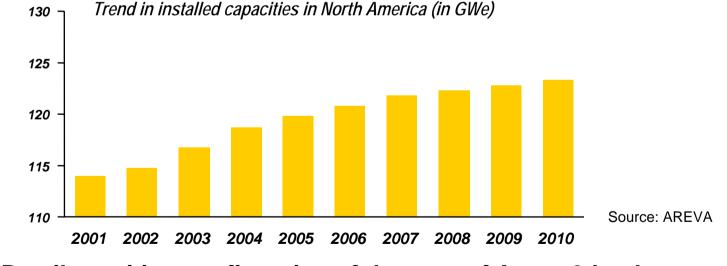
 Assistance contract for startup of Rokkasho Mura (Japan) reprocessing plant

 *→* until 2005



#### **ALENA & Mercosur**

- A US market turnaround (+ 4 Gwe by 2010)
  - Increase in life cycles of plants and capacity factors
  - Power increase at a large number of plants
  - Deliberate nuclear energy policy
  - Congress approves choice of site for spent fuel at Yucca Mountain
- Canada: reactors come back on line (+ 4 Gwe by 2010)



 Brazil: awaiting confirmation of the start of Angra 3 by the new Brazilian government



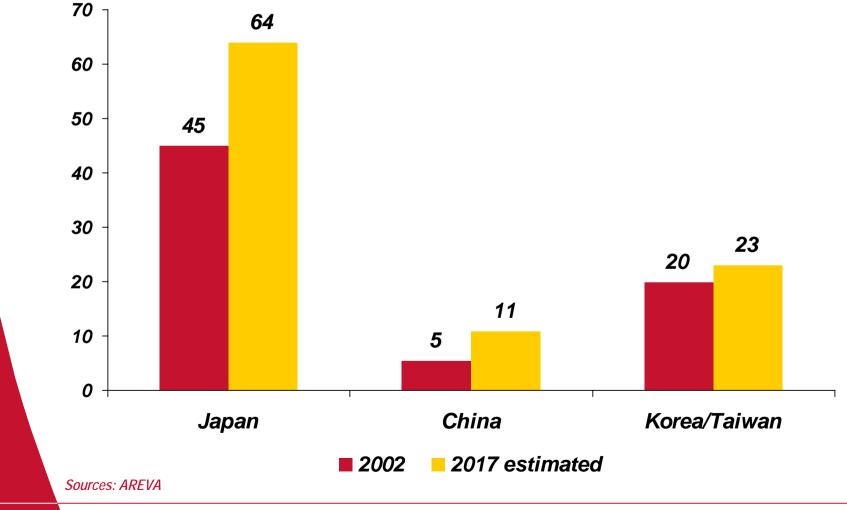
### Implementation of growth strategy in the United States

- In 2 years, the size of the group in North America has doubled
  - ◆ 2000 sales: €610M → 2002 sales: €1,208M
- Key events in 2002:
  - "Alliance" contract with power companies: AEP, PPL, PSEG, Exelon, TXU-Energy
  - Decision by DOE to turn all excess military plutonium into Mox with the DCS consortium (Duke, Cogema, Stone&Webster)
  - Contract with DOE for defluorination of depleted uranium
  - Contracts to replace reactor vessel heads and steam generators
    - 13 out of 22 contracts for reactor vessel heads won
    - 6 out of 11 contracts won in 2002 for steam generators



### Asia: programmed increased in capacities

Installed capacity in nuclear reactors (in Gwe)



> Presentation of 2002 earnings of the AREVA group – March 27, 2003



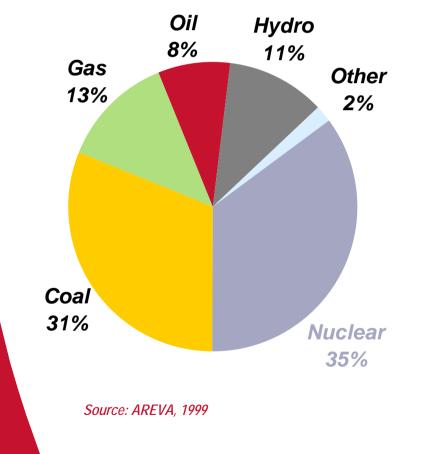
### Increase our presence in Asia

- Sales growth over the region
  - ◆ 2001 sales: €782M → 2002 sales: €954M +22%
- Japan
  - Transfer of technology in Reprocessing-Recycling → 2005
  - In 2002, strengthened presence in Nuclear Measurement and Logistics
- Developments in China
  - 4 reactors built by the group are now operating
    - Ling Ao 1 was commissioned in 2002
    - Ling Ao 2 was commissioned early 2003-3 months ahead of schedule
  - Recycling technology transfer agreement
  - X<sup>th</sup> plan: decision in favor of 4 new reactors



### Europe: Contrasting political decisions but production almost unchanged

Breakdown of primary energy source in European electricity production



- Progressive withdrawal announced in Germany, Belgium...
- ... but production will remain unchanged over the next ten years
- Nuclear production is expected to continue or grow in Spain, Finland, France and Switzerland



### **Consolidate our positions in Europe**

Major contracts in 2002

- Contract to supply fuel to EDF until 2006
- Reprocessing-Recycling contract with German power companies until 2009
- Contracts to supply 48 spent fuel storage and transfer containers to German and Belgian power companies
- Two major projects in 2003
  - France: decision pending concerning the EPR (European Pressurized Reactor)
  - Finland: Submission of Framatome-ANP bids at the end of March 2003, competing with General Electric and Minatom

Position as the leading supplier to the leader electric utilities



### Eastern Europe & Russia / CIS

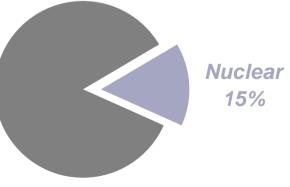
A new reactor commissioned in Russia in 2002 and 9 additional reactors planned by 2010

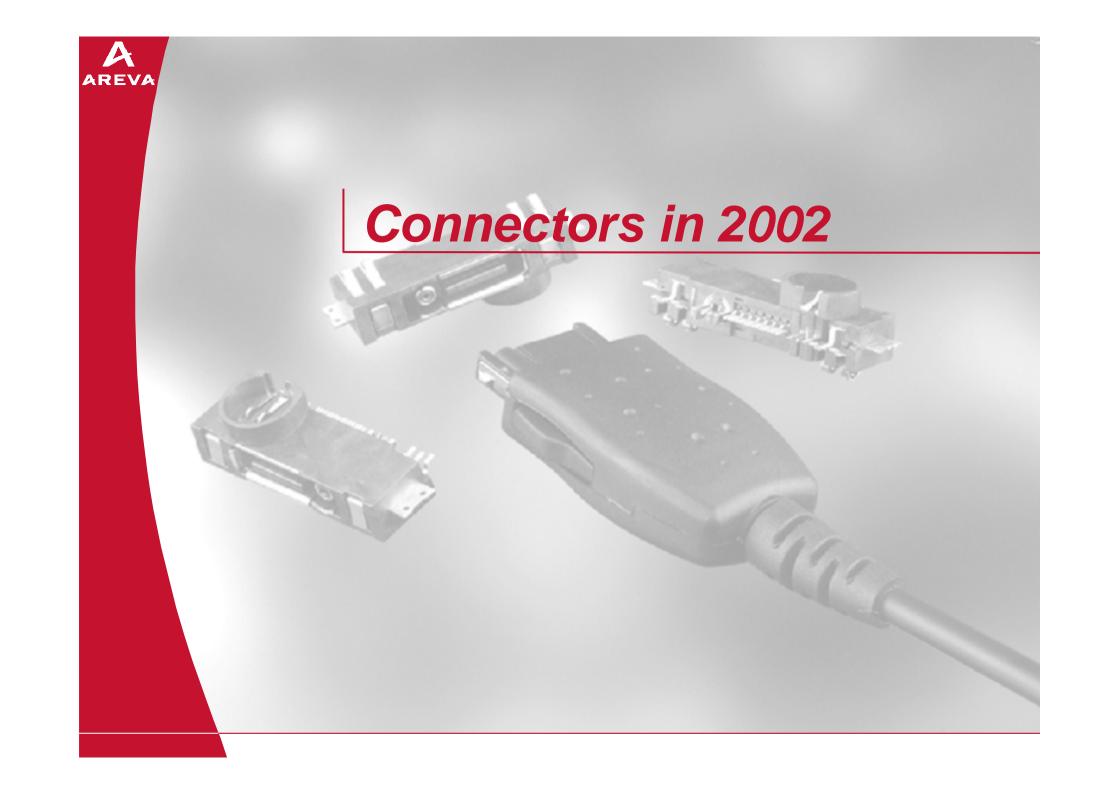
- "G8 Global Partnership" Decision at the Evian summit
  - Construction of a plant similar to the one being planned in the US to turn plutonium from weapons disarmament into MOX
  - Improvement in safety and performance of the reactors in Russia / CIS

10 + 10	
10	

Ukraine: pending financing to improve the safety of the K2R4 reactors

Percentage of nuclear in Russian electricity production







### FCI ranks 3<sup>rd</sup> worldwide, with strong positions in telecommunications and the auto industry

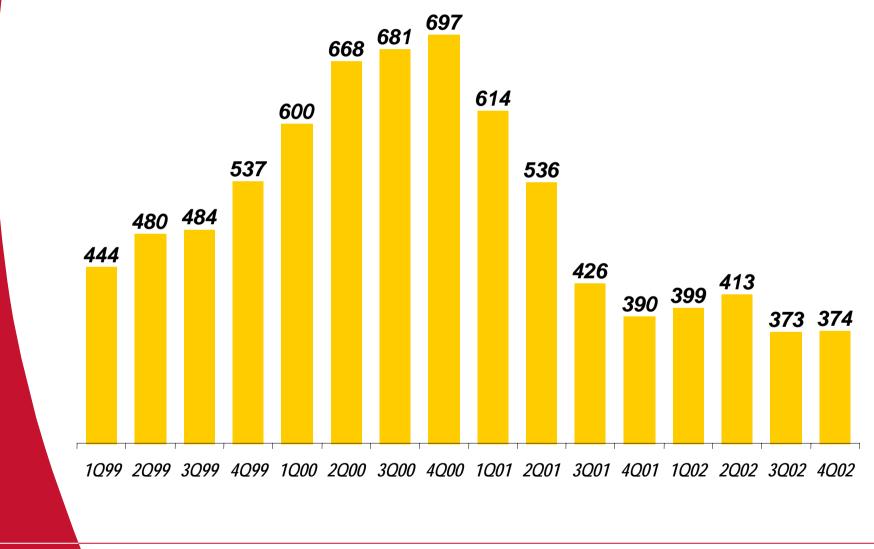
2002 vs 2001 Sales





### Further decline in sales due to telecom

Sales by quarter (in millions of euros)





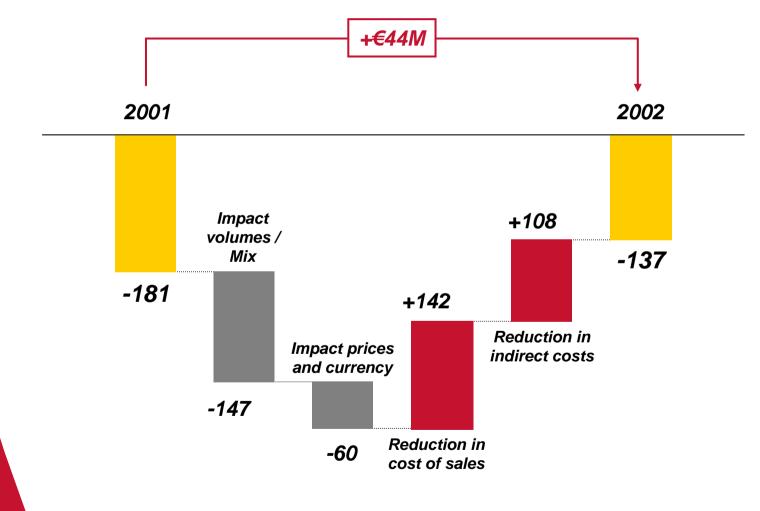
### Implementation of the redeployment plan since late 2001

- New management team (November 2001)
- Focus on markets where FCI is leader on a global scale
  - Sale of MAI business in 2003 (2002 Sales: €149M)
- Lower breakeven point
  - Adaptation and streamlining of industrial capacity:
     16 sites announced to be closed since the end of 2001
  - Reduction in overhead
- Transfer of operations to countries with low labor costs, particularly in Asia
- Faster implementation of inter-division synergies (CDC Auto)



### Cost cuts totaled €250M in 2002

Change in operating income before restructuring costs (in millions of EUR)

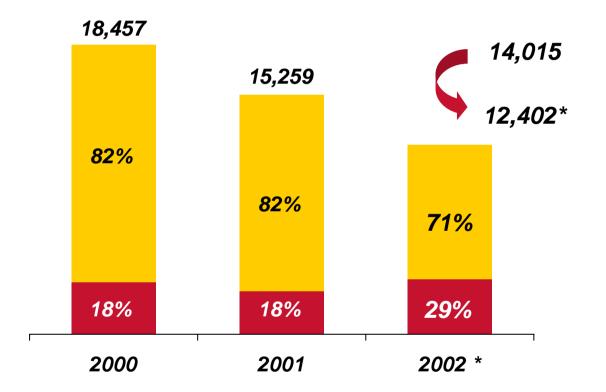


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## Reorganization of industrial capacity continues...

Change in connector work force



#### Countries with low production costs

Countries with high production costs

\* after adjusting for actions initiated in 2002 and the sale of MAI



### **Customer service revisited**

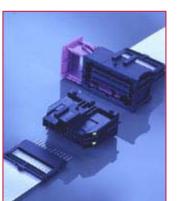
- Increased competitive advantage by service quality:
  - A simplified product offer and optimized delivery times using the "Flash Service" program in Europe and "Rat Pac" in the USA
  - Implementation of "Six Sigma" in the "Total Quality Management" program in automotive
  - Installation of a powerful CRM tool for the distribution of electrical products in the USA
- Performance recognized by our customers:
  - "Best supplier award" from CELESTICA
  - "Supplier of the Year" award for delivery & service from the IMARK group
  - Approval at BMW and new opportunites with FORD



### An emphasis on innovation continued



- Patented technology source of competitive advantage
- Development of new products for high-potential emerging requirements
  - Support for Pentium 5 micro-processor



- New generation of airbag connector
- High-density Flex interconnection for printing
- Miniature connectors for DVD and mobile phones
- High-speed connectors for servers and storage units

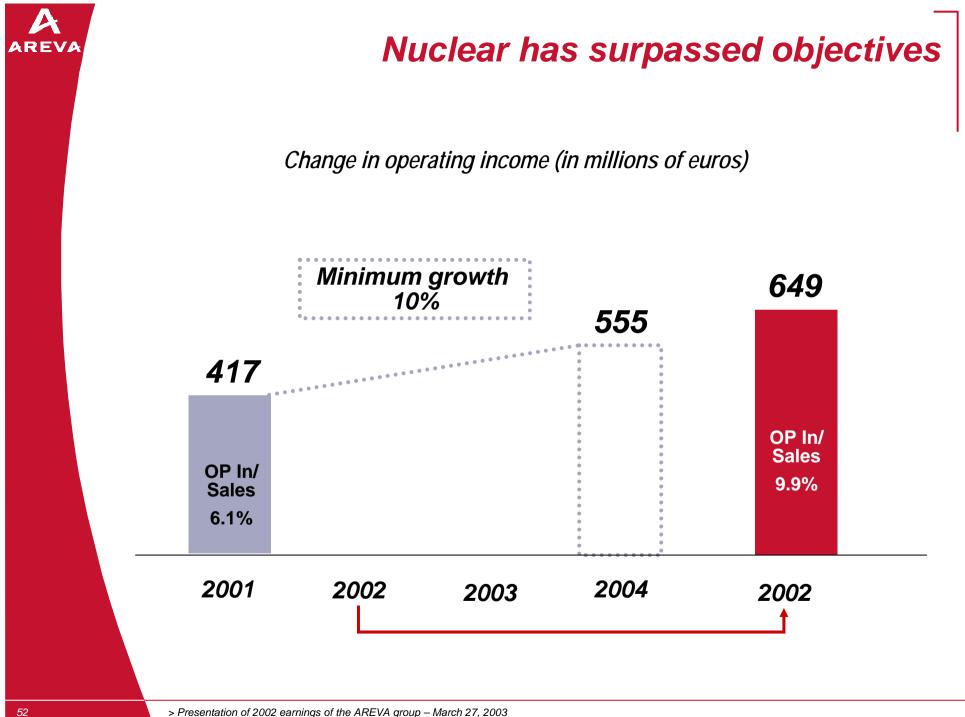


### **Development of partnerships**



- Licensing agreement with Tyco and Molex to give access to the FCI BGA patented technology for Pentium 4 and communication application
- Mutual licensing agreement with Tyco to develop new generation high-speed connectors
- Agreement with Mitsubishi Cable Industry in Japan to co-develop automotive connectors for Renault/Nissan and Daimler/Chrysler/Mitsubishi





### 2003 Outlook

#### Nuclear

- Revenues stable excluding acquisitions
- Build on 2002 level of operating income
- Strengthen international positions in all business sectors

#### Connectors

- No short-term recovery expected in the telecommunications market
- Continue and intensify industrial streamlining and reorganization
- Maintain our objective set at the presentation of 2001 earnings: by the end of 2003, connectors must no longer affect the group's operational performance

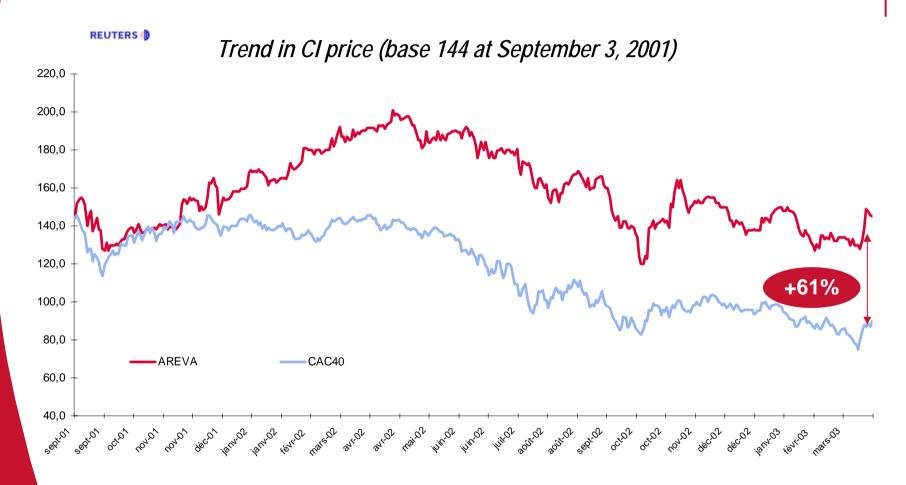


### **Initial Public Offering**

- Management is preparing the group
- Establish Financial Communications designed to:
  - Strengthen links to the financial markets
  - Provide the financial community with information to know and understand the group's businesses
- Our objective: be ready to complete the market offering as quickly as possible, at the best price, if our shareholders decide to do so



## The AREVA share has outperformed the indices since it was created (9/03/2001)



Dividend proposed for 2002 at the Shareholders' Meeting:
 6.20 euros / share and investment certificate



### 2002 Results AREVA Group

#### Anne Lauvergeon

Chairman of the Executive Board

### Gérald Arbola

Member of the Executive Board, Chief Financial Officer

Thursday, March 27, 2003

### **Appendices**



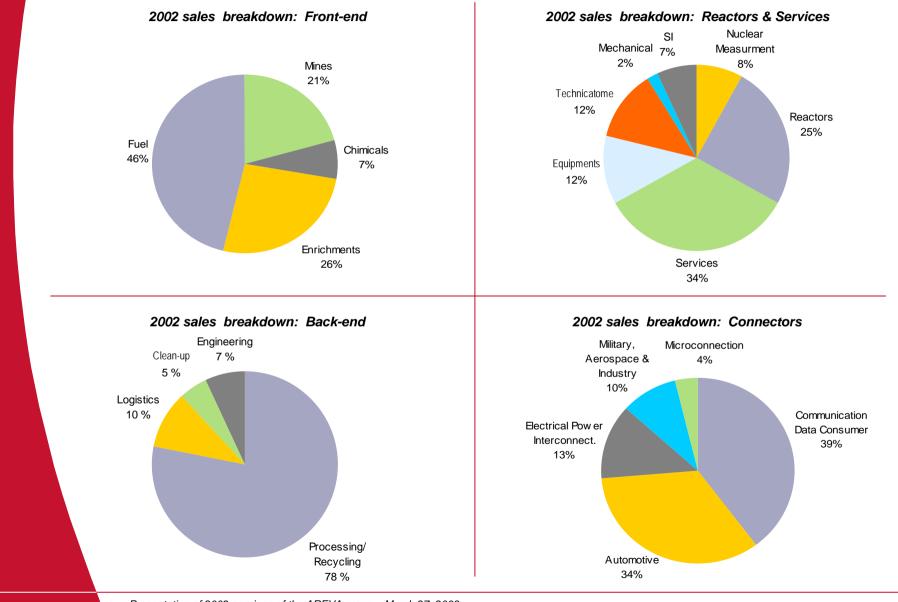
### **Detailed calculation of ROACE**

	AVER. CA	P. EMP	L. Net OP	Incom	e RO	CE
Millions of euros	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002
Nuclear	3,913	3,790	269	440	6.9%	11.6%
Components	2,346	1,887	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s
Other	618	663	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s
Total Group	6,877	6,340	89	138	1.3%	2.2%

- ROACE = Net operating income / average capital employed
- Net operating income = Operating income minus standard tax
- Standard tax = tax obtained by applying an average rate for all entities except those eligible for a special rate (Eurodif primarily)
- Average capital employed = (capital employed at end of period + capital employed at beginning of period) / 2
- Capital employed =
  - Net tangible and intangible fixed assets including goodwill
  - Minus extraordinary write-down to goodwill
  - Plus working capital requirements, excluding interest-bearing customer advances
  - Minus customer advances on fixed assets and provisions for costs to be incurred



### **Breakdown of Sales Revenues by Division**



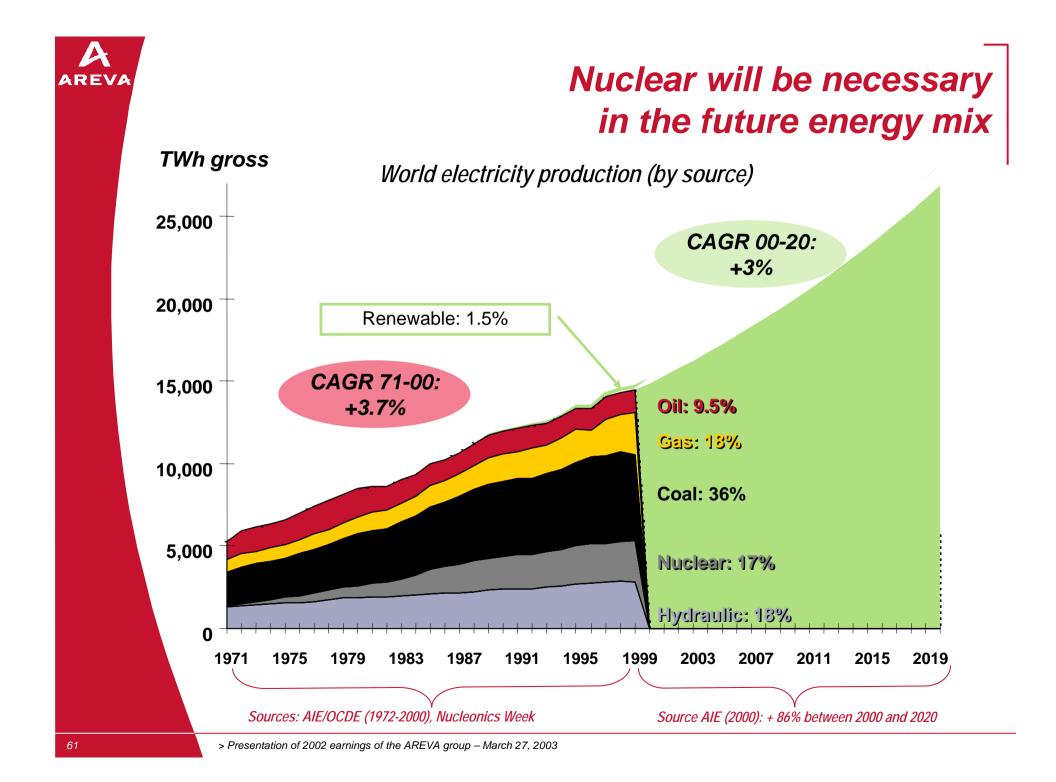


### Production of nuclear power up 10% between 1995 and 2000

	TWh produced		
	2000	1995	Δ
United States	799	714	+12%
France	415	377	+10%
Japan	309	291	+6%
Germany	170	153	+11%
Russia	131	100	+31%
South Korea	109	67	+63%
United Kingdom	86	89	-3%
Ukraine	75	71	+6%
Canada	73	98	-26%
Spain	62	55	+13%
Sweden	57	70	-19%
Other countries	283	247	+15%
World	2569	2332	+10%

Source: TWH Energy Statistics Yearbook ENERDATA December 2001

- 444 reactors installed in 2000 / 50 reactors under construction and ordered
- 16-17% of world electricity is derived from nuclear power, i.e. 564 Mtoe.



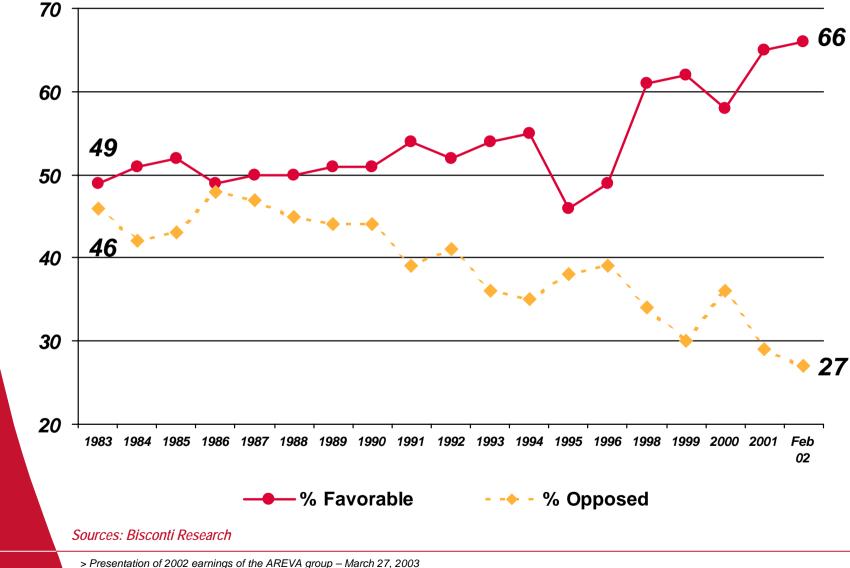


#### The "Living in one world" scenarios of the World Council of Energy *projects growth for nuclear power until 2050*

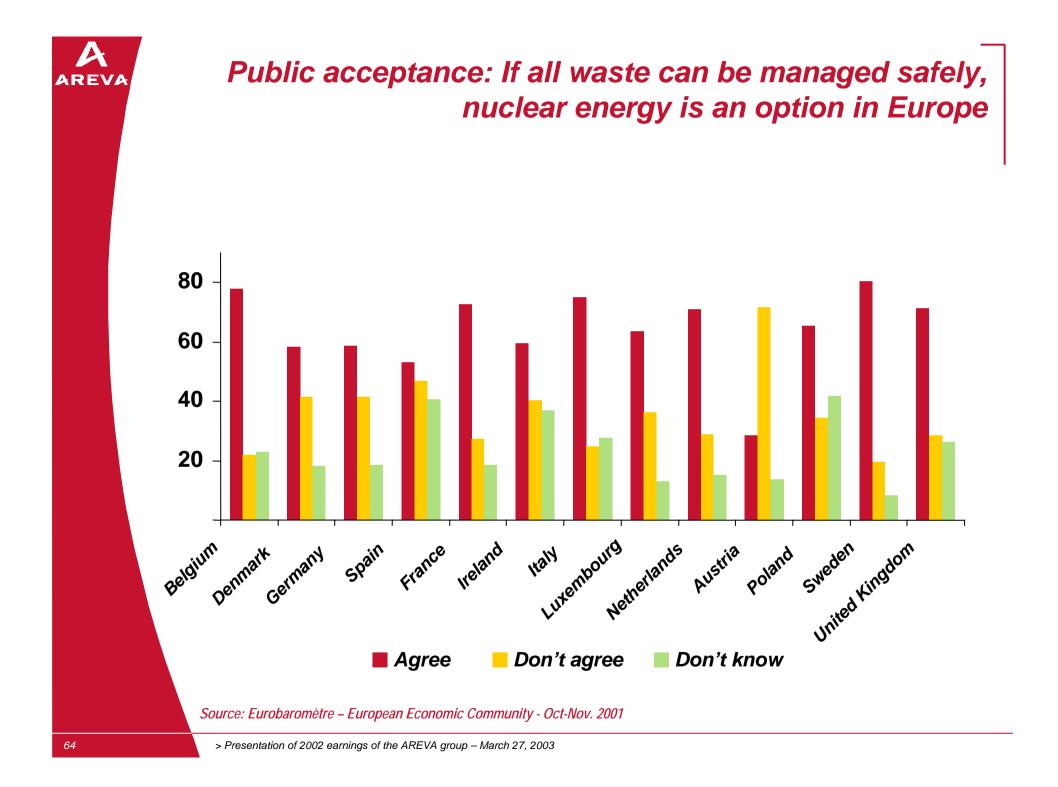
Construction of 3 times the

current nuclear capacity by in Gtoe (Tons Oil Equivalent) 2050 Replacement of nuclear 1.8 capacity by 2050 Nuclear 0.7 Renewable 1.9 0.6 5 1.3 2.5 Gas 2 Or 3.3 3.8 Oil 3.4 2.6 Coal 3.1 2.2 1.5 1998 2050: "Unlivable World" 2050: "Livable World" Production: 8.6 Gtoe (Giga Production: 12 Gtoe Production: 14 Gtoe tons oil equivalent) Increase in disparities Decarbonization • Heating by 2°C of energy, Increase in mortality • Control of transport

### Public acceptance: Americans are becoming more favorable to nuclear



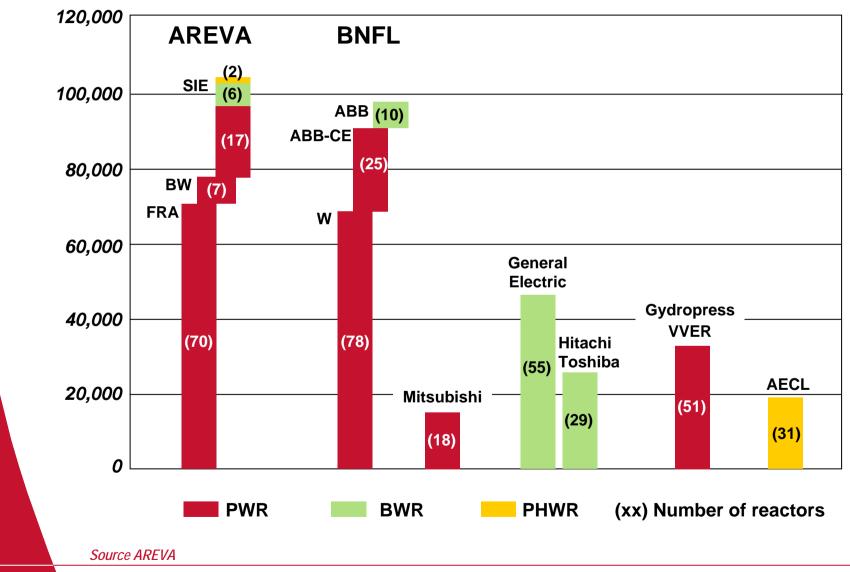
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# AREVA has installed the largest electric capacity

Mwe installed



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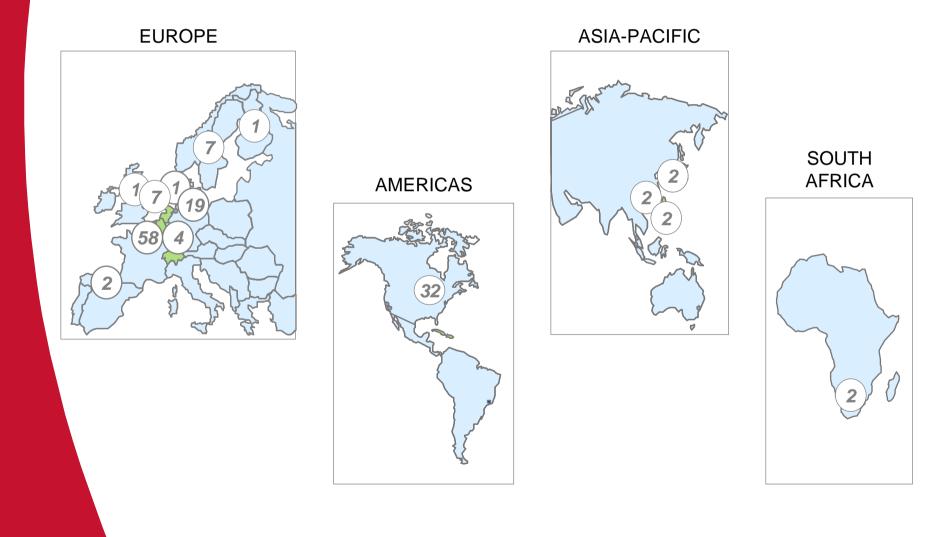


### Nuclear plants built by AREVA worldwide





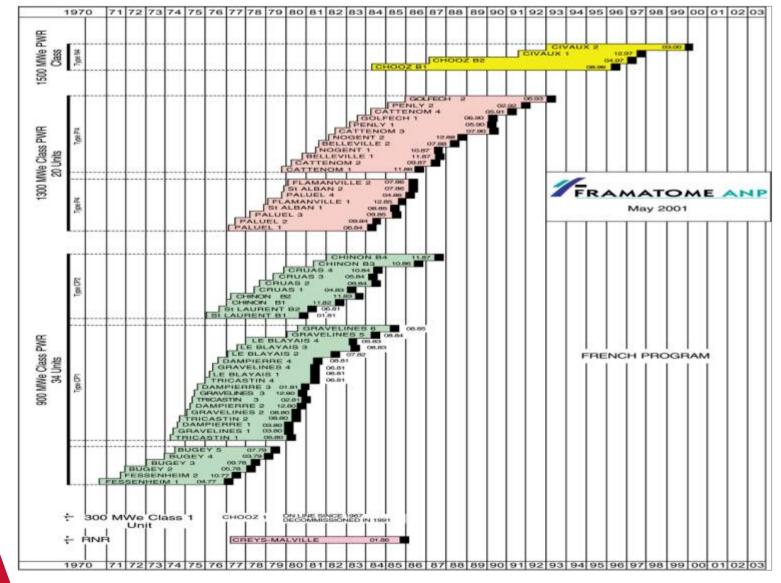
### 140 reactors in the world use AREVA fuel



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### Trend in construction of reactors by AREVA in France

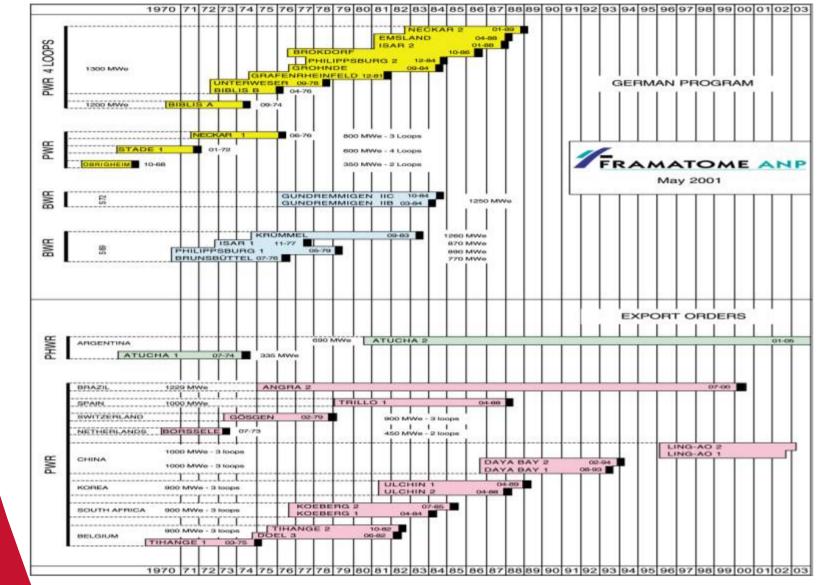


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# Trend in construction of reactors by AREVA abroad



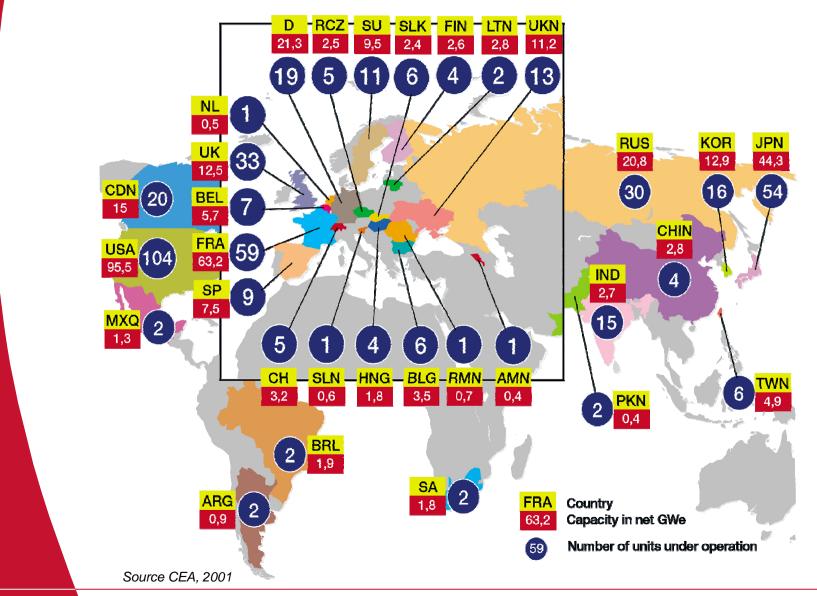
> Presentation of 2002 earnings of the AREVA group – March 27, 2003



### **Reactors installed worldwide**

	Number of reactors			
	2000	1995	Δ	
United States	104	109	-5%	
France	59	56	+5%	
Japan	53	52	+2%	
Germany	19	20	-5%	
Russia	29	29	0%	
South Korea	16	11	+45%	
United Kingdom	33	35	-6%	
Ukraine	13	15	-13%	
Canada	21	21	0%	
Other	97	90	+8%	
World	444	438	+1%	





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