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# Sources & radioactivity standards

Catalog <sup>AN</sup>

SPE.COM.20.057  
REV 02



**Laboratoire  
d'Etalons d'Activité**



**orano**

Donnons toute sa valeur au nucléaire







# Orano at a glance

As a recognized international operator in the field of nuclear materials, Orano delivers solutions to address present and future global energy and health challenges.

Its expertise and mastery of cutting-edge technologies enable Orano to offer its customers high value-added technologies and services throughout the entire fuel cycle.

Every day, the Orano group's 16,500 employees draw on their skills, unwavering dedication to safety and constant quest for innovation, with the commitment to develop know-how in the transformation and control of nuclear materials, for the climate and for a healthy and resource-efficient world, now and tomorrow.

## Our values



**Customer satisfaction**



**Respect and people development**



**Exemplarity, integrity and responsibility**



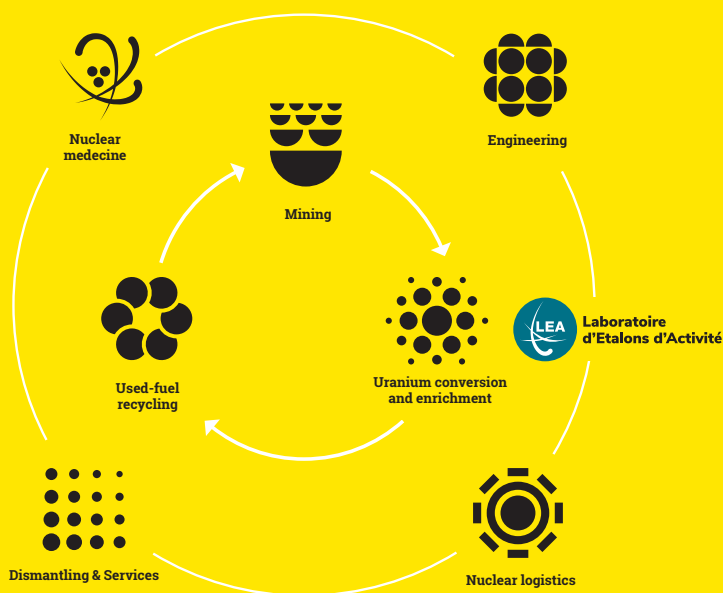
**Continuous improvement**



**Cohesion and team spirit**

## LEA within Orano

Wholly-owned by Orano since 2017, LEA has been located since 1999 at the heart of the Tricastin industrial platform in the South of France, where Uranium chemistry (fluorination, defluorination, denitration) and enrichment (centrifugation) operations are conducted for French nuclear power plants and international nuclear customers.







# LEA at a glance

## (Laboratoire d'Étalons d'Activité)

### Our mission : valorize radioactive isotopes to protect lives

Founded at CEA before its transfer to Tricastin in late 1990s, LEA produces and distributes radioactive sources for control and calibration of equipment in the fields of radiodiagnostic, radiation protection and metrology.

Accredited COFRAC\* Calibration for the measurement of ionizing radiation, LEA produces a wide range of calibration sources, sealed and unsealed, and distributes foreign-made sources from multiple partners in order to provide the most suitable solution to its customers.

In addition, thanks to its strong roots in the French nuclear industry, LEA has developed capabilities and services on high-activity sources (supply and recovery of sources for irradiators, radiography, primary neutron sources for the start-up of nuclear reactors...)

Hence, by utilizing radioactive isotopes on cutting-edge applications, in a secure and responsible way throughout the sources' life cycle, LEA is very well aligned with Orano's mission.

### What makes us unique: Technicity and Reactivity

The men and women at LEA are committed to providing high-quality service and a reactivity adapted to its customers' needs, both users and distributors.

Hence LEA is keen to develop tailor-made standard sources (specific activity levels, matrix or geometries) in a fast and responsive way or identify relevant supply options.

To that end, LEA can rely on its experience (tens of thousands of radioactive sources supplied in France and abroad over the last 20 years), its network of international partners, and its own technical and human resources strengthened by Orano's.

**This catalog aims at providing you clear and relevant information about sources and solutions we can provide you with. Direct communication remains the best option though, contact-us at : [contact@lea-sources.com](mailto:contact@lea-sources.com)**

\*portée N°2-6386 disponible sur [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) ou sur demande.







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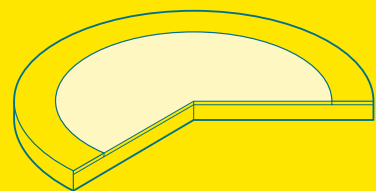
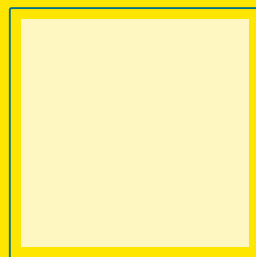
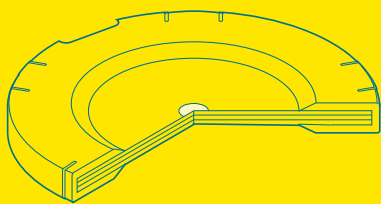
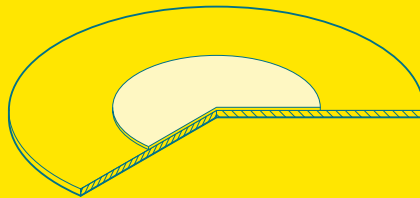
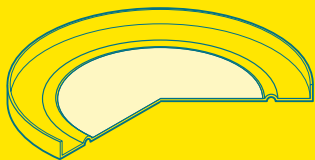
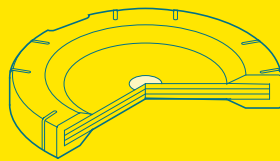
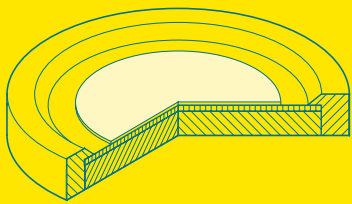
Radioactive purity

### 98 Nuclear data





# Sources solides $\alpha$ et $\beta$





# Key applications

$\alpha$  or  $\beta$  sources are mostly used in:

- **Laboratories** (environmental measurements, process monitoring...): calibrations and metrological verifications of alpha spectrometers using PIPS (Passivated Implanted Planar Silicon) semiconductor detectors
- **Radiation protection**: calibrations, functional checks and periodic verifications of area and air contamination monitoring devices: airborne and area monitors, alpha and beta probes, polyradiometers, hand foot monitors, whole body monitors, ...
- **Training and education**: teaching how to choose the type of radiation protection probe adapted to the radiation, experimental validation of the mean free path of the charged particles in the air
- **Security**: verification of correct operation (external sources), real-time automatic correction of electronic gain of spectrometers (embedded sources)

## Laboratories



## Radiation protection



## Training and education



## Security



- 1 LB SERIES © MIRION Technologies
- 2 WPC-1050 © ORTEC
- 3 HANDFOOT-FIBRE™ XLMED © MIRION Technologies
- 4 ARGOS © MIRION Technologies
- 5 BAB © BERTIN Technologies
- 6 Contaminamètre/ polyradiometers © BERTIN Technologies
- 7 Contrôle de non contamination © LEA
- 8 SpiR-Id © MIRION Technologies
- 9 IdentiFINDER R440 © FLIR Systems



## Handling Precautions

Alpha and beta sources are considered as sealed sources, with an ISO2919 classification of C11111 or higher.

However, precautions must be taken so that the active surface is not in contact with any other material. LEA recommends handling these sources with tweezers to avoid leaving grease on the surface of the source, which would degrade the spectrum and risk contaminating the user.

We recommend storing these sources in their original packaging, away from dust and more generally away from the ambient air. It is therefore not recommended cleaning these sources and scrubbing the active area to check for contamination, to avoid damaging and tearing off part of the active surface.

By respecting these precautions for use, the recommended working life of our alpha and beta sources is 10 years.



# EAS point $\alpha$ sources

## Technical Information

Alpha point sources (EAS) are in the form of a stainless steel disk, unmounted (Type C or D) or sealed on an aluminum ring (Type A or B), at the center of which the radionuclides are electroplated to ensure their sealing.

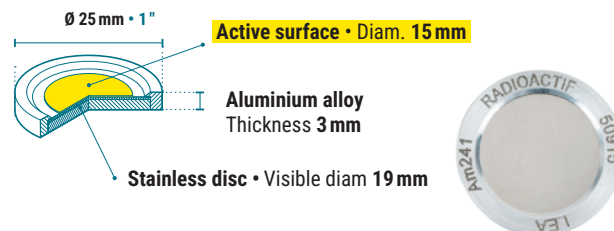
Radiological characteristics of the sources are measured with a calibrated grid cell detector.

## Production range

Catalog references	On request
Active diameter	
15 mm	From 5 to 75 mm
External diameter	
25 mm	From 9 to 90 mm
30 mm	
38 mm	
Activity	
0.3 kBq	From 0.01 to 8 kBq
0.8 kBq	
3 kBq	
Radionuclide	
<sup>233</sup> U, <sup>238</sup> Pu, <sup>239</sup> Pu, <sup>241</sup> Am, <sup>244</sup> Cm	–

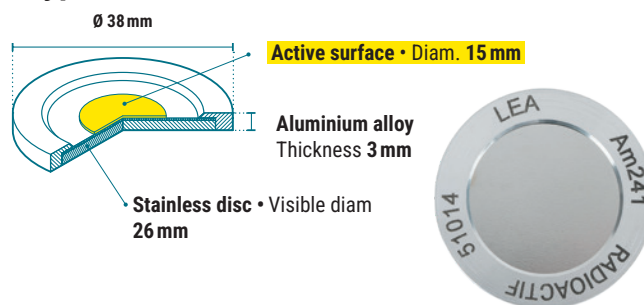
## Standard geometries

### Type A



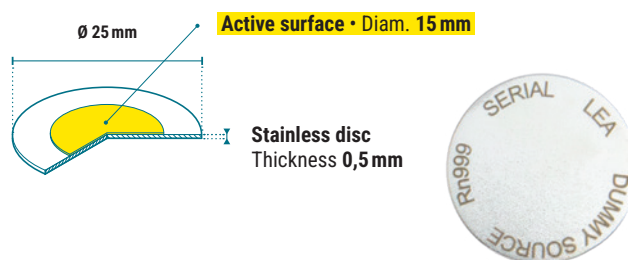
The distance between the active part and the height of the ring is 0,8 mm

### Type B

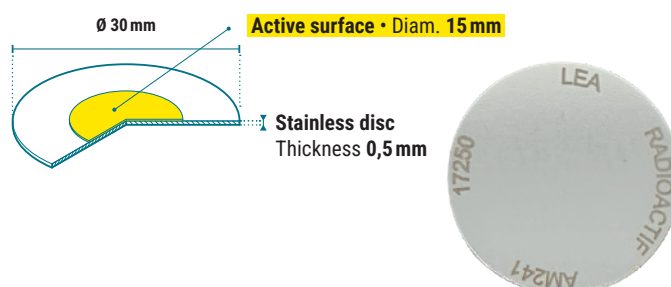


The distance between the active part and the height of the ring is 0,8 mm

### Type C



### Type D



Radionuclide	2π sr alpha flux		k=2 measurement uncertainty	Equivalent activity	Reference
	Under COFRAC* accreditation				
Mélange <sup>(1)</sup> • Mix <sup>(1)</sup> 239Pu, 241Am, 244Cm	400	α.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.8 kBq	9ML04 EAS [Type] 25
241Am	150	α.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.3 kBq	AM241 EAS [Type] 20
	1 500	α.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	AM241 EAS [Type] 30
244Cm	150	α.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.3 kBq	CM244 EAS [Type] 20
	1 500	α.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	CM244 EAS [Type] 30
238Pu	150	α.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.3 kBq	PU238 EAS [Type] 20
	1 500	α.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	PU238 EAS [Type] 30
239Pu <sup>(1)</sup>	150	α.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.3 kBq	PU239 EAS [Type] 20
	1 500	α.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	PU239 EAS [Type] 30
233U <sup>(1)</sup>	150	α.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.3 kBq	U233 EAS [Type] 20
241Am	150	α.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.3 kBq	Am241 EAS ICAM 20

Standard manufacturing tolerance: ± 30%  
IAEA Category: 5 • ISO2919 Classification: C11111

1) Source subject to export control on dual-use goods in accordance with CE Regulation 428/2009 from council of 5 May 2009 : an end user certificate will notably be requested from the customer.

\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

### How to compose the reference ?

Replace **[Type]** with the letter **A, B, C or D** according to the required geometry. For example: **U233 EAS C 20**.



# EBS point $\beta$ sources

## Technical Information

Radionuclides are deposited between two hot-sealed polyester foils (approximately 75 $\mu$ m thick each). Each face of the source is gold vacuum-coated for optimum measurement efficiency. They are then mounted in a steel ring.

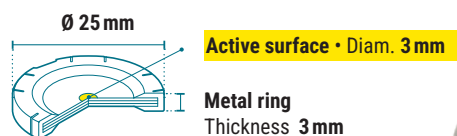
Radiological characteristics of the sources are measured with a calibrated gas flow proportional counter.

## Production range

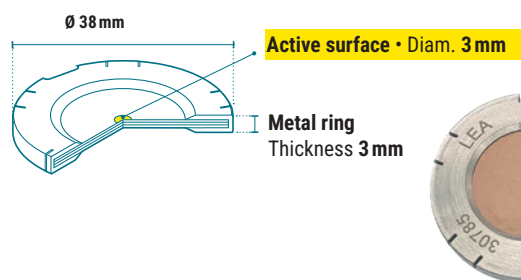
Catalog references	On request
Active diameter	
3 mm	From 3 to 30 mm
30 mm	
External diameter	
25 mm	From 25 to 60 mm
38 mm	
50 mm	
Activity	
0.08 kBq	From 0.05 to 4 kBq
3 kBq	
Radionuclide	
<sup>22</sup> Na, <sup>36</sup> Cl, <sup>60</sup> Co, <sup>90</sup> Sr/ <sup>90</sup> Y, <sup>137</sup> Cs/ <sup>137m</sup> Ba, <sup>147</sup> Pm, <sup>134</sup> Cs, <sup>89</sup> Sr, <sup>99</sup> Tc	<sup>32</sup> P, <sup>35</sup> S, <sup>204</sup> Tl, <sup>99</sup> Tc

## Standard geometries

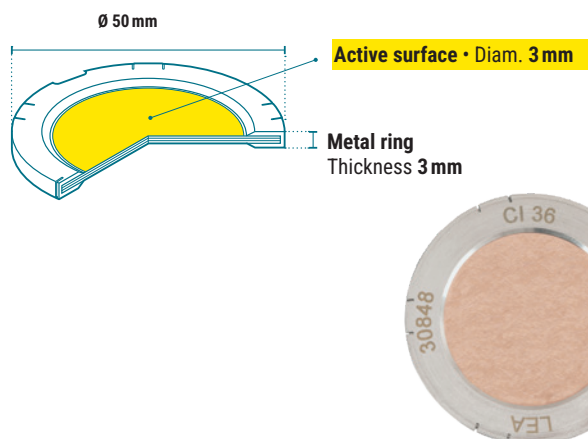
### Type A



### Type B



### Type C



Radionuclide	4π sr beta flux		k=2 measurement uncertainty	Equivalent activity	Reference
	Under COFRAC* accreditation				
<sup>36</sup> Cl	80	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.08 kBq	CL36 EBS [Type] 20
	3 000	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	CL36 EBS [Type] 30
<sup>60</sup> Co	80	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.08 kBq	CO60 EBS [Type] 20
	3 000	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	CO60 EBS [Type] 30
<sup>134</sup> Cs	80	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.08 kBq	CS134 EBS [Type] 20
	3 000	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	CS134 EBS [Type] 30
<sup>137</sup> Cs	80	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.08 kBq	CS137 EBS [Type] 20
	3 000	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	CS137 EBS [Type] 30
<sup>22</sup> Na	80	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.08 kBq	NA22 EBS [Type] 20
	3 000	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	NA22 EBS [Type] 30
<sup>147</sup> Pm	80	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.08 kBq	PM147 EBS [Type] 20
	3 000	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	PM147 EBS [Type] 30
<sup>89</sup> Sr	80	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.08 kBq	SR89 EBS [Type] 20
	3 000	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	SR89 EBS [Type] 30
<sup>90</sup> Sr + <sup>90</sup> Y	80	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.08 kBq	SR90 EBS [Type] 20
	3 000	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	SR90 EBS [Type] 30
<sup>204</sup> Tl	80	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.08 kBq	TL204 EBS [Type] 20
	3 000	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	TL204 EBS [Type] 30
Tc99	80	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	0.08 kBq	Tc99 EBS [Type] 20
	3 000	β.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 1.5%	3 kBq	Tc99 EBS [Type] 30

Standard manufacturing tolerance: ± 30%  
IAEA Category: 5 • ISO2919 Classification: C11111

\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

### How to compose the reference ?

Replace **[Type]** by the letter **A, B or C** according to the required geometry. For example :  
**TL204 EBS A 30.**

## Kits

EBS A and EBS B sources are also available in kit form. Radionuclides supplied are <sup>147</sup>Pm, <sup>134</sup>Cs, <sup>137</sup>Cs, <sup>90</sup>Sr+<sup>90</sup>Y, <sup>204</sup>Tl and <sup>22</sup>Na with an activity of 0.002 μCi (80 Bq) or 0.08 μCi (3 000 Bq). Other activities of EBS sources are available on request.





# ESA wide area $\alpha$ and $\beta$ sources

## Discs

### Technical Information

The radionuclides are deposited on a 0.01 in (0.3 mm) thick aluminum substrate (anodized surface), fixed on a stainless steel support of thickness 0.1 in (2.6 mm) ensuring the rigidity of the assembly.

The radiological characteristics (emergent flux) of the sources are measured with a calibrated absolute proportional  $2\pi$  sr counter.



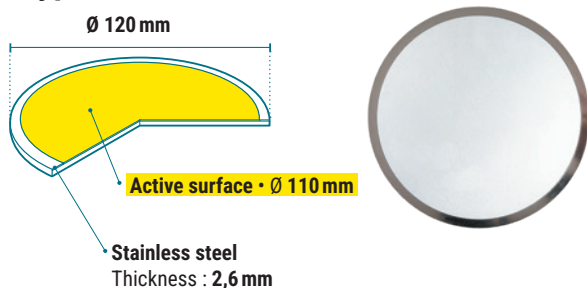
It should be noted that the size of a calibration source should be adapted to suit the size of the detector to be controlled or calibrated: **it is recommended not to use wide area sources to control detectors of a significantly different size from the detector itself.** LEA does not provide any guarantee on results for other uses than those recommended.

### Production range

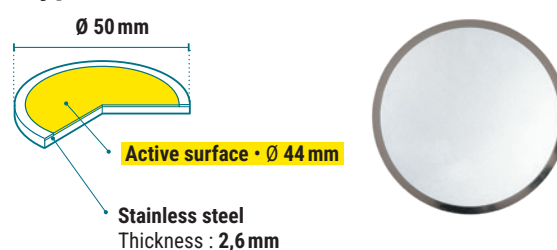
	Catalog references	On request
Active diameter		
$\alpha$ & $\beta$	15 mm	From 15 to 160 mm
	36 mm	
	44 mm	
	110 mm	
External diameter		
$\alpha$ & $\beta$	30 mm	From 20 to 170 mm
	47 mm	
	50 mm	
	120 mm	
Activity		
$\alpha$	0.4 kBq	From 0.1 to 2 kBq
$\beta$	4 kBq	From 0.5 to 8 kBq
Radionuclide		
$\alpha$	$^{238}\text{Pu}$ , $^{239}\text{Pu}$ , $^{241}\text{Am}$	$^{233}\text{U}$
$\beta$	$^{14}\text{C}$ , $^{60}\text{Co}$ , $^{90}\text{Sr}$ , $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , $^{147}\text{Pm}$	$^{32}\text{P}$ , $^{35}\text{S}$ , $^{89}\text{Sr}$ , $^{99}\text{Tc}$

## Standard geometries

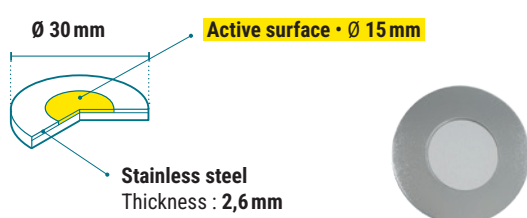
### Type K



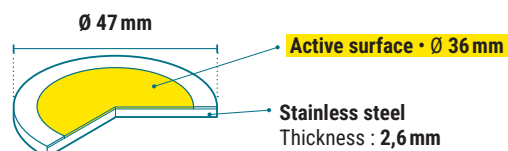
### Type L



### Type M



### Type N



Radionuclide		2 $\pi$ sr alpha flux 2 $\pi$ sr beta flux		k=2 measurement uncertainty	Equivalent activity	Reference
		Sous accréditation COFRAC*				
$\alpha$	$^{241}\text{Am}$	200	$\alpha \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	0.4 kBq	AM241 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{238}\text{Pu}$	200	$\alpha \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	0.4 kBq	PU238 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{239}\text{Pu}^{(1)}$	200	$\alpha \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	0.4 kBq	PU239 ESA [Type] 20
$\beta$	$^{14}\text{C}$	1 500	$\beta \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	C14 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{60}\text{Co}$	1 900	$\beta \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	CO60 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{137}\text{Cs}$	2 400	$\beta \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	CS137 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{147}\text{Pm}$	1 900	$\beta \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	PM147 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{90}\text{Sr} + ^{90}\text{Y}$	2 500	$\beta \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	SR90 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{90}\text{Sr} + ^{90}\text{Y}$	2 500	$\beta \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	SR90 ESA ICAM 20

Standard manufacturing tolerance:  $\pm 30\%$   
IAEA Category: 5 • ISO2919 Classification: C11111

<sup>1)</sup> Source subject to export control on dual-use goods in accordance with CE Regulation 428/2009 from council of 5 May 2009 : an end user certificate will notably be requested from the customer.

\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

### How to compose the reference ?

Replace [Type] with the letter **K**, **L**, **M** or **N** according to the required geometry. For example :  
**SR90 ESA K 20.**

# ESA wide area $\alpha$ and $\beta$ sources

## Planchets

### Technical Information

The radionuclides are deposited on a 0.01 in (0.3 mm) thick aluminum substrate (anodized surface), fixed on a stainless steel support of thickness 0.1 in (2.6 mm) ensuring the rigidity of the assembly.

The radiological characteristics (emergent flux) of the sources are measured with a calibrated absolute proportional  $2\pi$  sr counter.



It should be noted that the size of a calibration source should be adapted to suit the size of the detector to be controlled or calibrated: **it is recommended not to use wide area sources to control detectors of a significantly different size from the detector itself.** LEA does not provide any guarantee on results for other uses than those recommended.

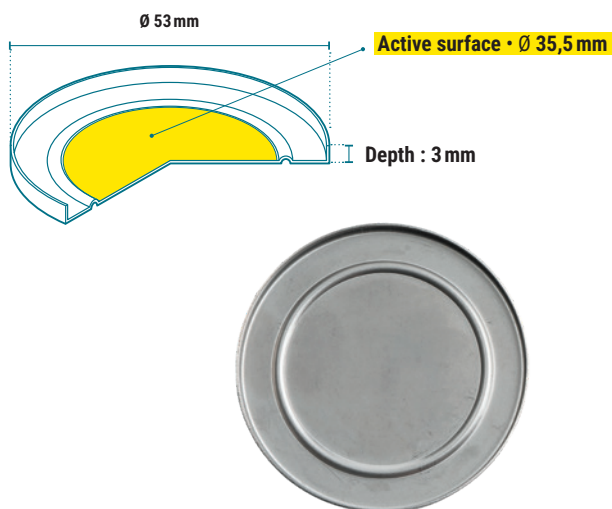
### Production range

	Catalog references	On request
Diamètre actif		
$\alpha$ & $\beta$	35,5 mm	From 15 to 160 mm
	51 mm	
External diameter		
$\alpha$ & $\beta$	53 mm	From 20 to 170 mm
Activity		
$\alpha$	0.4 kBq	From 0.1 to 2 kBq
$\beta$	4 kBq	From 0.5 to 8 kBq
Radionuclide		
$\alpha$	$^{238}\text{Pu}$ , $^{239}\text{Pu}$ , $^{241}\text{Am}$	$^{233}\text{U}$
$\beta$	$^{14}\text{C}$ , $^{60}\text{Co}$ , $^{90}\text{Sr}$ , $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , $^{147}\text{Pm}$	$^{32}\text{P}$ , $^{35}\text{S}$ , $^{89}\text{Sr}$ , $^{99}\text{Tc}$

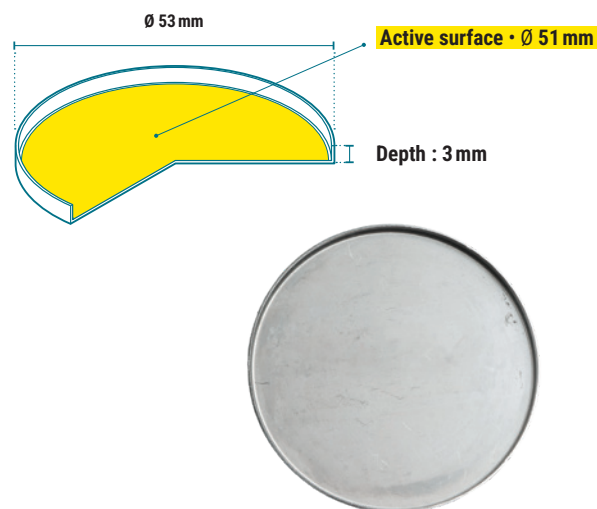


## Standard geometries

### Type I



### Type J



	Radionuclide	2 $\pi$ sr alpha flux 2 $\pi$ sr beta flux		k=2 measurement uncertainty	Equivalent activity	Reference
		Sous accréditation COFRAC*				
$\alpha$	$^{241}\text{Am}$	200	$\alpha \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	0.4 kBq	AM241 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{238}\text{Pu}$	200	$\alpha \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	0.4 kBq	PU238 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{239}\text{Pu}^{(1)}$	200	$\alpha \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	0.4 kBq	PU239 ESA [Type] 20
$\beta$	$^{14}\text{C}$	1 500	$\beta \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	C14 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{60}\text{Co}$	1 900	$\beta \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	CO60 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{137}\text{Cs}$	2 400	$\beta \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	CS137 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{147}\text{Pm}$	1 900	$\beta \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	PM147 ESA [Type] 20
	$^{90}\text{Sr} + ^{90}\text{Y}$	2 500	$\beta \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	SR90 ESA [Type] 20

Standard manufacturing tolerance:  $\pm 30\%$   
IAEA Category: 5 • ISO2919 Classification: C11111

1) Source subject to export control on dual-use goods in accordance with CE Regulation 428/2009 from council of 5 May 2009: an end user certificate will notably be requested from the customer.

\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

### How to compose the reference ?

Replace **[Type]** with the letter **I or J** according to the required geometry. For example: **SR90 ESA J 20**.

# ESA wide area $\alpha$ and $\beta$ sources

## Rectangular and Square

### Technical Information

The radionuclides are deposited on a 0.01 in (0.3 mm) thick aluminum substrate (anodized surface), fixed on a stainless steel support of thickness 0.1 in (3 mm) ensuring the rigidity of the assembly.

The radiological characteristics (emergent flux) of the sources are measured with a calibrated absolute proportional  $2\pi$  sr counter.



It should be noted that the size of a calibration source should be adapted to suit the size of the detector to be controlled or calibrated: **it is recommended not to use wide area sources to control detectors of a significantly different size from the detector itself.** LEA does not provide any guarantee on results for other uses than those recommended.

### Production range

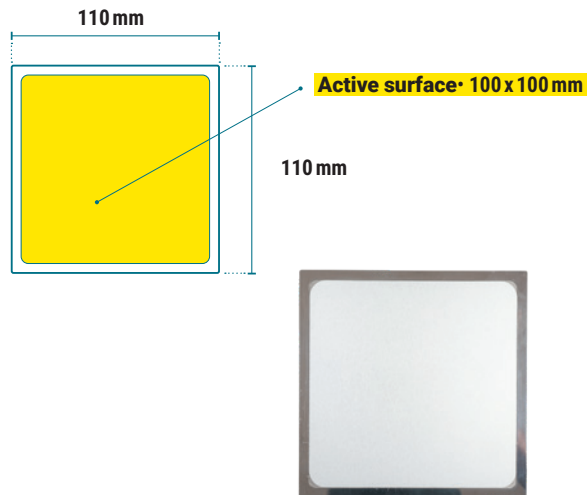
	Catalog references	On request
Actives dimensions		
$\alpha$ & $\beta$	100 x 100 mm	From 20 x 20 mm to 150 x 150 mm
	100 x 150 mm	
External dimensions		
$\alpha$ & $\beta$	110 x 110 mm	From 26 x 26 mm to 170 x 170 mm
	120 x 170 mm	
Activity		
$\alpha$	0.4 kBq	From 0.1 to 2 kBq
$\beta$	4 kBq	From 0.5 to 8 kBq
Radionuclide		
$\alpha$	$^{238}\text{Pu}$ , $^{239}\text{Pu}$ , $^{241}\text{Am}$	$^{233}\text{U}$
$\beta$	$^{14}\text{C}$ , $^{60}\text{Co}$ , $^{90}\text{Sr}$ , $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , $^{147}\text{Pm}$	$^{32}\text{P}$ , $^{35}\text{S}$ , $^{89}\text{Sr}$ , $^{99}\text{Tc}$



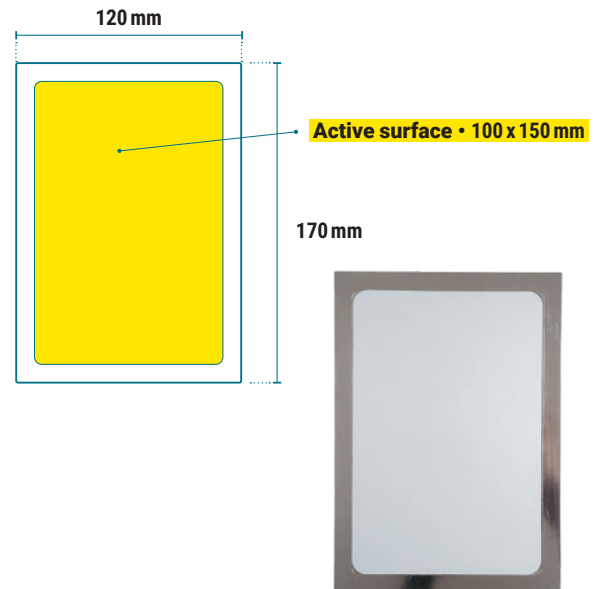
To facilitate your hand-foot controller checks, the LEA can provide you with rackets adapted to your sources and your HFC. The red face allows to quickly identify the active surface. The presence of edges prevents friction and possible degradation of the active part of the source on the walls of the HFC. The racket is suitable for all models of sources manufactured by the LEA. It can also be adapted to models of sources not manufactured by the LEA.

## Standard geometries

### Type E



### Type F



	Radionuclide	2 $\pi$ sr alpha flux	2 $\pi$ sr beta flux	k=2 measurement uncertainty	Equivalent activity	Reference
		Under COFRAC* accreditation				
$\alpha$	<sup>241</sup> Am	200	$\alpha \cdot s^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	0.4 kBq	AM241 ESA [Type] 20
	<sup>238</sup> Pu	200	$\alpha \cdot s^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	0.4 kBq	PU238 ESA [Type] 20
	<sup>239</sup> Pu <sup>(1)</sup>	200	$\alpha \cdot s^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	0.4 kBq	PU239 ESA [Type] 20
$\beta$	<sup>14</sup> C	1 500	$\beta \cdot s^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	C14 ESA [Type] 20
	<sup>60</sup> Co	1 900	$\beta \cdot s^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	CO60 ESA [Type] 20
	<sup>137</sup> Cs	2 400	$\beta \cdot s^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	CS137 ESA [Type] 20
	<sup>147</sup> Pm	1 900	$\beta \cdot s^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	PM147 ESA [Type] 20
	<sup>90</sup> Sr + <sup>90</sup> Y	2 500	$\beta \cdot s^{-1}$	$\leq 6\%$	4 kBq	SR90 ESA [Type] 20

Standard manufacturing tolerance:  $\pm 30\%$   
IAEA Category : 5 • ISO2919 Classification: C11111

1) Source subject to export control on dual-use goods in accordance with CE Regulation 428/2009 from council of 5 May 2009 : an end user certificate will notably be requested from the customer.

\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

### How to compose the reference ?

Replace **[Type]** with the letter **E or F** according to the required geometry. For example: **SR90 ESA E 20**.



## Tailor-made $\alpha$ and $\beta$ sources

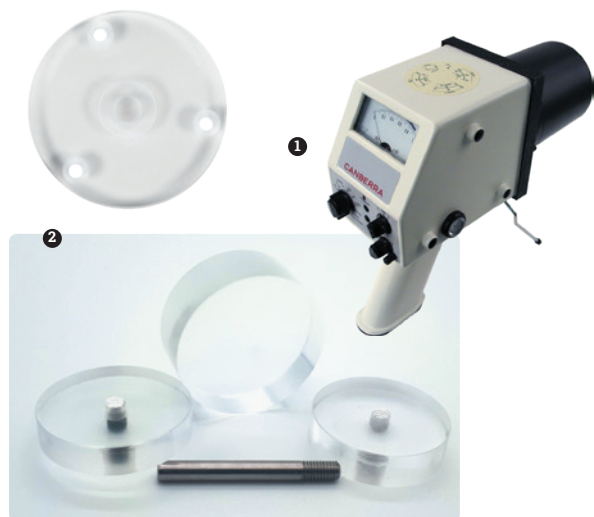
LEA can, on request, adapt the activity and the geometry of catalog sources to a specific need. **Here are six examples.**

### #01

#### Babyline specific checks

To carry out Babyline checks (Babyline 81™ MIRION Technologies), LEA offers a source kit specially adapted to the operating range of this portable survey meter.

The kit is composed of 4 sources of  $^{90}\text{Sr}$ , with activity levels of  $0.07\mu\text{Ci}$  ( $2.5\text{kBq}$ ),  $0.81\mu\text{Ci}$  ( $30\text{kBq}$ ),  $8.1\mu\text{Ci}$  ( $300\text{kBq}$ ) and  $94.6\mu\text{Ci}$  ( $3.5\text{MBq}$ ). Other radionuclides and other activities are available on request.



1 Babyline 81 © MIRION Technologies  
2 © LEA

### #02

#### Verification of MIRION ICAM™ type fixed aerosol monitors

Self calibration of portable systems

The use of a radioactive source is one of the methods for correcting the gain of the on-board acquisition electronics in the portable systems used by the fire brigade or army to identify a possible radiological threat.

The radioactive source is chosen to generate a signal outside the region of interest.

For the NaI detectors, typically used source are point sources of  $^{241}\text{Am}$  or  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , with a nominal activity of  $0.002\mu\text{Ci}$  ( $70\text{Bq}$ ) or  $0.2\mu\text{Ci}$  ( $700\text{Bq}$ ), mounted inside the scintillator. The system adjusts the electronic gain to maintain the peak position (generated by the 3 alpha rays of the  $^{241}\text{Am}$  between 5.4 and 5.5 MeV or the  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  gamma ray of 662 keV).

LEA can provide you with specific activities, tolerances and uncertainties : contact us to validate the feasibility of your project.



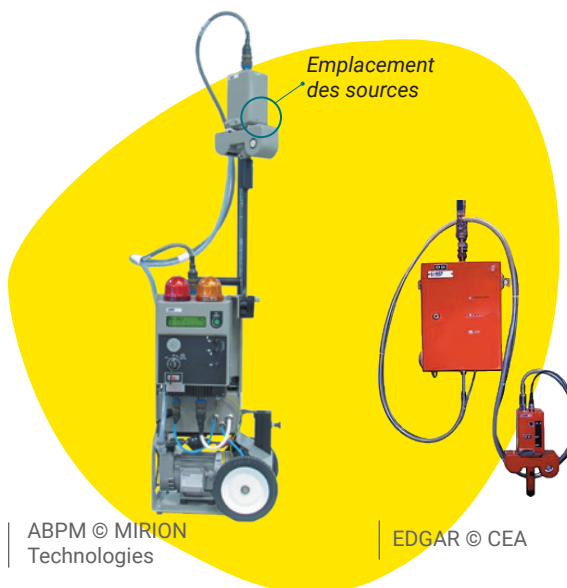
1 SpiR-Id  
© MIRION Technologies

## #03

**Verification of mobile aerosol monitors**

Mobile monitors of atmospheric non-contamination are widely used in nuclear installations in operation during one-off maintenance actions or in dismantling nuclear installations.

Their periodic verification is typically done using  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  or  $^{239}\text{Pu}$  sources of low activity (a few  $\mu\text{Ci}$ ) deposited on a support specially adapted to the measurement geometry of the monitor.



## Exemple #03A

**“Needle sources”  
for ABPM™ type**

The needle sources are periodically inserted into a housing provided for this purpose in the monitor.



Example of needle support on which radionuclides are deposited : rod diameter 0.2x3,1 in (5x80mm) long.

Location of the source

## Exemple #03B

**“Drawer sources”  
for EDGAR type**

Drawer sources are fixed on the monitor and remain permanently in place. In routine operation, the drawer is closed. It is opened when periodic verifications are performed.



Drawer in open position. Position adopted during periodic verifications of the atmospheric contamination monitor.



Drawer in closed position. Position adopted during normal operation of the atmospheric contamination monitor. The tray is retracted, shielding against the flow of alpha particles generated by the source.

## Tailor-made $\alpha$ and $\beta$ sources

### #04

#### Customer specific holder

In practice, samples measured by alpha spectrometry are often deposited in planchets before insertion into the measurement system.

LEA can manufacture sources adapted to your equipment by depositing the radionuclides to planchets of your own supply. The diameter of the active surface can vary from 0.6 in (15mm) to 2.8 in (70 mm) and accommodate all alpha emitters proposed by LEA, for activities ranging from 0.003  $\mu$ Ci (100 Bq) to 0.05  $\mu$ Ci (2 kBq).



1.9 in (47 mm) diameter planchet provided by the customer



1.6 in (40 mm) active diameter source deposited in 1.9 in (47 mm) diameter customer planchet.

### #05

#### Accessories to facilitate daily checks of radiation protection probes

To facilitate checks on radiation protection probes, LEA offers a racket-type source holder / wall support source holder, embedding one or more sources suited to the radiological work environment.

One of the most used source combinations consists of a  $^{239}\text{Pu}$  source of 0.01  $\mu$ Ci (400 Bq) and a  $^{90}\text{Sr}$  source of 0.01  $\mu$ Ci (400 Bq).

Racket-type source holder / wall support are also available for all radionuclides and ESA type sources (see page 16).

Racket-type source holder / wall support can also be delivered with a summary document specifying the operating ranges associated with the radiation protection devices used in the installation.



## #06

**Vérification de balises aérosol fixes type MIRION ICAM™****Exemple #06A**

Atmospheric radiation monitoring systems are used in nuclear installations where there is a risk of internal contamination.

Their periodic verification is typically carried out using sources fixed to a support specially adapted to the measurement geometry of the system.

Non-exhaustive list of radionuclides and available activity range :

- 239Pu, 241Am: 100 Bq to 1 kBq • 14C, 60Co, 90Sr/Y, 137Cs, 147Pm: 500 Bq to 4 kBq

**Exemple #06B**

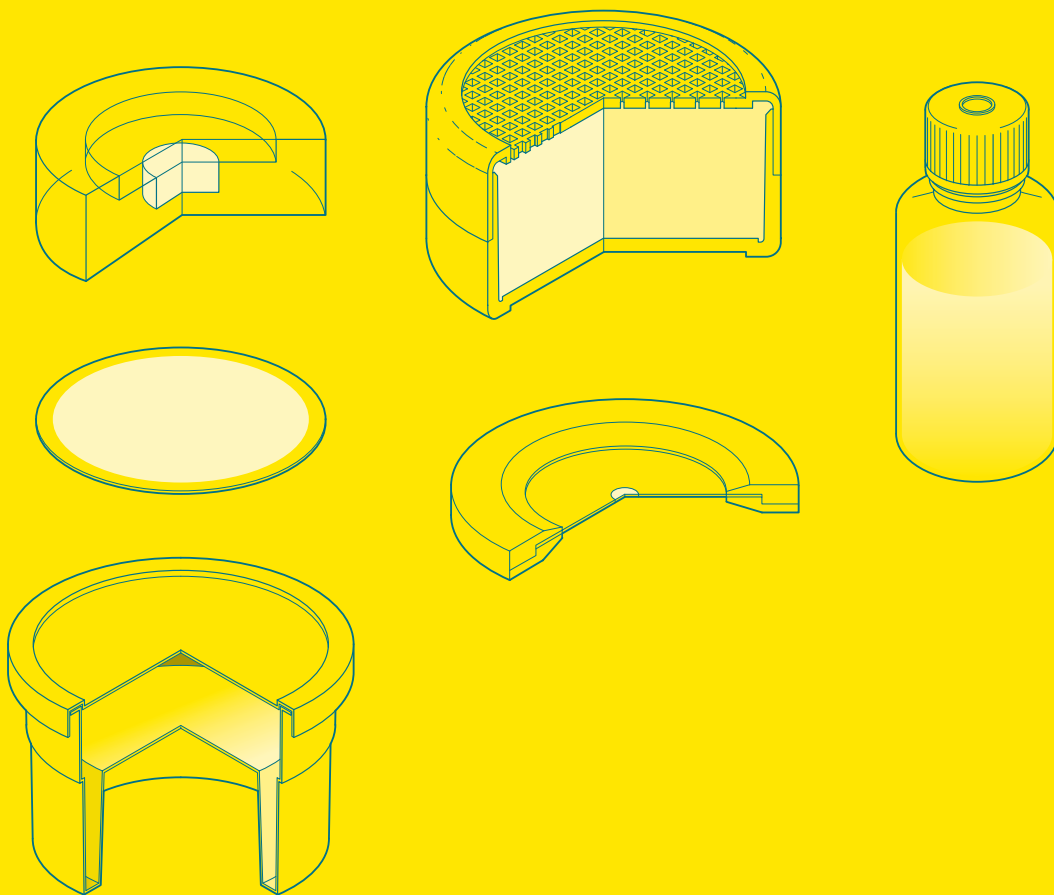
The LEA offers Alpha and Beta sources adapted to the equipment type EAR (Radioactive Aerosol Recorder) of the MGPI range. This new geometry is designed specifically for this equipment. Radionuclides are deposited on an aluminum substrate with a 38 x 28 mm active surface. (same process as our ESA wide area source range).







# X and $\gamma$ solid sources



# Key applications

## X and $\gamma$ sources are mostly used in :

- **Laboratories** : calibrations and metrological verifications of gamma counters or spectrometers (HPGe, CZT, NaI, LaBr) used for environmental or process measurements
- **Radiation protection** : calibrations, functional checks and periodic verifications of radiation protection probes and systems (gas flow detectors or scintillators, exit portals, hand-foot or object controllers, ambient radioactivity monitors...)
- **Training and education** : experimental validation of the gamma flux decrease with several shields or the  $1/d^2$  flux decrease law
- **Security** : functional checks and periodic verifications of portable devices used for identifying radiological threat, performing emergency exercises
- **NDA (Non Destructive Assay) devices** : calibrations, functional checks and periodic verifications of waste radiological characterization devices or on-line process monitoring systems

## Samples' measurement & characterization labs

Examples of gamma measurement chains (detector+ cryostat + shield) used in laboratories



## Waste characterization



Example of automatic gamma measurement chain used for the characterization of radioactive waste.

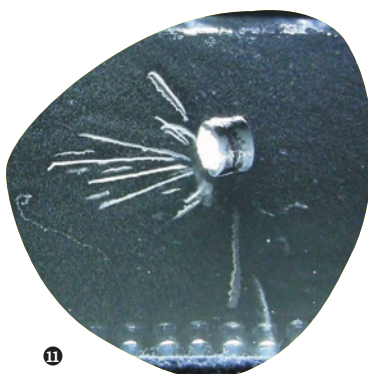


Example of manual mobile gamma measurement chain, used for the measurement of radioactive waste or materials.

## Training and education



CRAB (Beta and gamma radiation counter)



Radioactive source in a cloud chamber

## Detection equipment



Examples of mobile spectrometers, used during dismantling projects or by first responders (fire brigade)



Object controller



Environmental monitoring beacon



Saphygate zone exit gantry

- ① & ② Mobius et ICS/ISC-E © ORTEC
- ③ & ④ © Baltic Scientific Instruments (BSI)
- ⑤ © FLIR systems
- ⑥ & ⑦ © MIRION Technologies
- ⑧ & ⑨ © BERTIN Technologies
- ⑩ © CEA/JEULIN
- ⑪ © Cloudylabs



# EGS point $\gamma$ sources

## Technical Information

Radionuclides are placed between 2 hot-sealed polyester foils approximately 125  $\mu\text{m}$  thick each, then mounted in a plexiglass ring.

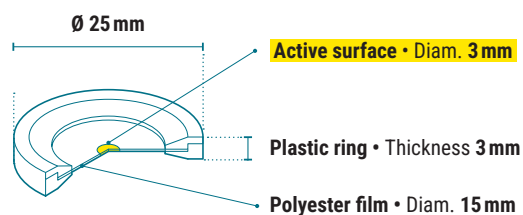
The radiological characteristics of the sources are measured with calibrated NaI scintillators or HPGe semi-conductors.

## Production range

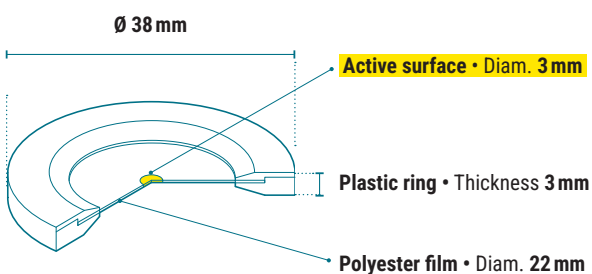
Catalog references	On request
Active diameter	
3 mm	From 3 to 50 mm
External diameter	
25 mm	From 25 to 75 mm
38 mm	
Activity	
4 kBq	From 2 to 1 000 kBq
40 kBq	
400 kBq	
700 kBq	
Radionuclide	
22Na, 51Cr, 54Mn, 57Co, 60Co, 85Sr, 88Y, 133Ba, 137Cs, 152Eu, 241Am, 109Cd, 139Ce, 60Co, 113Sn, 65Zn	110mAg, 139Ce, 51Cr, 134Cs, 59Fe, 54Mn, 113Sn (Non-exhaustive list)

## Standard geometries

### Type A



### Type E



For A and E types, the distance between the active part and the height of the ring is 0.08 in.

Radionuclide	k=2 measurement uncertainty		Reference
	Under COFRAC* accreditation		
241Am***	4 kBq	≤ 3.5%	AM241 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 3.5%	AM241 EGS [Type] 15
133Ba	4 kBq	≤ 2%	BA133 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 2%	BA133 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 2%	BA133 EGS [Type] 20
57Co	4 kBq	≤ 2%	CO57 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 1.9%	CO57 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 1.9%	CO57 EGS [Type] 20
60Co	4 kBq	≤ 2%	CO60 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 1.5%	CO60 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 1.7%	CO60 EGS [Type] 20
51Cr	4 kBq	≤ 3,5%	CR51 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 2%	CR51 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 1.5%	CR51 EGS [Type] 20
137Cs	4 kBq	≤ 2.5%	CS137 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 2%	CS137 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 2%	CS137 EGS [Type] 20
152Eu***	4 kBq	≤ 3%	EU152 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 3%	EU152 EGS [Type] 15
54Mn	4 kBq	≤ 2%	MN54 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 2%	MN54 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 2%	MN54 EGS [Type] 20
22Na	4 kBq	≤ 2%	NA22 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 2%	NA22 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 2%	NA22 EGS [Type] 20
85Sr	4 kBq	≤ 2%	SR85 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 2%	SR85 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 2%	SR85 EGS [Type] 20
88y	4 kBq	≤ 2%	Y88 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 2%	Y88 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 2%	Y88 EGS [Type] 20
12ML01**	30 kBq	[3% ; 6%]	12ML01 EGS [Type] 15

### How to compose the reference?

Replace **[Type]** with the letter **A or E** according to the required geometry.  
For example:  
AM241 EGS A 20.

Standard manufacturing tolerance: ± 30%  
IAEA Category : 5  
ISO2919 Classification : C11111

\* Scope N°2-6386 available on  
[www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

\*\* The 12ML01 mixture – <sup>241</sup>Am, <sup>109</sup>Cd, <sup>139</sup>Ce, <sup>57</sup>Co, <sup>60</sup>Co, <sup>51</sup>Cr, <sup>137</sup>Cs, <sup>113</sup>Sn, <sup>54</sup>Mn, <sup>65</sup>Zn, <sup>85</sup>Sr, <sup>88</sup>Y – generates around 15 peaks over an energy range from 60 keV to 1836 keV. The quantity of each radionuclide is chosen so that the counting rates of the main peak of each radionuclide are the same order of magnitude. See section on tailor-made gamma sources for additional information on the 12ML01 mixture and on the other mixes available. Other geometries are available on request.

\*\*\* Recommended use time 5 years for EGSA/E20 geometry (400kBq), only for radionuclides: <sup>241</sup>Am and <sup>152</sup>Eu.



### Kits

EGS A sources are also available in kits containing 9 sources of 0.11μCi (4kBq), 1.1μCi (40kBq), 11μCi (400kBq), 19μCi (700kBq): <sup>241</sup>Am, <sup>57</sup>Co, <sup>60</sup>Co, <sup>51</sup>Cr, <sup>137</sup>Cs, <sup>54</sup>Mn, <sup>22</sup>Na, <sup>85</sup>Sr, <sup>88</sup>Y. Other activities are available on request.

# EGS point $\gamma$ sources

## Technical Information

Radionuclides are deposited in the cavity of a rigid and leaktight plexiglass cylinder. The cavity is sealed with a plexiglass cap.

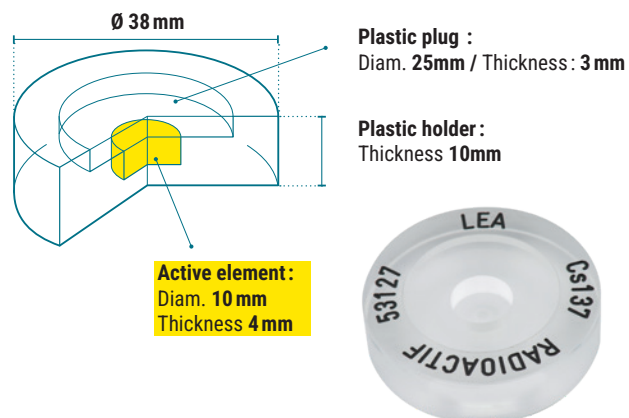
The radiological characteristics of the sources are measured with calibrated NaI scintillators, HPGe semi-conductors or ionization chambers.

## Production range

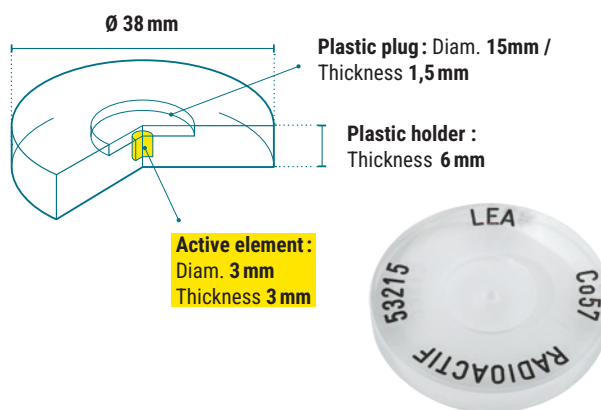
Catalog references	On request
Active diameter	
3 mm	From 3 to 50 mm
10 mm	
External diameter	
38 mm	From 25 to 75 mm
Activity	
4 kBq	From 2 to 10 MBq
40 kBq	
400 kBq	
1 500 kBq	
3 500 kBq	
Radionuclide	
$^{60}\text{Co}$ , $^{133}\text{Ba}$ , $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , $^{152}\text{Eu}$ , $^{241}\text{Am}$	$^{110\text{m}}\text{Ag}$ , $^{139}\text{Ce}$ , $^{51}\text{Cr}$ , $^{134}\text{Cs}$ , $^{59}\text{Fe}$ , $^{54}\text{Mn}$ , $^{113}\text{Sn}$ (Liste non exhaustive)

## Standard geometries

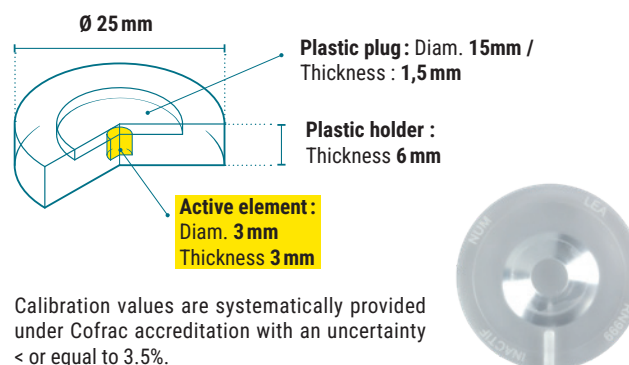
### Type B



### Type V



### Type HCO



Calibration values are systematically provided under Cofrac accreditation with an uncertainty < or equal to 3.5%.

Radionuclide	Activity	k=2 measurement uncertainty	Reference
	Under COFRAC* accreditation (HCO or on demand geometry for types B and V)		
<sup>241</sup> Am	4 kBq	≤ 5%*	AM241 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 5%*	AM241 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 5%*	AM241 EGS [Type] 20
<sup>133</sup> Ba	4 kBq	≤ 5%*	BA133 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 5%*	BA133 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 5%*	BA133 EGS [Type] 20
	1 500 kBq	≤ 5%*	BA133 EGS [Type] 30
	3 500 kBq	≤ 5%*	BA133 EGS [Type] 40
<sup>57</sup> Co	4 kBq	≤ 5%*	C057 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 5%*	C057 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 5%*	C057 EGS [Type] 20
	1 500 kBq	≤ 5%*	C057 EGS [Type] 30
	3 500 kBq	≤ 5%*	C057 EGS [Type] 40
<sup>60</sup> Co	4 kBq	≤ 5%*	C060 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 5%*	C060 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 5%*	C060 EGS [Type] 20
	1 500 kBq	≤ 5%*	C060 EGS [Type] 30
	3 500 kBq	≤ 5%*	C060 EGS [Type] 40
<sup>137</sup> Cs	4 kBq	≤ 5%*	CS137 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 5%*	CS137 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 5%*	CS137 EGS [Type] 20
	1 500 kBq	≤ 5%*	CS137 EGS [Type] 30
	3 500 kBq	≤ 5%*	CS137 EGS [Type] 40
<sup>152</sup> Eu	4 kBq	≤ 5%*	EU152 EGS [Type] 10
	40 kBq	≤ 5%*	EU152 EGS [Type] 15
	400 kBq	≤ 5%*	EU152 EGS [Type] 20
	1 500 kBq	≤ 5%*	EU152 EGS [Type] 30
	3 500 kBq	≤ 5%*	EU152 EGS [Type] 40

Standard manufacturing tolerance: ± 30%  
IAEA Category : 5 • ISO2919 Classification : C22212

\* The calibration of sources can be performed on request, according to COFRAC\*\* accredited protocols. The measurement uncertainties at k=2 are lower than or equal to 3%.

\*\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

### How to compose the reference ?

Replace **[Type]** with the letter **B or V** according to the required geometry. For example :

**CS137 EGS B 40.**



# EGSK $\gamma$ capsule sources

## Technical Information

Radiology ambient measurement monitors can use a capsule-type radioactive source to ensure continuous system non-derogation. The LEA produces this type of source, adding a thread for integration into the measurement equipment (see model EGSKM3 or M4).

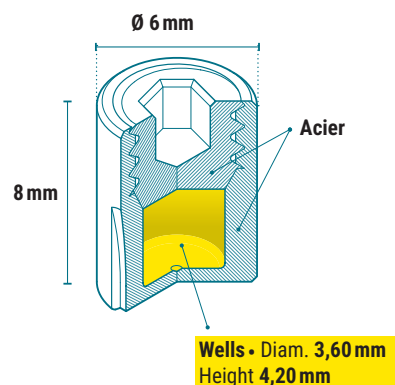
The most requested sources contain 50kBq, 200kBq or 900kBq of  $^{241}\text{Am}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ ,  $^{60}\text{Co}$ . The activity and radionuclides can be adapted to the final need.

## Production range

Catalog references	On request
Active diameter	
3 mm	From 3 to 50 mm
10 mm	
External diameter	
38 mm	From 25 to 75 mm
Activity	
4 kBq	From 2 to 10 MBq
40 kBq	
400 kBq	
1 500 kBq	
3 500 kBq	
Radionuclide	
$^{57}\text{Co}$ , $^{133}\text{Ba}$ , $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , $^{152}\text{Eu}$ , $^{241}\text{Am}$	-

## Standard geometry

### Type K

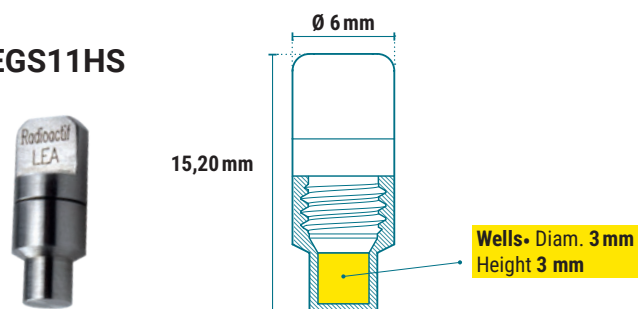


## Other capsules available

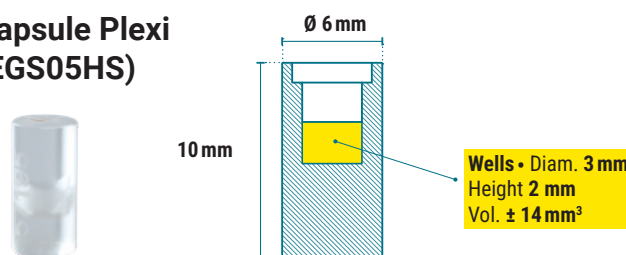
### EGSKM3 ou EGSKM4



### EGS11HS



### Capsule Plexi (EGS05HS)



Radionuclide	Activity	Reference
$^{133}\text{Ba}$	40 kBq	BA133 EGS K 15N
	400 kBq	BA133 EGS K 20N
	1 500 kBq	BA133 EGS K 30N
	3 500 kBq	BA133 EGS K 40N
$^{57}\text{Co}$	40 kBq	C057 EGS K 15N
	400 kBq	C057 EGS K 20N
	1 500 kBq	C057 EGS K 30N
	3 500 kBq	C057 EGS K 40N
	7,4 MBq	C057 EGS K 80N
$^{60}\text{Co}$	40 kBq	C060 EGS K 15N
	400 kBq	C060 EGS K 20N
	1 500 kBq	C060 EGS K 30N
	3 500 kBq	C060 EGS K 40N
$^{137}\text{Cs}$	40 kBq	CS137 EGS K 15N
	400 kBq	CS137 EGS K 20N
	1 500 kBq	CS137 EGS K 30N
	3 500 kBq	CS137 EGS K 40 N
$^{152}\text{Eu}$	40 kBq	EU152 EGS K 15N
	400 kBq	EU152 EGS K 20N
	1 500 kBq	EU152 EGS K 30N
	3 500 kBq	EU152 EGS K 40N
$^{241}\text{Am}$	40 kBq	AM241 EGS K 15N

Manufacturing tolerance :  $\pm 15\%$

Sources can be provided with a calibration certificate.

IAEA Category : 5 – ISO 2919 Classification : C22212.

# EXS point X sources

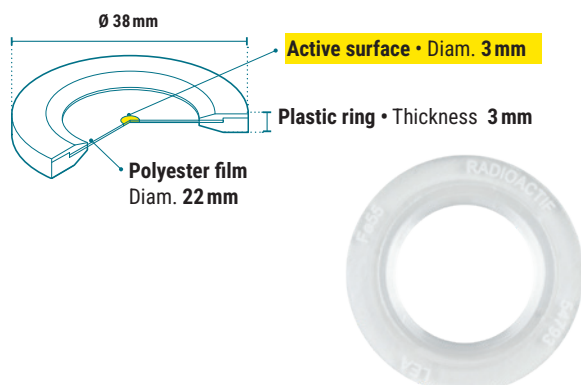
## Technical Information

Radionuclides are placed between 2 hot-sealed polyester foils approximately 75  $\mu\text{m}$  thick each, then mounted in a plexiglass ring.

The radiological characteristics of the sources are measured with calibrated NaI scintillators or HPGe semi-conductors.

## Standard geometry

### Type B



The distance between the active part and the height of the ring is 0.8 in

## Production range

Catalog references	On request
<b>Active diameter</b>	
3 mm	-
<b>External diameter</b>	
38 mm	From 25 to 75 mm
<b>4<math>\pi</math> sr flux</b>	
16 000 X.s <sup>-1</sup>	-
<b>Radionuclide</b>	
<sup>55</sup> Fe, <sup>109</sup> Cd	-

Radionuclide	4 $\pi$ sr X flux	k=2 measurement uncertainty	Equivalent activity	Reference
Under COFRAC* accreditation				
<sup>109</sup> Cd	16 000 X.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 5%	15.7 kBq	CD109 EXS B 10
<sup>55</sup> Fe	16 000 X.s <sup>-1</sup>	≤ 5%	56.3 kBq	FE55 EXS B 10

Standard manufacturing tolerance:  $\pm 30\%$   
IAEA Category : 5 • ISO2919 Classification : C11111

\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

# EGE $\gamma$ sources in vegetable matrix

## Technical Information

Our vegetable matrix is made with dry and crushed plants. Radionuclides are mixed in the volume of the matrix.

The whole is put in a standard container or in a container adapted to your needs.

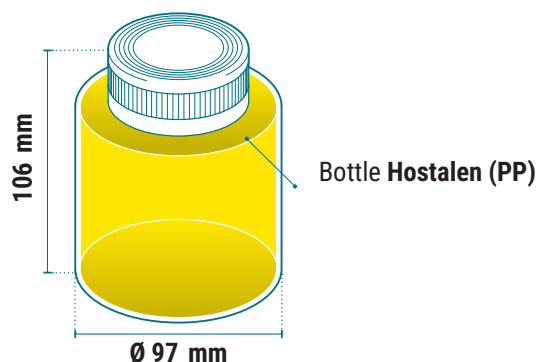
Source activity is measured with NaI scintillators or HPGe semi-conductors.

## Standard geometry

**SG500N Type V**

Useful volume **500 cm<sup>3</sup>**

Resin mass **100 g**



## Production range

Catalog references	On request
<b>Activity</b>	
1 kBq	From 1 to 100 kBq
<b>Radionuclide</b>	
Mix 12ML01	<sup>241</sup> Am, <sup>109</sup> Cd, <sup>139</sup> Ce, <sup>57</sup> Co, <sup>60</sup> Co, <sup>51</sup> Cr, <sup>137</sup> Cs, <sup>113</sup> Sn, <sup>54</sup> Mn, <sup>22</sup> Na, <sup>85</sup> Sr, <sup>88</sup> Y (Non-exhaustive list)

Radionuclide	Activity	k=2 measurement uncertainty	Reference
12ML01*	1 kBq	[ 8% ; 8,5% ]	12ML01 EGE V 1KBQ

Standard manufacturing tolerance:  $\pm 30\%$  • IAEA Category: 5 • ISO2919 Classification : C11111

\* The 12ML01 mixture – <sup>241</sup>Am, <sup>109</sup>Cd, <sup>139</sup>Ce, <sup>57</sup>Co, <sup>60</sup>Co, <sup>51</sup>Cr, <sup>137</sup>Cs, <sup>113</sup>Sn, <sup>54</sup>Mn, <sup>65</sup>Zn, <sup>85</sup>Sr, <sup>88</sup>Y – generates around 15 peaks over an energy range from 60 keV to 1836 keV. The quantity of each radionuclide is chosen so that the counting rates of the main peak of each radionuclide are the same order of magnitude. See section on tailor-made gamma sources for additional information on the 12ML01 mixture and on the other mixes available. Other geometries are available on request.

# EGR $\gamma$ sources in resin matrix

## Technical Information

Radionuclides are incorporated into a thermosetting resin, which is then poured into container.

Our resin sources are sealed sources and are characterized by water equivalent activity, to avoid risks and constraints associated with liquid sources.

The radiological characteristics of the sources are measured with calibrated NaI scintillators or HPGe semi-conductors.

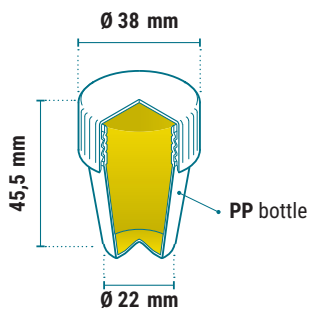
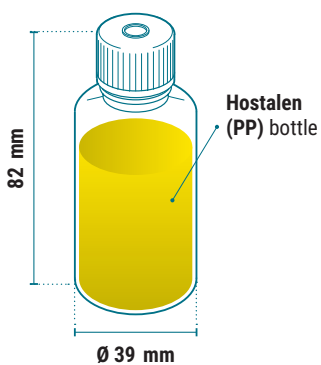
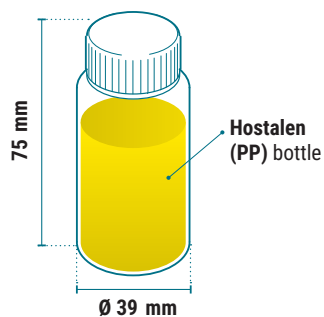
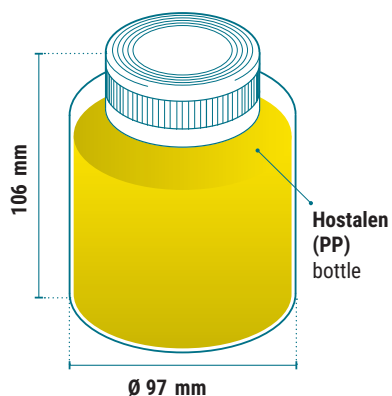
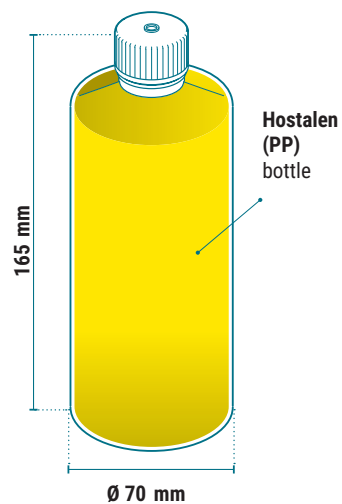
## Production range

Catalog references	On request
<b>Container</b>	
15 ml 50 ml 250 ml 450 ml 500 ml 1 000 ml 3 000 ml	Any type of container with a volume between 10 ml and 3 000 ml
<b>Activity</b>	
5 kBq 18 kBq 37 kBq 55 kBq 74 kBq	From 0.1 kBq to 900 kBq
<b>Radionuclide</b>	
$^{133}\text{Ba}$ , $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , $^{152}\text{Eu}$ , Mix 12ML01	$^{51}\text{Cr}$ , $^{54}\text{Mn}$ , $^{57}\text{Co}$ , $^{60}\text{Co}$ , $^{65}\text{Zn}$ , $^{85}\text{Sr}$ , $^{88}\text{Y}$ , $^{109}\text{Cd}$ , $^{113}\text{Sn}$ , $^{134}\text{Cs}$ , $^{139}\text{Ce}$ , $^{241}\text{Am}$





## Plastic bottles

**Type R****SG15**Useful volume 15 cm<sup>3</sup>**Type F**Useful volume 50 cm<sup>3</sup>**Type E****SG50**Useful volume 50 cm<sup>3</sup>**Type H****SG500**Useful volume 500 cm<sup>3</sup>**Type G**Useful volume 500 cm<sup>3</sup>

Type R



Type E



Type F



Type H

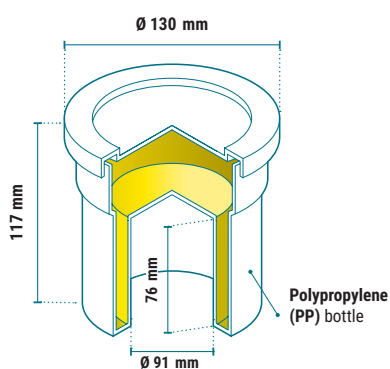


Type G

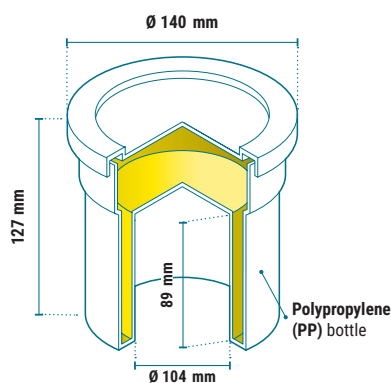
## Géométries Marinelli

**Type B****590G-E**Useful volume 500 cm<sup>3</sup>

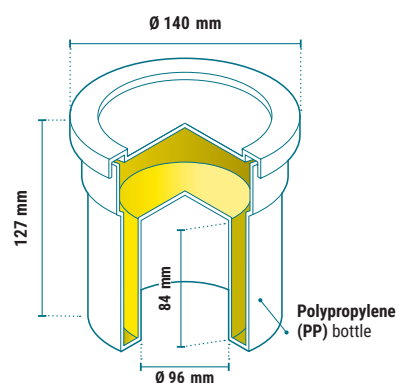
Resin mass 575 g

**Type C****541G-E**Useful volume 500 cm<sup>3</sup>

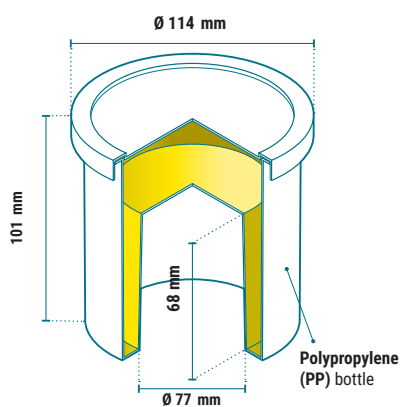
Resin mass 575 g

**Type D****538G-E**Useful volume 500 cm<sup>3</sup>

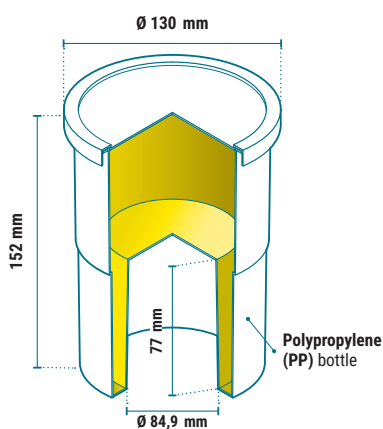
Resin mass 575 g

**Type I**Useful volume 450 cm<sup>3</sup>

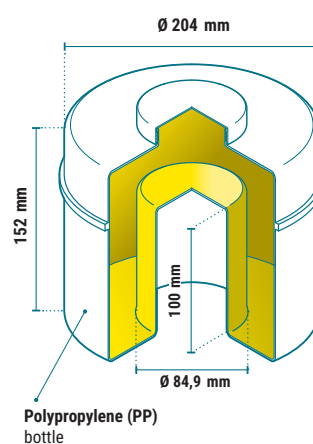
Resin mass 518 g

**Type K**Useful volume 1000 cm<sup>3</sup>

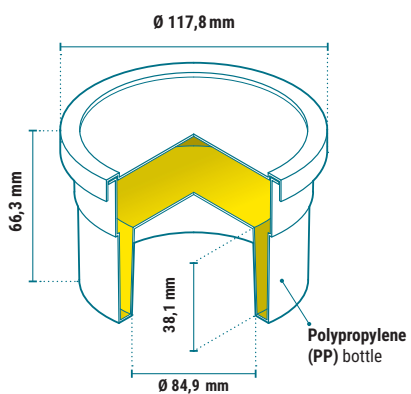
Resin mass 1150 g

**Type L****SG3000**Useful volume 3000 cm<sup>3</sup>

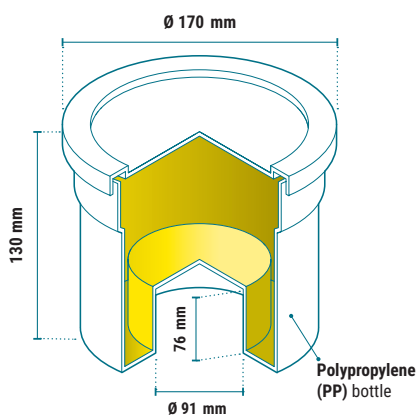
Resin mass 3450 g

**Type M**Useful volume 250 cm<sup>3</sup>

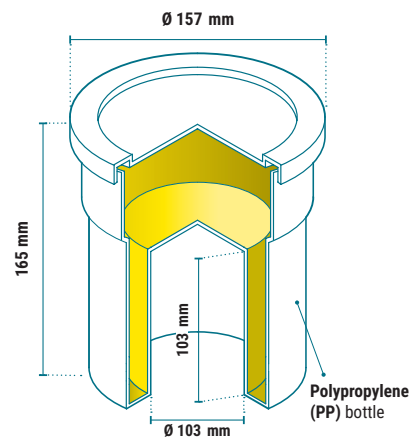
Resin mass 287 g

**Type N****190G-E**Useful volume 1000 cm<sup>3</sup>

Resin mass 1150 g

**Type P****141G-E**Useful volume 1000 cm<sup>3</sup>

Resin mass 1150 g





Radionuclide	Water equivalent activity	k=2 measurement uncertainty	Reference
	Under COFRAC* accreditation		
$^{152}\text{Eu}$	37 kBq	$\leq 5\%$	EU152 EGR [Type] 15
$^{133}\text{Ba}$	37 kBq	$\leq 5\%$	BA133 EGR [Type] 15
$^{137}\text{Cs}$	37 kBq	$\leq 5\%$	CS137 EGR [Type] 15
12ML01**	5 kBq	[ 3,0 à 6,5 % ]	12ML01 EGR [Type] 05
	18 kBq	[ 3,0 à 6,5 % ]	12ML01 EGR [Type] 10
	37 kBq	[ 3,0 à 6,5 % ]	12ML01 EGR [Type] 15
	55 kBq	[ 3,0 à 6,5 % ]	12ML01 EGR [Type] 20
	74 kBq	[ 3,0 à 6,5 % ]	12ML01 EGR [Type] 30

Standard manufacturing tolerance:  $\pm 30\%$

IAEA Category : 5 • ISO2919 Classification: C11111

\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

\*\* The 12ML01 mixture –  $^{241}\text{Am}$ ,  $^{109}\text{Cd}$ ,  $^{139}\text{Ce}$ ,  $^{57}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{60}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{51}\text{Cr}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ ,  $^{113}\text{Sn}$ ,  $^{54}\text{Mn}$ ,  $^{65}\text{Zn}$ ,  $^{85}\text{Sr}$ ,  $^{88}\text{Y}$  – generates around 15 peaks over an energy range from 60 keV to 1836 keV. The quantity of each radionuclide is chosen so that the counting rates of the main peak of each radionuclide are the same order of magnitude. See section on tailor-made gamma sources for additional information on the 12ML01 mixture and on the other mixes available. Other geometries are available on request.

### How to compose the reference ?

Replace [Type] with the letter **E, F, G, H, I, K, L, M or R** according to the required geometry.

For example: **BA133 EGR E 15**.

# EDC $\gamma$ sources in charcoal filter cartridges

## Technical Information

Our active charcoal can be impregnated in two ways :

- Surface impregnation, a radioactive disk is placed in contact with one of the inside surfaces of the housing to simulate surface contamination (E geometry)
- Pore volume impregnation, the activated charcoal is homogeneously impregnated (D geometry)

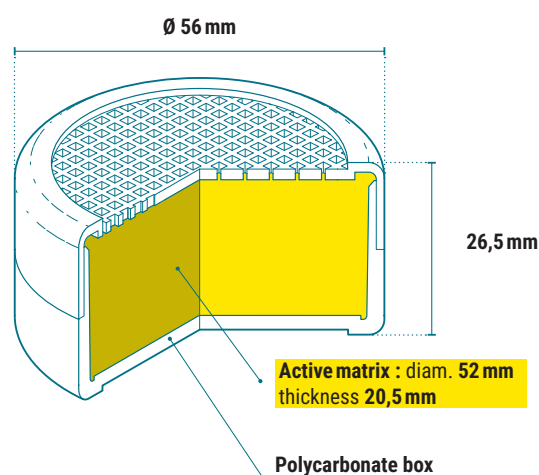
Source activity is measured with calibrated NaI scintillators or HPGe semi-conductors.

## Production range

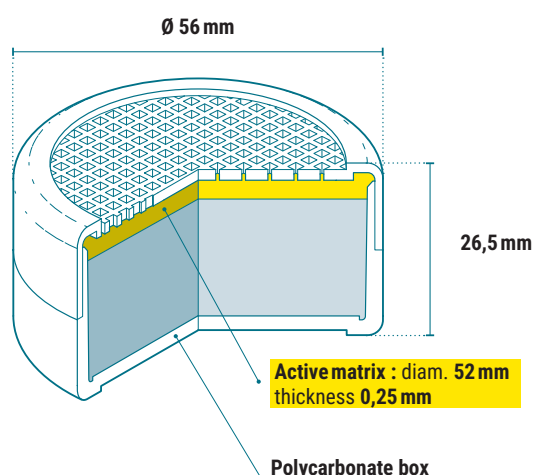
Catalog references	On request
<b>Container</b>	
Cartridge of useful volume 44 cm <sup>3</sup>	Any volume of activated charcoal
<b>Activity</b>	
4 kBq	From 1 to 900 kBq
<b>Radionuclide</b>	
<sup>133</sup> Ba, <sup>137</sup> Cs, <sup>152</sup> Eu, Mix 12ML01	<sup>51</sup> Cr, <sup>54</sup> Mn, <sup>57</sup> Co, <sup>60</sup> Co, <sup>65</sup> Zn, <sup>85</sup> Sr, <sup>88</sup> Y, <sup>109</sup> Cd, <sup>113</sup> Sn, <sup>139</sup> Ce, <sup>241</sup> Am

## Standard geometries

### Type D



### Type E



Radionuclide	Activity	k=2 measurement uncertainty	Reference
$^{133}\text{Ba}$	4 kBq	$\leq 10\%$	BA133 EDC D 10
	4 kBq	$\leq 10\%$	BA133 EDC E 10
$^{137}\text{Cs}$	4 kBq	$\leq 10\%$	CS137 EDC D 10
	4 kBq	$\leq 10\%$	CS137 EDC E 10
$^{152}\text{Eu}$	4 kBq	$\leq 10\%$	EU152 EDC D 10
	4 kBq	$\leq 10\%$	EU152 EDC E 10
12ML01*	18,5 kBq	$\leq 10\%$	12ML01 EDC D 11
	18,5 kBq	$\leq 10\%$	12ML01 EDC E 11

Standard manufacturing tolerance:  $\pm 30\%$

IAEA Category : 5 • ISO2919 Classification : C11111

\* The 12ML01 mixture –  $^{241}\text{Am}$ ,  $^{109}\text{Cd}$ ,  $^{139}\text{Ce}$ ,  $^{57}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{60}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{51}\text{Cr}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ ,  $^{113}\text{Sn}$ ,  $^{54}\text{Mn}$ ,  $^{65}\text{Zn}$ ,  $^{85}\text{Sr}$ ,  $^{88}\text{Y}$  – generates around 15 peaks over an energy range from 60 keV to 1836 keV. The quantity of each radionuclide is chosen so that the counting rates of the main peak of each radionuclide are the same order of magnitude. See section on tailor-made gamma sources for additional information on the 12ML01 mixture and on the other mixes available. Other geometries are available on request.



Germanium Detector



# ESB $\gamma$ sources in paper matrix

## Technical Information

Radionuclides are deposited on a filter paper, which is then hot-sealed between two thin polyester foils. Source activity is measured with NaI scintillators or HPGe semi-conductors.

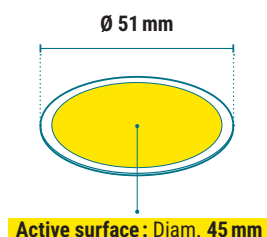


## Production range

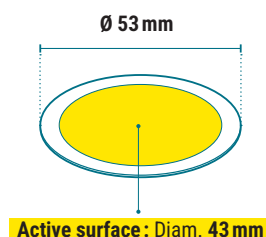
Catalog references	On request
Active diameter	
43 mm	From 15 to 160 mm
45 mm	
47 mm	
50 mm	
53 mm	
60 mm	
120 mm	
External diameter	
51 mm	From 20 to 170 mm
53 mm	
60 mm	
63 mm	
70 mm	
130 mm	
Activity	
10 kBq	From 1 to 900 kBq
20 kBq	
40 kBq	
Radionuclide	
Mix 12ML01*	51Cr, 54Mn, 57Co, 60Co, 65Zn, 85Sr, 88Y, 109Cd, 113Sn, 134Cs, 139Ce, 241Am

## Standard geometries

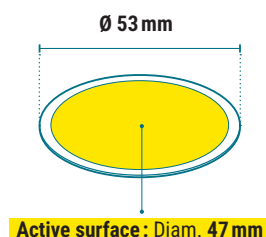
### Type M45-51



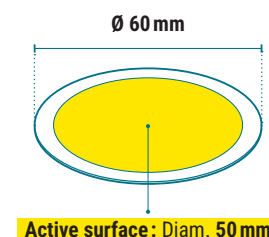
### Type M43



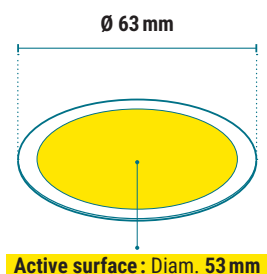
### Type M47-53



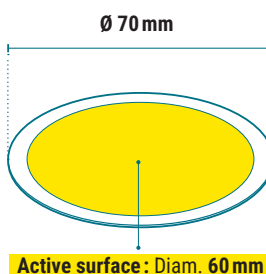
### Type M50



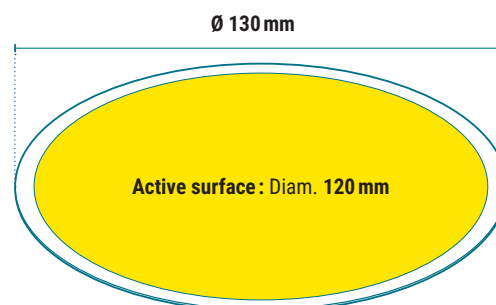
### Type M53



### Type M60



### Type M120



Radionuclide	Activity	k=2 measurement uncertainty	Reference
12ML01*	10 kBq	≤ 10%	12ML01 ESB [Type] [10KBQ]
	20 kBq	≤ 10%	12ML01 ESB [Type] [20KBQ]
	40 kBq	≤ 10%	12ML01 ESB [Type] [40KBQ]

Standard manufacturing tolerance: ± 30% • IAEA Category: 5 • ISO2919 Classification: C11111

\* The 12ML01 mixture – <sup>241</sup>Am, <sup>109</sup>Cd, <sup>139</sup>Ce, <sup>57</sup>Co, <sup>60</sup>Co, <sup>51</sup>Cr, <sup>137</sup>Cs, <sup>113</sup>Sn, <sup>54</sup>Mn, <sup>65</sup>Zn, <sup>85</sup>Sr, <sup>88</sup>Y – generates around 15 peaks over an energy range from 60 keV to 1836 keV. The quantity of each radionuclide is chosen so that the counting rates of the main peak of each radionuclide are the same order of magnitude. See section on tailor-made gamma sources for additional information on the 12ML01 mixture and on the other mixes available.

### How to compose the reference?

Replace **[Type]** with the codes **M43, M50, M53, M60, M120, M45-51 or M47-53** according to the required geometry. For example:  
**12ML01 ESB M47-53 [10KBQ].**

## Tailor-made X and $\gamma$ sources

LEA can adapt on request the activity and the geometry of catalog sources to specific needs. **Here are seven examples.**

# #01

### Multigamma Sources

Multi gamma sources (gamma sources composed of several gamma emitting radionuclides) are mostly used for gamma spectrometry measurement purposes in laboratories. Their purpose is to calibrate the measurement chains over an energy range whose limits depend on their end use.

The most versatile gamma mixture is the 12ML01 mix. The 12ML01 mix generates around 15 peaks over an energy range from 60 keV to 1836 keV. The quantity of each radionuclide is chosen so that the counting rates of the main peak of each radionuclide are of the same order of magnitude.

The 12ML01 mixture can be used with all the previous geometries, such as :

- Point Sources
- Resin Matrix
- Charcoal filter cartridges
- Vegetable Matrix
- Paper Matrix



## Composition of the mixture

12ML01 60 keV – 1 836 keV

Radionuclides	Main rays	% in activity (indicatif)	Emission spectrum
$^{51}\text{Cr}$	320 keV	22,1%	
$^{54}\text{Mn}$	835 keV	5,8%	
$^{57}\text{Co}$	122 keV 137 keV	1,1%	
$^{60}\text{Co}$	1 173 keV 1 333 keV	8,2%	
$^{65}\text{Zn}$	1 116 keV	16,5%	
$^{85}\text{Sr}$	514 keV	3,7%	
$^{88}\text{Y}$	898 keV 1 836 keV	6,9%	
$^{109}\text{Cd}$	88 keV	22,4%	
$^{113}\text{Sn}$	392 keV	4,1%	
$^{137}\text{Cs}$	662 keV	5,6%	
$^{139}\text{Ce}$	166 keV	1,4%	
$^{241}\text{Am}$	60 keV	2,2%	

Any other mix of  $^{241}\text{Am}$ ,  $^{133}\text{Ba}$ ,  $^{60}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  and  $^{152}\text{Eu}$  can be produced on request for specific activities.

## Example of other mixes

Radionuclides	Main rays (keV)	Mix code							
		2ML01	2ML02	2ML04	3ML01	3ML02	3ML07	3ML09	5ML02
$^{241}\text{Am}$	60	-	-	•		•	•	-	•
$^{133}\text{Ba}$	81 - 303 - 356	-	•	-	•	-	-	-	•
$^{60}\text{Co}$	1173 - 1332	•	-	-	•	•	-	•	•
$^{137}\text{Cs}$	662	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•
$^{152}\text{Eu}$	122 - 244 - 344 - 779 - 867 - 964 - 1408	-	-	•	-	-	•	•	•

## Tailor-made X and $\gamma$ sources

### #02

#### Capsules for radiological ambient measurement monitors

Radiological ambient measurement monitors can use a capsule type radioactive source in order to continuously ensure the stability of the system. LEA produces this type of source with an added thread for incorporation on the measuring equipment.

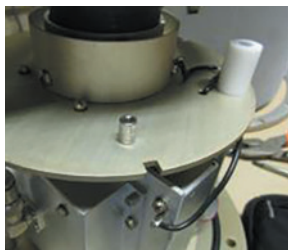
The most requested sources contain  $1.4\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (50 kBq),  $5.4\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (200 kBq),  $10\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (370 kBq) or  $24\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (900 kBq) of  $^{241}\text{Am}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ ,  $^{60}\text{Co}$ . The activity and the radionuclides can be adapted according to the final requirements.



Capsule sources with M3 or M4 thread.



Example of measuring equipment using capsule source



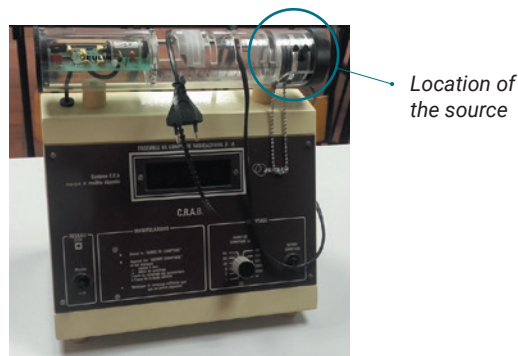
Measuring equipment with casings removed to see the control source

### #03

#### Physical protection of sources

LEA can adapt the geometry of its sources for physical protection purposes. For example for the installation of an anti-theft device.

Example in teaching: Beta and Gamma Radiation Counter uses a radioactive source which, for safety purposes, is attached to the system by a chain. The chain is screwed directly onto the radioactive source, via an M3 thread.



Picture of a Beta and Gamma Radiation Counter. The source, disc type, can be identified by the radioactive trefoil and the chain.



Source used in the Beta and Gamma Radiation Counter



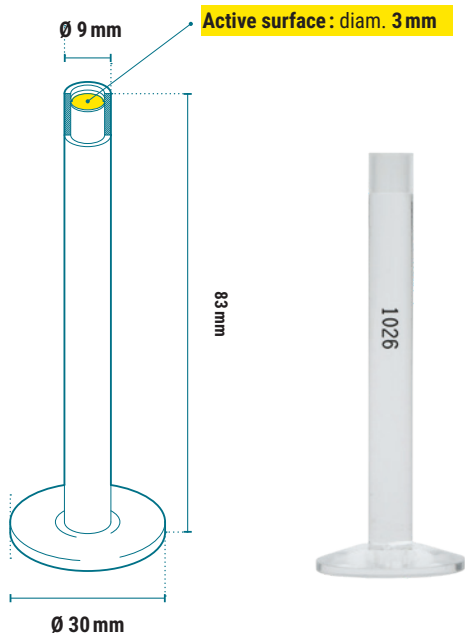
## #04

**Specific source holders**

LEA can design and produce tailor-made source holders, such as :

- source holders adapted to the verification of well detectors used by environmental analysis laboratories or the verification of dose calibrators used in nuclear medicine
- source holders with threads to be screwed onto customer equipment.

All the gamma emitter radionuclides offered in our catalog references can be mounted on specific source holders.



Point Source mounted on rod, specially adapted for well detectors. EGS D reference

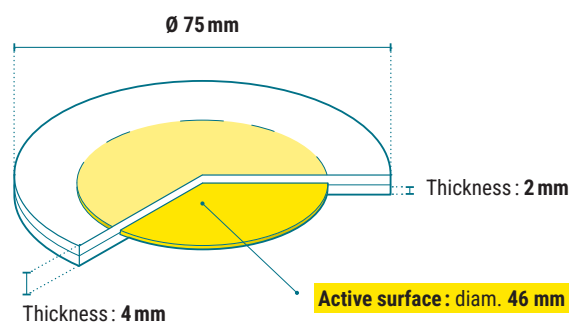
## #05

**Wide area gamma sources**

Our flexible manufacturing process enables us to produce wide area gamma sources with active diameters of several centimeters, for all gamma emitting radionuclides offered by LEA.



CO60 EGS C source

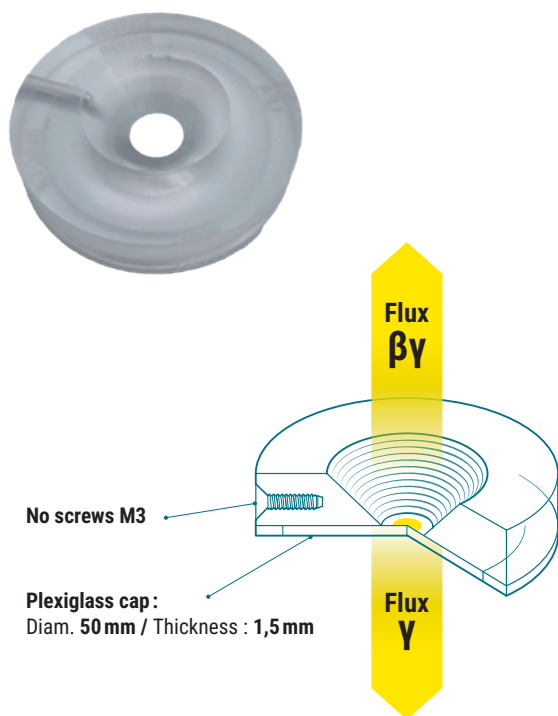


## Tailor-made X and $\gamma$ sources

### #06

#### "bifaced"sources

The LEA has designed a two-sided source so that a beta/gamma flux emerges from one side and only the gamma flux emerges from the other. The conical output maximizes the beta outflow, simulating a solid detection angle. Initially planned for  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , it can be modified for  $^{60}\text{Co}$ , or another beta/gamma emitter.



### #07

#### Customer specific formats

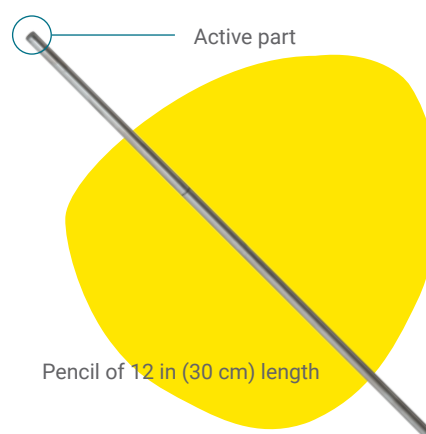
Exemple #07A

#### Pencil-type sources

In order to reduce the radiological exposure or to insert the source inside a well or a small cavity, pencil-type sources are an ideal solution.

Pencil-type sources offered by LEA (reference EGS03HS) have a diameter of 0.2 in (5 mm), for a total length of 4 in (10 cm) or 12 in (30 cm). The radionuclide ( $^{137}\text{Cs}$  in that example), is deposited inside the cap which is, then, sealed with the pencil.

The size of the pencils (diameter and length), as well as radionuclides and their activity are adaptable as required.



## Exemple #07B

**Filiform sources**

Filiform sources consist of thermosetting resins in which the radionuclides are mixed. Resins are then inserted into a sealed container, guaranteeing the seal of the whole in a stainless steel or plastic container.

**Most requested radionuclides :** Mixture 3ML01 (60Co, 133Ba, 137Cs), 57Co, 60Co, 137Cs, 152Eu, 241Am

**Most requested activities :** 5.4  $\mu$ Ci (200 kBq), 21.6  $\mu$ Ci (800 kBq), 27  $\mu$ Ci (1 MBq), 81.1  $\mu$ Ci (3 MBq).

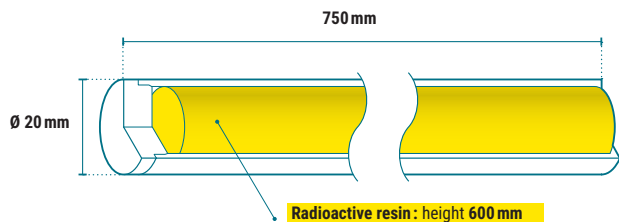
We can produce sources with all gamma emitters and mixtures of gamma emitters offered by LEA, for activities ranging from 1.1  $\mu$ Ci (40 kBq) to 1.1 mCi (40 MBq).



Filiform sources wire sources/ plastic wire sources

**Example of utilization of filiform sources : calibration and control of measuring system for radioactive waste drums**

Filiform sources 29.5 in (75 cm) long by 0.8 in (2 cm) in diameter containing a radioactive resin 23.6 in (60 cm) long. Ideal for the measurement of radioactive waste drums such as 200 liter I 55 gallon oil drums ( $\approx$ 31.5 in [80 cm] high by 23.6 in [60 cm] in diameter).



Example of 200 litre / 55 gallon radioactive waste drum © LEA

Example of an insertion guide © LEA

Filiform source for radioactive waste drums



Filiform sources

Insertion guide

## Tailor-made X and $\gamma$ sources

# #08

### Calibration and control of whole-body counting systems

Exemple #08A

#### Source for phantom IGOR™

IGOR™ whole-body phantoms ranging from 88.2 lbs to 242.6 lbs contain up to 130 polyethylene blocks of different sizes, simulating different body builds from 26.5 lbs to 242.5 lbs. About 260 sources are needed to reproduce a homogeneous whole-body source term, simulating blood contamination.

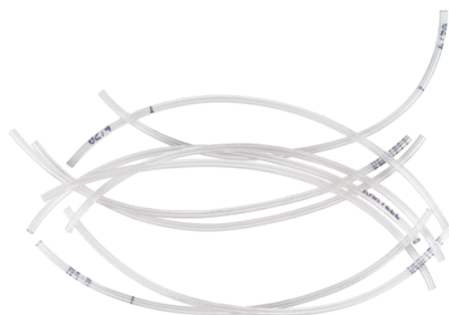
**Most requested radionuclides:**  $^{57}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{60}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ ,  $^{152}\text{Eu}$ ,  $^{133}\text{Ba}$ ,  $^{241}\text{Am}$ , alone or mixed (references 2ML01 or 3ML01).

**Most requested activities:**  $0.003\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (100 Bq),  $0.005\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (200 Bq),  $0.01\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (500 Bq),  $0.03\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (1 kBq),  $0.04\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (1.5 kBq).

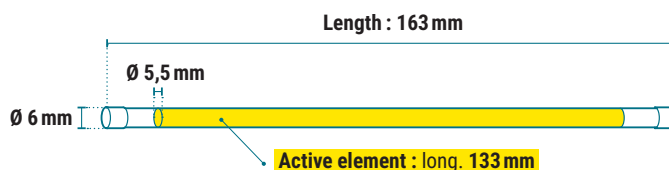
LEA can produce sources with all gamma emitters and mixtures of gamma emitters for other activity levels.



Fantôme IGOR™ ©  
RADEK



Fillform source for IGOR™ phantom. EGRO reference



Under COFRAC accréditation : Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request

Le LEA est titulaire de la licence IRSN.



Carrying case IGOR™

## Exemple #08B

**Sources for phantom RMC II, ACCUSCAN™ and FASTSCAN™**

RMC II phantoms are designed for ACCUSCAN™ and FASTSCAN™ whole body counters.

RMC II phantoms simulate the binding of radionuclides in the thyroid, lungs, gastrointestinal system or the whole body, using 1 to 4 radioactive sources inserted in the appropriate slot.

**Most requested radionuclides :**  $^{57}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{60}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ ,  $^{152}\text{Eu}$ , alone or mixed (references 2ML01 or 3ML01).

**Most requested activities :**  $0.003\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (100 Bq),  $0.005\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (200 Bq),  $0.01\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (500 Bq),  $0.03\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (1 kBq),  $0.04\ \mu\text{Ci}$  (1.5 kBq).

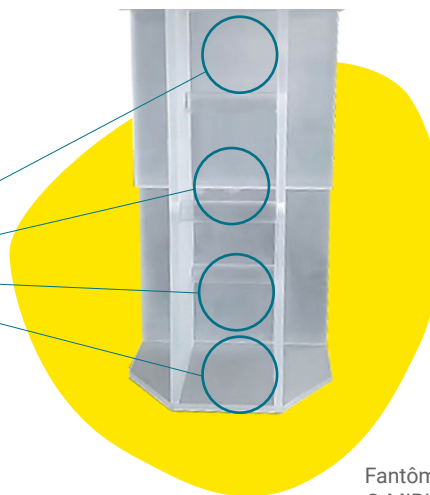
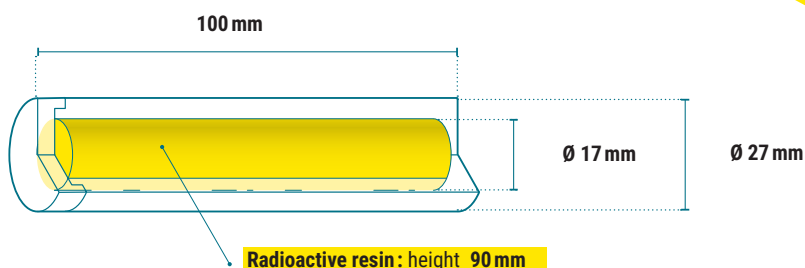
LEA can produce sources with all gamma emitters and mixtures of gamma emitters for other activity levels.



ACCUSCAN™ &  
FASTSCAN™  
© MIRION  
TECHNOLOGIES



Cylindrical sources for Phantom RMC II. EGR01HS reference



Fantôme RMC II™  
© MIRION  
Technologies





# Liquid sources



## Key applications

Liquid sources are mostly used in laboratories **detection metrology purposes**: calibration of detectors, periodic quality inspections such as control charts, periodic verification of detection performance.

The associated measurement systems are the devices used to control the discharge of liquid effluents into the environment: gamma spectrometry or liquid scintillation counting.



## Handling precautions

Liquid sources are considered as unsealed sources.

**Handling Precautions:** PPE (goggles, gloves, overalls, lead protection as appropriate) must be worn. The use of accessories (tweezers, file, ampoule holder and ampoule breaker) is recommended to limit radiological exposure and to reduce the risk of contamination.

During a dilution, the diluent used must have the same chemical composition and the same non-radioactive material concentration as the provided source (LEA provides on request the chemical carriers used for the manufacture of its sources).

## Metrological guarantee

**Bulb geometry:** The LEA recommends and guarantees calibration values for a period of 2 radioactive periods or within a maximum of 2 years.

**V-Vial-Penicillin geometry:** The LEA recommends and guarantees calibration values for a period of 3 months.

# ELS liquid sources

## Technical Information

The specific activity of our liquid sources is characterized by means of NaI scintillators, HPGe semi-conductors or liquid scintillation analyzers. They are calibrated under COFRAC\* protocols. The measurement uncertainty varies between 1% and 8% depending on the radionuclide and the geometry.

## Activities

The specific activity levels available as catalog reference are:

- 0.001  $\mu\text{Ci/g}$  (0.04 kBq/g)
- 0.01  $\mu\text{Ci/g}$  (0.4 kBq/g)
- 1.1  $\mu\text{Ci/g}$  (40 kBq/g)
- 21.6  $\mu\text{Ci/g}$  (800 kBq/g)
- 261.2  $\mu\text{Ci/g}$  (8000 kBq/g)

## Standard geometries

- Ampoules
- V-Vial bottles
- Penicillin bottles
- Standardized bottles

Our liquid sources can be conditioned in other geometries offered in our catalog or provided by the customer.

\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.



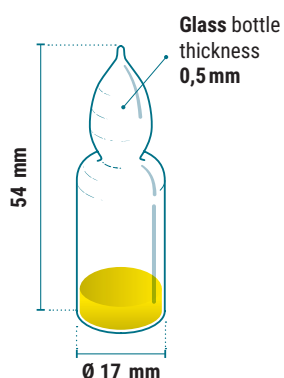




## Standard geometries

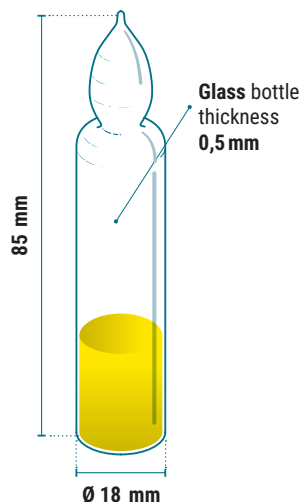
### Type A *Ampoule*

Useful volume 1 cm<sup>3</sup>



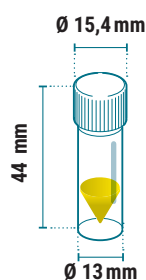
### Type B *Ampoule*

Useful volume 5 cm<sup>3</sup>



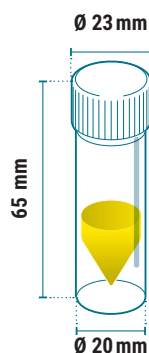
### Type U *V-Vial*

Useful volume 1 cm<sup>3</sup>



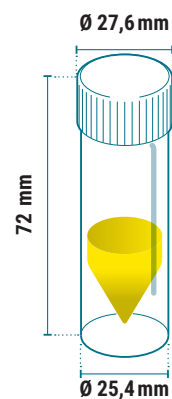
### Type V *V-Vial*

Useful volume 5 cm<sup>3</sup>



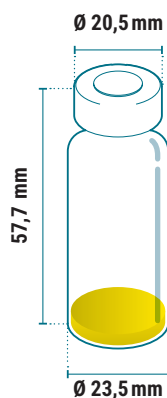
### Type W *V-Vial*

Useful volume 10 cm<sup>3</sup>



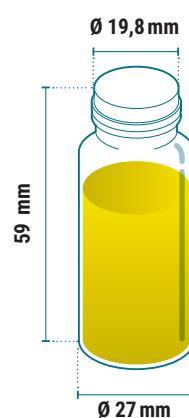
### Type D *Pénicilline*

Useful volume 1 cm<sup>3</sup>



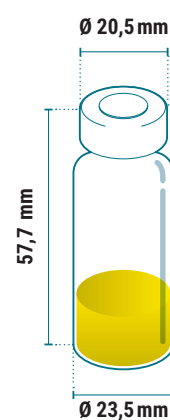
### Type J *Pénicilline*

Useful volume 20 cm<sup>3</sup>



### Type L *Pénicilline*

Useful volume 5 cm<sup>3</sup>



\* Maximum activity = 0.04 kBq/g

Duration of use see annexes



## ELS liquid sources

### Geometries [Type]

- Ampoules ... **A ou B**
- V-Vial ... **U, V ou W**
- Penicillin ... **D, J\* ou L**

### Activities [Act]

- 0.04 kBq/g
- 0.4 kBq/g
- 40 kBq/g
- 800 kBq/g
- 8 000 kBq/g
- Other activity on request

### How to compose the reference ?

Replace **[Type]** and **[Act]** with the letter and the value according to the required geometry and activity.

For example, a 5ml ampoule (B type) containing 1.1  $\mu\text{Ci/g}$  (40 kBq/g) of  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  is referenced as **CS137 ELS B 40kBq/g**.

	Radionuclide	Chemical form	Carrier	Reference	Note
$\alpha$ $\gamma$	$^{237}\text{Np}$	HCL 6N ou HNO <sub>3</sub> 3N	Oxalic acid [33 $\mu\text{g/g}$ ]	NP237 ELS [Type] [Act]	Available geometries : A, B, U, V, W Maximum = 40 kBq/g
	$^{238}\text{Pu}$	HNO <sub>3</sub> 3N	-	PU238 ELS [Type] [Act]	Available geometries : A, B, U, V, W Maximum = 40 kBq/g
	$^{239}\text{Pu}$	HNO <sub>3</sub> 3N	-	PU239 ELS [Type] [Act]	Available geometries : A, B, U, V, W Maximum = 40 kBq/g
	$^{241}\text{Am}$	HNO <sub>3</sub> 1N	EuCl <sub>3</sub> [10 $\mu\text{g/g}$ ]	AM241 ELS [Type] [Act]	Available geometries : A, B, U, V, W Maximum= 40 kBq/g
	$^{244}\text{Cm}$	HNO <sub>3</sub> 1N	-	CM244 ELS [Type] [Act]	Available geometries : A, B, U, V, W Maximum= 40 kBq/g
$\beta$	$^3\text{H}$	H <sub>2</sub> O	-	H3 ELS [Type] [Act]	Only available in A and B type Maximum= 800 kBq/g
	$^{14}\text{C}$	H <sub>2</sub> O	D-glucose [50 $\mu\text{g/g}$ ] + formaldehyde [1mg/g]	C14 ELS [Type] [Act]	Maximum= 800 kBq/g
	$^{32}\text{P}$	HCL 0,1N	Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub> [10 $\mu\text{g/g}$ ]	P32 ELS [Type] [Act]	Maximum= 800 kBq/g
	$^{35}\text{S}$	HCL 0,1N	Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> [10 $\mu\text{g/g}$ ]	S35 ELS [Type] [Act]	Maximum= 800 kBq/g
	$^{36}\text{Cl}$	H <sub>2</sub> O	NaCl [10 $\mu\text{g/g}$ ]	CL36 ELS [Type] [Act]	Maximum= 800 kBq/g
	$^{45}\text{Ca}$	HCL 0,1N	CaCl <sub>2</sub> [10 $\mu\text{g/g}$ ]	CA45 ELS [Type] [Act]	Maximum= 800 kBq/g
	$^{63}\text{Ni}$	HCL 0,1N	NiCl <sub>2</sub> [10 $\mu\text{g/g}$ ]	NI63 ELS [Type] [Act]	Maximum= 800 kBq/g
	$^{89}\text{Sr}$	HCL 0,1N	SrCl <sub>2</sub> [20 $\mu\text{g/g}$ ]	SR89 ELS [Type] [Act]	Maximum= 800 kBq/g
	$^{90}\text{Sr} + ^{90}\text{Y}$	HCL 0,1N	SrCl <sub>2</sub> [20 $\mu\text{g/g}$ ] + YCl <sub>3</sub> [10 $\mu\text{g/g}$ ]	SR90 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	$^{99}\text{Tc}$	H <sub>2</sub> O	-	TC99 ELS [Type] [Act]	Maximum= 800 kBq/g
	$^{147}\text{Pm}$	HCL 0,1N	LaCl <sub>3</sub> [10 $\mu\text{g/g}$ ]	PM147 ELS [Type] [Act]	Maximum= 800 kBq/g

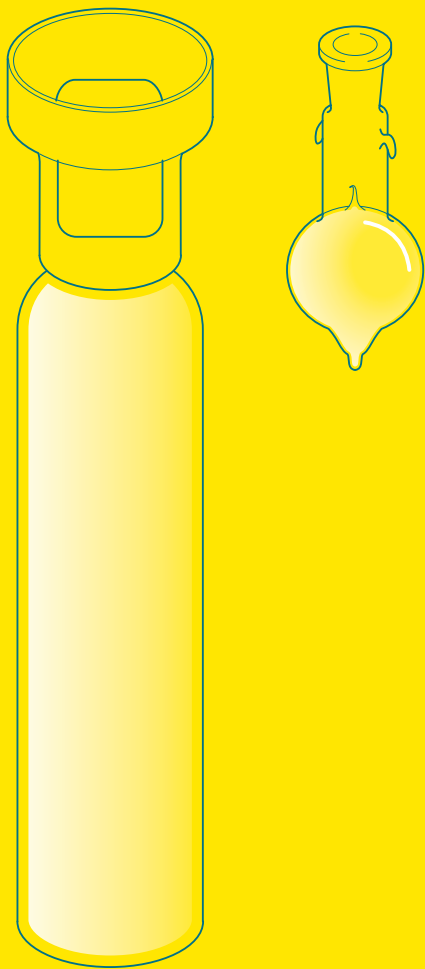
	Radionuclide	Chemical form	Carrier	Reference	Note
	<sup>22</sup> Na	HCL 0,1N	NaCl [10µg/g]	NA22 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>51</sup> Cr	HCL 0,1N	CrCl <sub>3</sub> [60µg/g]	CR51 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>54</sup> Mn	HCL 0,1N	MnCl <sub>2</sub> [26µg/g]	MN54 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>55</sup> Fe	HCL 0,1N	FeCl <sub>3</sub> [10µg/g]	FE55 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>57</sup> Co	HCL 0,1N	CoCl <sub>2</sub> [10µg/g]	CO57 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>59</sup> Fe	HCL 1N	FeCl <sub>3</sub> [10µg/g]	FE59 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>60</sup> Co	HCL 0,1N	CoCl <sub>2</sub> [10µg/g]	CO60 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>65</sup> Zn	HCL 0,1N	ZnCl <sub>2</sub> [55µg/g]	ZN65 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>85</sup> Sr	HCL 0,1N	SrCl <sub>2</sub> [20µg/g]	SR85 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>88</sup> Y	HCL 0,1N	YCl <sub>3</sub> [10µg/g]	Y88 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>109</sup> Cd	HCL 1N	CdCl <sub>2</sub> [10µg/g]	CD109 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
βγ	<sup>110m</sup> Ag	NH <sub>4</sub> OH 0.1N ou 1N	AgCN [10µg/g]	AG110 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
γ	<sup>113</sup> Sn	HCL 6N	SnCl <sub>4</sub> [10µg/g]	SN113 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>125</sup> I	H <sub>2</sub> O	Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> [50µg/g] + NaI [50µg/g]	I125 ELS [Type] [Act]	Only available in A and B type
	<sup>129</sup> I	H <sub>2</sub> O	Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> [50µg/g] + NaI [50µg/g]	I129 ELS [Type] [Act]	Only available in A and B type
	<sup>131</sup> I	H <sub>2</sub> O	Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> [50µg/g] + NaI [50µg/g]	I131 ELS [Type] [Act]	Only available in A and B type Maximum= 800 kBq/g
	<sup>133</sup> Ba	HCL 1N	BaCl <sub>2</sub> [33µg/g]	BA133 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>134</sup> Cs	HCL 0,1N	CsCl [10µg/g]	CS134 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>137</sup> Cs	HCL 0,1N	CsCl [10µg/g]	CS137 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>139</sup> Ce	HCL 0,1N	CeCl <sub>3</sub> [10µg/g]	CE139 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
	<sup>152</sup> Eu	HCL 1N	EuCl <sub>3</sub> [10µg/g]	EU152 ELS [Type] [Act]	-
Mix γ	12ML01*	HCL 1N	Mix of unit trainers	12ML01 ELS [Type] [Act]	Available : •80 Bq/g •800 Bq/g •40 kBq/g •800 kBq/g

Standard manufacturing tolerance: ± 30% • IAEA Category: 5

\* The 12ML01 mixture – <sup>241</sup>Am, <sup>109</sup>Cd, <sup>139</sup>Ce, <sup>57</sup>Co, <sup>60</sup>Co, <sup>51</sup>Cr, <sup>137</sup>Cs, <sup>113</sup>Sn, <sup>54</sup>Mn, <sup>65</sup>Zn, <sup>85</sup>Sr, <sup>88</sup>Y – generates around 15 peaks over an energy range from 60 keV to 1836 keV. The quantity of each radionuclide is chosen so that the counting rates of the main peak of each radionuclide are the same order of magnitude. See section on tailor-made gamma sources for additional information on the 12ML01 mixture and on the other mixes available.



# Gas sources



## EZS gas sources

**LEA produces 85Kr gas and other radionuclides on request (<sup>133</sup>Xe...) packaged in glass ampoules or in metal cylinders.**

Gas sources are used in detection metrology, as part of the environmental monitoring of releases from nuclear facilities.

Associated measurement systems are mainly ionization chambers, Geiger Muller detectors or atmospheric monitors installed on process lines.

### Technical Information

Our 85Kr sources (ampoules or cylinders) are considered as unsealed sources.

Manufacturing tolerance are  $\pm 30\%$ . The uncertainty associated with the measurement of volume activity is  $\pm 5\%$  at  $k=2$ .

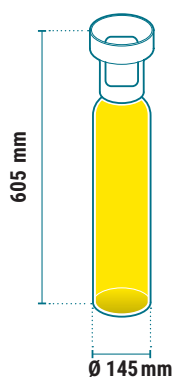
The default pressure in metal bottles is 100 bar. The pressure in the ampoules is lower than 0.5 bar.



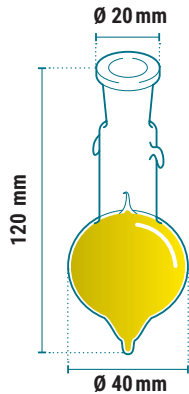
Installation of an empty 85Kr cylinder



Filling a 85Kr ampoule

**Type E** *Cylinder*Useful volume 5 000 cm<sup>3</sup>

Radionuclide	Volume activity	k=2 measurement uncertainty	Equivalent activity	Reference
Under COFRAC* accreditation				
<sup>85</sup> Kr	0.2 kBq/cm <sup>3</sup>	5%	100 MBq	KR85 EZS E 20

**Type A** *Ampoule*Useful volume 3 cm<sup>3</sup>

\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

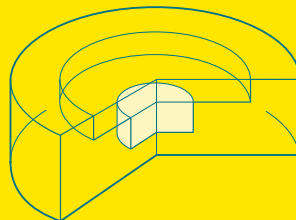
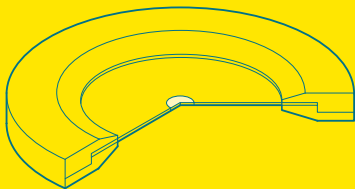
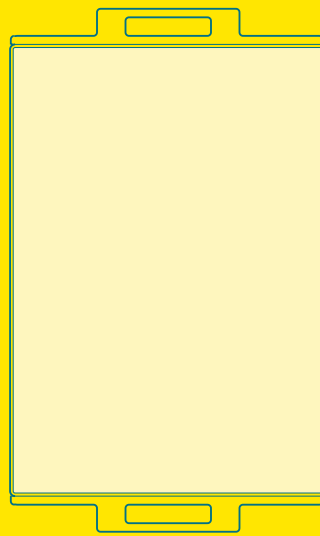
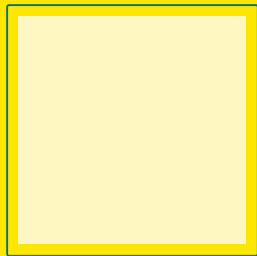
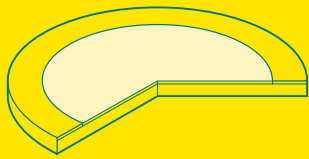
Radionuclide	Total activity	k=2 measurement uncertainty	Reference
<sup>85</sup> Kr	240 kBq	5%	KR85 EZS A 40
	120 MBq	5%	KR85 EZS A 60

LEA also offers SG500 or SG3000 gas containers, equipped with sampling probes and mounted staubli fittings (see page 81).





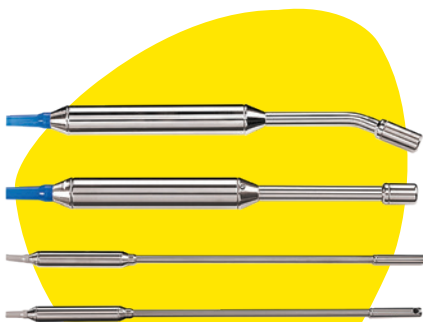
# Medical sources



# Key applications

The sealed sources used in nuclear medicine serve mainly to perform operating checks (stability, efficiency, homogeneity) or calibration of several types of key radiodiagnostic equipment:

- **SPECT cameras** (using gamma sources)
- **PET cameras** (using beta sources) **see p.76 for PET sources**
- **Dose calibrators** used to quantify the radiopharmaceutical medication injected
- **Well detectors** used for measuring sample tubes
- **Means of radiation protection** used by the personnel of nuclear medicine services



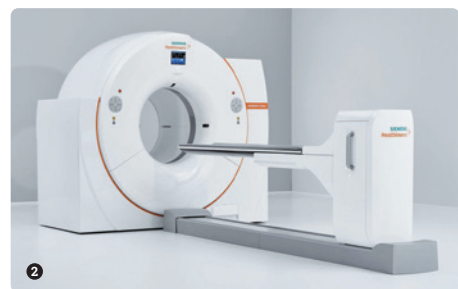
Intraoperative probes used in addition to imaging for the detection of the sentinel node in breast cancer and melanoma



Gamma Caméra portable  
© DAMAVAN IMAGING



1



2

1 SPECT Symbia Intevo  
2 TEP Biograph Vision™  
© SIEMENS HEALTHINEERS



Dose calibrator used in nuclear medicine to know with precision the activity administered to patients

# Floods

LEA produces and distributes Flood sources, Co-57 rectangular sources designed for rectangular FOV (field of view) gamma cameras to check the nominal settings and the uniformity of response of the system.

These sealed sources are at least classified C 22212 in accordance with ISO2019. Flood sources are made of a shell (to ensure a secure seal) containing a resin in which the radionuclide is uniformly distributed.

Flood sources have a percentage of differential non-uniformity  $\leq 3\%$  over the entire active surface of the source.

As an option, they are equipped with handles, thus limiting dosimetry at the hands and facilitating manipulations. Lead-protected mobile carry cases are also available to facilitate movement and storage of Flood sources.

Lead-protected mobile carry cases are also available to facilitate movement and storage of Flood sources.

\* décision du 25/11/2008 fixant les modalités du contrôle de qualité des installations de médecine nucléaire à visée diagnostique, JORF n°0289 du 12/12/2008 texte n°46.

Radionuclide	Activity	Reference
<sup>57</sup> Co	370 MBq	C057 EHS [Type] 40 / C057#BM01L-10
	550 MBq	C057 EHS [Type] 45 / C057#BM01L-15
	740 MBq	C057 EHS [Type] 50 / C057#BM01L-20

## How to compose the reference ?

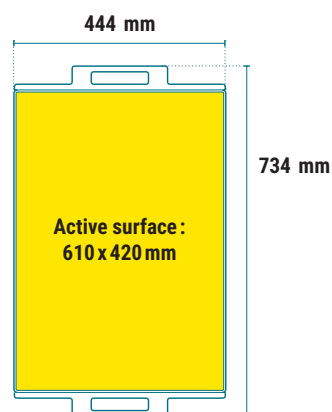
Replace **[Type]** with the letter **I** if you desire handles or **H** if not.

For example: **C057 EHS H 30**.

## Geometry



Galette C057 © LEA



LEA Flood model **available with or without handle** (specify when ordering).

The total dimensions of the model without handle are 24.97 x 17.4 in (63.4 x 44.4 cm) respectively for length and width.



Lead-protected mobile carry case for storage.

## LEA can also offer other Flood geometries:

- square, with a total dimensions of 11.5x11.5" (29x29 cm) and an active surface area of 10x10" (25x25 cm) for activities of 0.5 mCi (18.5 MBq), 3mCi (111 MBq), 10mCi (370MBq), 15 mCi (555MBq), 20mCi (740MBq).


Equipment type : CZT gamma camera



Square series BM05  
© Radqual

# Pen point marker

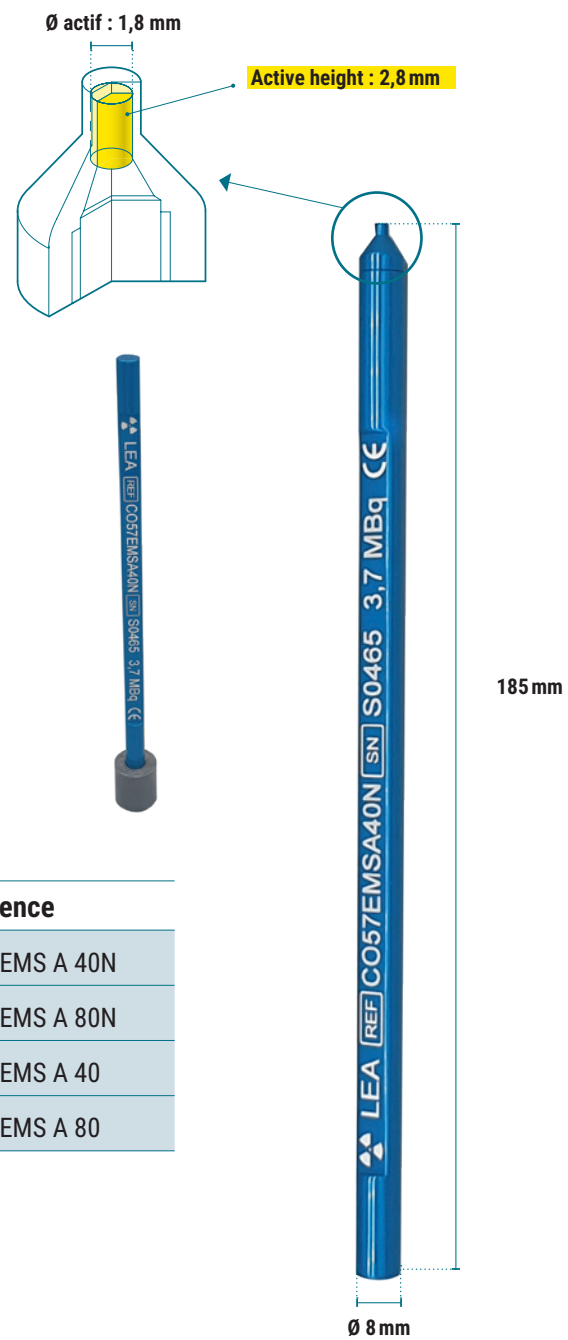
Pen markers are used for anatomical marking in imaging.  
57Co is deposited punctually in a hollow tip, itself screwed and sealed at the end of an aluminum rod.  
They are delivered with their leaded support for personnel and storage protection.



Note that pen-point markers are **not point-sources**, so they are not to be used to calibrate or control detection probes.

## Standard geometry

### Type A



Radionuclide	Activity	Reference
57Co	3,7 MBq	C057 EMS A 40N
	7,4 MBq	C057 EMS A 80N
	3,7 MBq*	C057 EMS A 40
	7,4 MBq*	C057 EMS A 80

Manufacturing tolerance: -15% + 30%  
IAEA Category: 5 • ISO2919 Classification: C22212 • CE Marking  
\* Sources can be provided with a metrological certificate.  
The measurement uncertainties at k = 2 are lower than 10%.  
Class I medical device, in accordance with the European regulation no. 2017/745

# Dose calibrator sources

The checks for accuracy, repeatability and correctness of the activometers require by regulation\* the use of two sources of constancy, having a calibration certificate for the following minimum activities at the time of the checks :

- $^{57}\text{Co}$  activity greater than or equal to 40MBq,
- $^{137}\text{Cs}$  activity greater than or equal to 5MBq,
- $^{133}\text{Ba}$  activity greater than or equal to 5MBq.

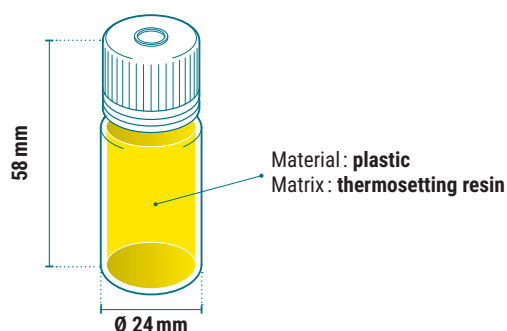
The dose calibrators are sealed sources, made in a plastic bottle allowing easy and safe handling. The radionuclide is distributed homogeneously within a thermosetting resin.

The radionuclides supplied by LEA emit gamma rays close to those of the radionuclides most used in nuclear medicine ( $^{18}\text{F}$ ,  $^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$ ,  $^{123}\text{I}$ ,  $^{131}\text{I}$ ,  $^{111}\text{In}$ ,  $^{201}\text{Tl}$ ).

## Standard geometry

### Type F

Useful volume 10 cm<sup>3</sup>



\* décision du 25/11/2008 fixant les modalités du contrôle de qualité des installations de médecine nucléaire à visée diagnostique, JORF n°0289 du 12/12/2008 texte n°46.

Radionuclide	Activity	k=2 measurement uncertainty	Reference
$^{133}\text{Ba}$	10 MBq	$\leq 3\%^*$	BA133 EGA F 50
	20 MBq	$\leq 3\%^*$	BA133 EGA F 55
$^{57}\text{Co}$	100 MBq	$\leq 3\%^*$	CO57 EGA F 80
	200 MBq	$\leq 3\%^*$	CO57 EGA F 90
	370 MBq	$\leq 3\%^*$	CO57 EGA F 100
$^{137}\text{Cs}$	10 MBq	$\leq 3\%^*$	CS137 EGA F 50
	20 MBq	$\leq 3\%^*$	CS137 EGA F 55
	40 MBq	$\leq 3\%^*$	CS137 EGA F 65

Manufacturing tolerance: -15% / +30%

IAEA Category : 5 • ISO2919 Classification : C22212\* The calibration of sources can be performed on request, according to COFRAC\*\* accredited protocols. The measurement uncertainties at k=2 are lower than or equal to 3%.

\*\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

Other nuclides can be provided on request ( $^{60}\text{Co}$ ...)



## Spot markers (point sources)

Spot markers are used to adjust the orientation of gamma cameras as well as for checking intraoperative probes.

The best-selling EGS sources in the medical environment are A type (EGS A) and V type (EGS V), with  $^{22}\text{Na}$ ,  $^{57}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{133}\text{Ba}$  ou  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ .

See EGS type point gamma sources, pages 30 to 33.

<sup>1</sup> Tel que défini en France par la décision du 25 novembre 2008 fixant les modalités du contrôle de qualité des installations de médecine nucléaire à visée diagnostique.



EGS V



EGS A

## Sources for radiation protection devices

Sources suitable for the radiation protection equipment used in nuclear medicine departments can be found on:

- page 16 for discs sources,
- page 20 for rectangular and square sources.



Discs sources

Rectangular and  
square sources

## Sources for medical application

LEA can provide calibration and control sources for key PET equipment (Siemens, General Electric and Philips).

**Siemens:** Biograph PET/CT Classic, Biograph MCT or Horizon, Biograph 6/40 True V, Inveon 120, Biograph mmR, Biograph Vision,

**GE:** Discovery CT, Discovery 600/610, Discovery 690, Discovery 710, Discovery IQ,

**Spectrum Dynamics:** D Spect - Veriton

**Philips:** Gemini TF, Vereos, Ingenuity

Spectrum Dynamics: D Spect - Veriton.

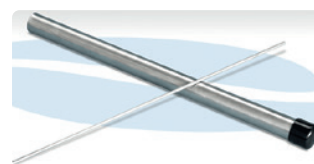
LEA also markets calibration sources for  $^{68}\text{Ge}$  dose calibrators, which can be supplied in V-Vial type and syringe format, of 500 or 1 000  $\mu\text{Ci}$  (18.5 or 37 MBq) activity.



Sources étalons pour  
activimètres en  $^{68}\text{Ge}$   
fournies en Flacon  
V-Vial  
© Radqual



VQC Phantom  $^{68}\text{Ge}$   
© Sanders



Spectrum Dynamics Line  
Sources  $^{57}\text{Co}$   
© Radqual

# Other sources

In addition to the catalog sources, LEA can offer specific products and services suited to your projects :

- **Tailor-made calibration sources** (activities, uncertainties, tolerances, geometries, matrices, supports...) from LEA production, or supplied by LEA partner manufacturers
- **Imported high** activity sources and associated services (transportation, storage, used source recovery...)
- Catalog and tailor-made **accessories**
- **Used sources** recovery and other services

You will find here after some examples of the products and services offered by LEA.

Please contact us for further information !

## Tailor-made standard sources

Beyond the catalog references presented in the previous pages, LEA can also produce tailored-made sources suited to your needs.

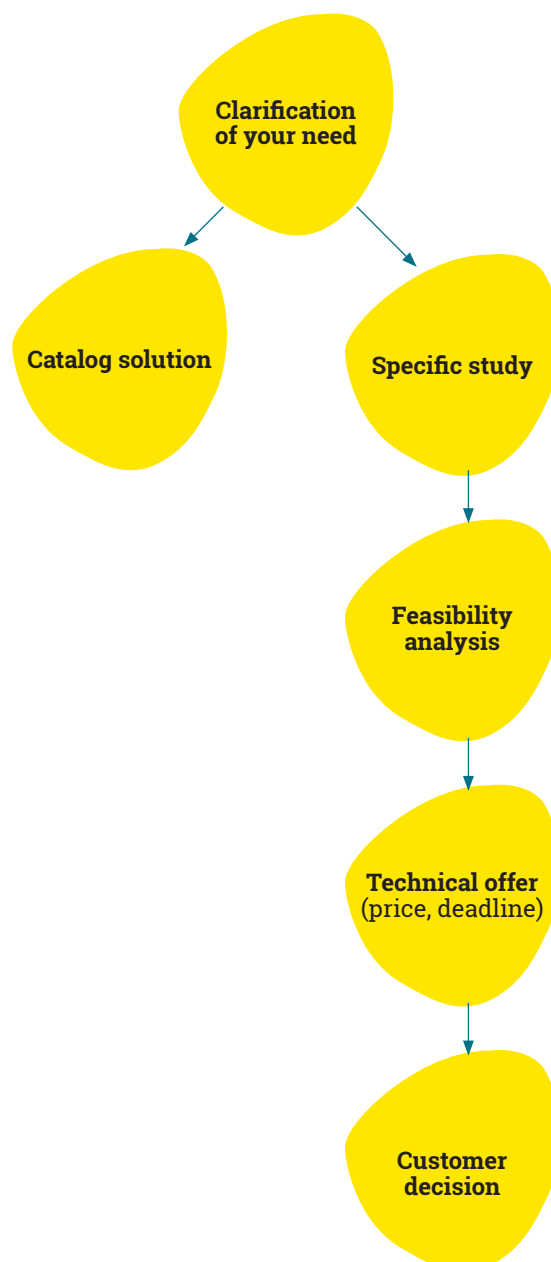
### Process

Based on your needs and specifications, an internal study is initiated to validate:

- the production feasibility (manufacturing and measuring if necessary) of the source in accordance with the scope of LEA's license,
  - the possibility to issue a calibration certificate under COFRAC\* accreditation,
  - the level of uncertainty of the measurement,
  - the type of packaging and associated transport,
- or we will suggest a catalog source close to your desired specification.

This feasibility study also helps defining the price and schedule associated with the requested supply. If the source is close to one of our catalog references, the completion time can be very short (a few weeks).

For more complex cases, requiring R&D and/or an LEA license upgrade, the time associated with the study and the necessary funding are then communicated to you for prior validation.



## Tailor-made standard sources examples

### Specific mix of radionuclides

LEA proposes alpha and gamma multi-nuclides sources. LEA can also offer tailor-made multi-nuclides standards (from 3 to 12 nuclides). The percentage of each nuclide in the mixture can be specified by the customer. Default is the same activity for each radionuclide.



### Specific activities or emission rates

The possible activities by nuclides and by geometry are specified in the previous chapters.

In terms of uncertainty, the COFRAC\* scope defines the minimum level that LEA can provide under accreditation. If a COFRAC\* certificate is not required, we may be able to offer reduced uncertainties; consult us for this.



### Reduced or specific manufacturing tolerance

Insofar that its manufacturing capabilities allow, LEA can offer tailor-made products with a reduced or asymmetrical manufacturing tolerance: for example, - 0% / 30% thus guaranteeing a minimum activity to ensure sufficient counting on your device, or conversely, -30% / -0% guaranteeing maximum activity to avoid saturating your measurement chains or remain in compliance with your material possession license.



\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

# Tailor-made standard sources

## Tailor-made standard sources examples

### Specific active diameter

Depending on the size of your detectors, a different active surface may be required for the standard source. Possible active diameters by source type and geometry are specified in previous chapters.

### Specific matrices

Sand, soil, cement, gas equivalents... we can study the production of tailor-made standards in matrices close to that which you require to control or characterize.

### Specific dilution medium

The solutions manufactured by LEA are provided according to a given chemical composition (particularly dilution and molarity). A specific medium can be offered as a tailor-made product at your request.

### Capsules



*See gamma source chapter for more details and examples of achievement*

LEA proposes sealed sources in the form of capsules for activities  $< 27 \mu\text{Ci}$  (1 MBq).

For sealed sources  $> 27 \mu\text{Ci}$  (1 MBq), ISO 2919 "radiation protection – sealed radioactive sources – general requirements and classification" requires a minimum classification of C22212 for calibration sources (or a more restrictive specific classification, depending on the intended use). Source constraints, associated with the desired classification level, can lead to specific developments, and in all cases require testing to obtain this classification.

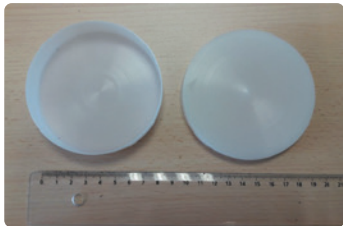
## Customer-specific supports

### Customer-specific bottles

To produce sources with your specific bottles, 5 samples will be required for preliminary testing.



12 ML source resin in a 500 ml and 1 liter bottle supplied by a customer

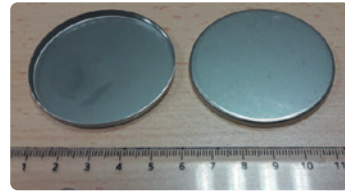


12 ML source resin in a 30 ml supplied by a customer

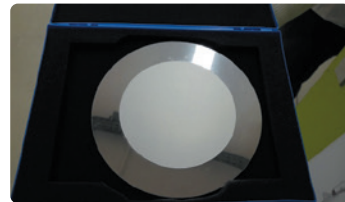
**Bernard Dumas glass or cellulose paper filters** used in environmental monitors in nuclear facilities.



### Stainless steel tray (wide area sources)



External diameter 2.17 in, active diameter 2,1 in



External diameter 5.7 in, active diameter 3.9 in

### Various



Customer-specific stainless steel supports



Active size source 1.5x1.7 in, external dimension 1.7x1.9 in mounted on a specific stainless steel support

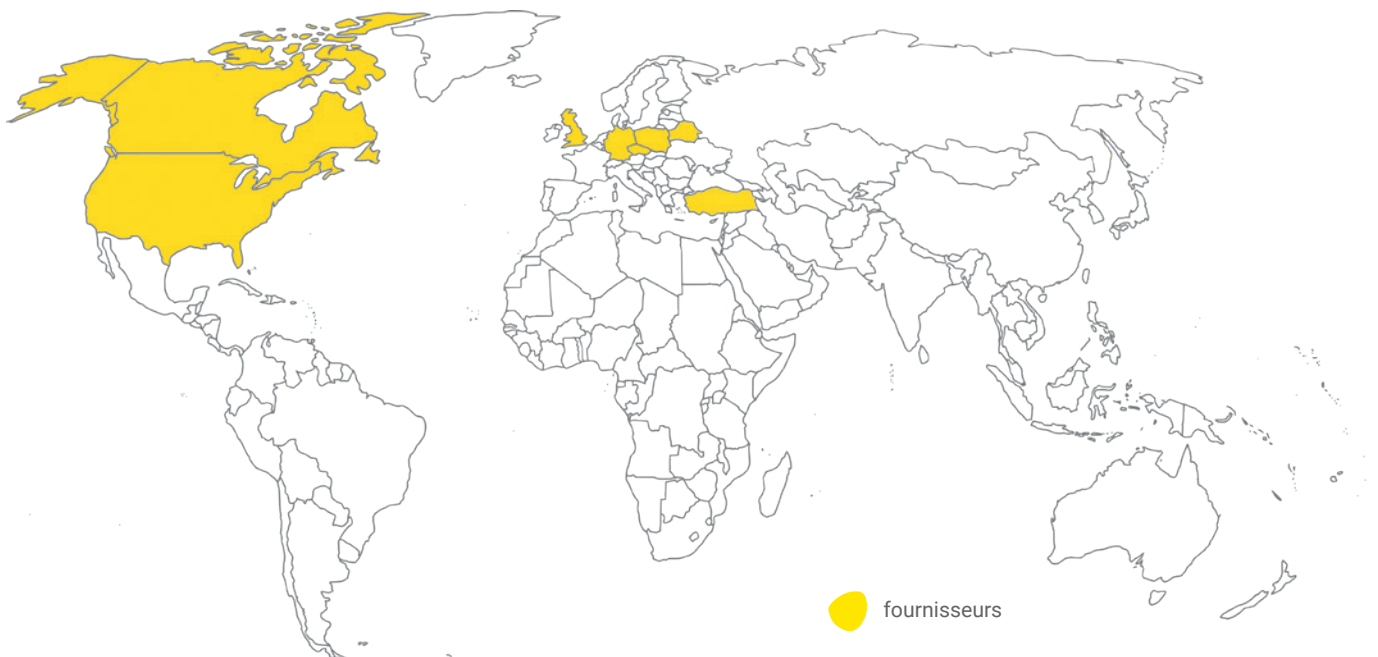


## Third-party supplier sources

For your requests that cannot be met by our own production, we can import and distribute products (sources and accessories) made by our partners. LEA takes care of all the formalities such as import, delivery, used sources collection.

### Calibration sources (outside LEA's manufacturing range)

- Alpha calibration sources
  - Beta calibration sources
  - X standard
  - Gamma calibration sources
- Standard for surface contamination control
  - Multi gamma/spectrometry standard
  - Gas standard



## High activity sources for industry and R&D applications

**Sources for Oil Well Logging (OWL)** or mining:  $^{60}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , AmBe et  $^{252}\text{Cf}$  sources.



© QSA  
Global

**Sources for Process control** for nuclear fuel cycle facilities:  $^{60}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ , AmBe et  $^{252}\text{Cf}$  sources.

### Sources for Construction and agriculture:

neutron and gamma sources to measure moisture or soil density. The sources are used to determine the water content of bulk materials (agricultural silo, gravel, wood chips...) or soil density by measurement with a neutron emitting source (AmBe type) or by association with a  $^{137}\text{Cs}$  source and an AmBe source.

### Sources for Industrial gauges:

- paper weight measurements (beta sources of  $^{85}\text{Kr}$  and  $^{147}\text{Pm}$ ),
- thickness and density measurements (beta sources of  $^{90}\text{Sr}$ ,  $^{85}\text{Kr}$  and  $^{147}\text{Pm}$ ),
- level control (sources of  $^{241}\text{Am}$  and  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ ).

**Sources for X-ray fluorescence** for the detection of lead in paints. The sources proposed by LEA are made of  $^{109}\text{Cd}$  et  $^{57}\text{Co}$  from 4.9 mCi (180 MBq) to 23 mCi (850 MBq).

These capsules are made of stainless steel.



# Accessories & services

## Sources

### 8 $\alpha$ and $\beta$ sold sources

12 EAS point  $\alpha$  sources

14 EBS point  $\beta$  sources

16 ESA wide area  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  sources

22 Tailor-made  $\alpha$  et  $\beta$  sources

### 26 X and $\gamma$ solides sources

30 EGS point  $\gamma$  sources

34 EGSK  $\gamma$  capsule sources

36 EXS point X sources

37 EGE  $\gamma$  sources in vegetable matrix

38 EGR  $\gamma$  sources in resin matrix

42 EDC  $\gamma$  sources in charcoal filter cartridges

44 ESB  $\gamma$  sources in paper matrix

46 Tailor-made X and  $\gamma$  solid sources

### 54 Liquid Sources

### 62 Gas Sources

### 66 Medical sources

69 Floods

70 Pen point marker

71 Dose calibrator sources

72 Spot markers (point sources)  
Sources for radiation protection devices

### 73 Other sources

74 Tailor-made standard sources

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# Accessories

To facilitate your sources manipulation, here is a non-exhaustive list of accessories developed or distributed by LEA. Contact us for any requests.

## Packaging

### Transport packaging

A type



MC1 © Nuc emballage



TC1 © Nuc emballage



Source box



1913 LVNF © LEA

### Transport packaging

For Beta and Gamma sources



### Carry cases

Shielded case for flood sources



## Protections

### Lead pots



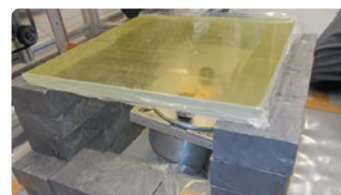
### Source storage safe



© Manutan

### Specific biological shielding

LEA designs and implements (neutron and gamma) shieldings together with its partners for operations involving highly active sources. These shieldings can be used for storage or transport, or as tools to facilitate source manipulations (assembly/disassembly, transfer, ...).



© Total

Lead glass and brick shielding as part of a project to dismantle sources ( $^{133}\text{Ba}$  source).

## Porte-source et Préhension

**Source holder** to facilitate verifications on radiation protection probes.



**Source holder** for electro-deposited alpha sources (EAS type) used for EDGAR monitors.



**Source holder** to incorporate capsules sources on the measuring.



**Source holder** suitable for well detector



**Source holder** adapted to training actions

Référence EGSD



**Tweezers** for handling sources to avoid depositing a film of grease on alpha sources (which would degrade the emerging signal)



**Ampoule breaker** for easily opening glass ampoules





# Accessoires

## Spectrometry

**Centring tools** for adjusting the source detector distance.



Modular 3 in 1 centering tool, suitable for a 3.1 in (78 mm) diameter end cap HPGe detector, for positioning 3 different source geometries: 2.05 in (52mm) diameter filter, 4.7 in (120 mm) diameter filter or SG50 standardized bottle.

## Marinelli beakers or standardized bottles

Product	Cm <sup>3</sup>	Reference
Plastic bottle type Beaker Marinelli	250	9ACETL11
Plastic bottle type Beaker Marinelli	500	9ACETL9
Plastic bottle type Beaker Marinelli	1 000	9ACETL1
Plastic bottle type SG50N	50	9ACETL5
Plastic bottle marron	50	9ACETL7
Plastic bottle type SG500N	500	9ACETL6
Plastic bottle marron	500	9ACETL8
Bottle type SG3000	3 000	9ACETL2
Bottle type SG15	15	9ACETL3



## Gas containers



SG500



SG3000

LEA also offers SG500 or SG3000 gas containers, equipped with sampling probes and mounted stau-bli fittings. These SG500 and SG3000 containers come with a volume calibration certificate and a 7 bar pressure resistance certificate. These gas containers allow specific gas samples to be taken for specific spectro-gammametric analysis, mainly in nuclear power plants.

# Projets clefs-en-main pour des sources de haute activité

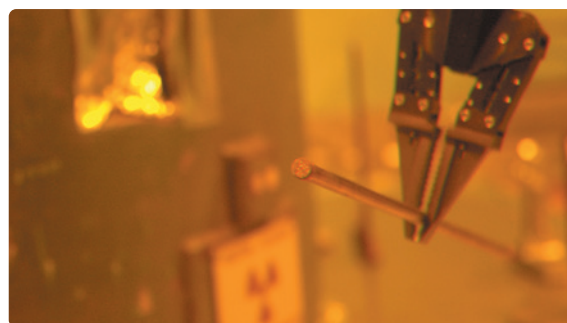
LEA has a wide range of authorizations and capabilities covering the import, distribution and recovery of high activity sources including their transportation and replacement:

- **Large network of suppliers and partners** to cover a wide range of services, in particular in conjunction with Orano resources (engineering, transport, and radiation protection) and with primary metrology laboratories for source characterization,
- **Knowledge of relevant regulations**, in particular in France,
- **Secured installations** within the Tricastin industrial platform (South of France), offering high logistical flexibility, in particular controlled areas for carrying out source servicing or assembly / disassembly operations,
- Partners for carrying out source **reconditioning or recycling**,
- **A secured storage room** to facilitate logistics for new and spent sources.

LEA already has recognized experience in this area in particular for neutron sources ( $^{252}\text{Cf}$  and  $\text{AmBe}$ ) and gamma sources ( $^{60}\text{Co}$ ) for various applications: manufacturing of EPR nuclear reactor primary rods, gamma scanning of nuclear fuel rods, replacement of sources for industrial gammagraphy in nuclear process plants or for irradiators.



Production line for EPR nuclear reactor rods



Remote handling of sources of gamma radiation used to study materials' behavior under irradiation.

# Services

In addition to the supply of new sources (catalog and tailor-made) and the management of turnkey projects, LEA offers the following range of services.

## Reprise des sources

The LEA undertakes to take back all sealed sources of its manufacture and considers on a case-by-case basis the recovery of those provided by other manufacturers.

The LEA does not generally recover unsealed sources, however it is possible to study a disposal solution if existing. The LEA in the frame of used sources recovery :

- Assists you in the preparation of files and advises you on parcel packaging (supply of packaging kits on request) in compliance with Transport regulations,
- Plans pick up and drop off transportation on request,
- Issue certificates of recovery after receipt and control of packages,
- Stores sources safely and securely,
- Manages the disposal of used sources through appropriate channels.

## Temporary storage of sources

The LEA has a secured surface area of 43055ft<sup>2</sup> and the necessary licenses for storing spent sources awaiting return to their supplier.

Administrative forms are available on our website:  
[www.lea-sources.com](http://www.lea-sources.com).

Conditions for used sources recovery are defined in our GTC - "Useful documents" section





---

### characterization of sources

LEA can carry out measurements on customer-supplied sources in-house or in conjunction with partners. This can include assistance with the packaging and transport of sources and the associated administrative tasks if required. LEA will provide a measurement report or a calibration certificate. This characterization can be combined with the recovery of sources for sources for which LEA controls the disposal process.



---

### Precision weighing

LEA can perform precision weighings in controlled areas thanks to calibrated precision scales ( $\mu\text{g}$ ).

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### Training

LEA can organize training courses on the use of sources in radiation protection and metrology. Sources and equipment are provided by LEA. Participants are supervised by LEA's staff (manufacturers, measurement technicians, competent person in radiation protection)



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## How to place an order ?

**Here is our process if you want to purchase LEA sources. Please consult our Sales team if you have any questions.**

#01 Contact our Sales team to receive your quotation (for catalog and on-demand sources, services or accessories). Our sources are usually shipped CPT to the airport of your choice (Incoterms 2010 or 2020), except otherwise agreed. Our prices are in Euros, tax-free.

#02 We will send you a quotation as quickly as possible taking account of your specific requirements (catalog or tailor-made standard sources and accessories, logistical or administrative specificities...) as well as our commercial terms & conditions and the required documents (available on our website [www.lea-sources.com](http://www.lea-sources.com)):

- Material possession license certificate,
- End-user certificate for sources subject to Export Control.

#03 Submit your order and required documents.

#04 You will receive an acknowledgment of order indicating the date of shipment

## Relevant regulations

Based in France, LEA operates under the authorization of the French Nuclear Safety Authority ASN (license No. F530042) according to **France's Public Health regulation**. LEA is licensed to manufacture, distribute, import and export nuclides, sources, products or devices for industrial, medical and research applications.

Our sealed sources > 1MBq meet the requirements of **ISO 2919**, which validates their quality as sealed sources following specific tests.

LEA also abides by the **transportation regulations**, both European (ADR) and international (IAEA ICAO, IATA).

Some sources are subject to export controls on dual-use goods in accordance with CE Regulation 428/2009 from council of 5 May 2009 and its upcoming revisions. These sources are subject of a specific certification request (End User Certificate). They are clearly identified in red in the catalog.

Threshold for the radionuclides concerned by the dual purpose measure:

Whatever the activity :

Uranium 233      Uranium 235      Plutonium 239

If the activity is greater than 0,7mCi (0,26 GBq):  
Neptunium 237

If the activity is greater than à 10mCi (0,37 GBq):  
Radium 226

If the activity is greater than 100mCi (3,7 GBq) :

Actinium 225	Actinium 227	Californium 253
Curium 240	Curium 241	Curium 242
Curium 243	Curium 244	Einsteinium 253
Einsteinium 254	Gadolinium 148	Plutonium 236
Plutonium 238	Polonium 208	Polonium 209
Polonium 210	Radium 223	Thorium 227
Thorium 228	Uranium 230	Uranium 232

We kindly remind our foreign customers to strictly comply with the regulatory requirements of the country in which they own and use the sources provided by LEA.



# Quality and traceability

LEA's quality system meets requirement of French and international standards

LEA is :

- **ISO 9001 certified** (certificate 2019/83489.1);
- **COFRAC\* accredited** (for calibration in the field of ionising radiation; NF EN ISO/IEC 17025: 2017, scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request).

*LEA is accredited by COFRAC\*, France's accreditation body signatory to ILAC MRA\*\* in the field of calibration of ionizing radiations, in accordance with ISO 17025:2017. LEA's traceability to the International System of Units (SI) is performed through calibrations with LNHB (Laboratoire National Henri Becquerel), France's National Metrology Institute (equivalent to NIST in the US). LNHB is also accredited by COFRAC in the field of calibration of ionizing radiations. Both NIST and LNHB are signatories to CIPM-MRA\*\*\*, meaning NIST and LNHB mutually recognize the validity of their calibrations and certificates. Therefore, through both COFRAC accreditation and calibrations traceable to LNHB, LEA certificates provide the same traceability to SI as NIST-traceable certificates.*

- Our radiation protection management system is certified according to the order of November 27.2013 relating to companies operating in establishments carrying out nuclear activities by the **Qualianor** organization (certificate No.296-R).

Therefore, every year several internal and external audits are carried out by independent organizations and contribute to ensure optimal quality.



\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

# Calibration certificate

Each source calibrated under COFRAC\* accreditation scope will be supplied with a COFRAC\* calibration certificate, which mentions the calibration result and related uncertainty, the measurement method. The possible impurity content can be mentioned upon request.


LEA can also supply sources without a COFRAC\* calibration certificate:

- standard sources, which calibration is performed out of LEA's COFRAC\* accreditation scope,
- check sources with a nominal activity level.

The certificate must be kept for the whole duration

of the source's detention (the calibration certificate will be requested during the spent source recovery process).

Upon request and according to your applications, LEA can also provide a sealed source calibration certificate.



**LEA**  
Laboratoire Etalons d'Activité  
Site Orano du Titane  
BP 75 - 26701 PIERRELATTE Cedex - France

Chaine d'étalonnage : rayonnement ionisant  
Calibration chain : ionizing radiation

Accreditation N°2-6386  
Portée d'accréditation disponible sur [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr)  
Scope available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr)

**COFRAC**  
ETALONNAGE

**LEA**  
RADIATION  
PRODUIT CODE : 0000137  
RÉSULTAT CODE : 0000137  
FLUX β en Bq/g : 3035 ± 1,5  
DATE de l'essai : 24/06/2020

**CERTIFICAT D'ETALONNAGE**  
**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**  
**N° CT/200402/20/0547**

Délivré à :  
Issued for :  
Commande :  
Order :  
INSTRUMENT ETALONNE  
CALIBRATION INSTRUMENT  
Désignation : **Etalon bêta flux**  
Designation : **Beta flux standard**  
Constructeur : **LEA**  
Manufacturer :  
Référence : **CS137EBSC30**  
Product code :  
Ce certificat comprend 2 pages  
This certificate includes 2 pages

Identification : **30702**  
Identification :  
Date d'émission : **24/06/2020**  
Date of issue : **day/month/year**

La reproduction de ce certificat n'est autorisée que sous la forme de fac-similé photographique intégral  
This certificate may not be reproduced other than in full by photographic process

Calibration certificate N° CT/200402/20/0547 Page 2/2

Product code	Serial number	Radionuclide
CS137EBSC30	30702	<sup>137</sup> Cs

**1 MEANS AND METHODS**

Type of calibration	Flux	Impurity rate
Unit	s <sup>-1</sup>	%
Detector used	4π β proportional counter	Semi-conductor GeHP
Reference of the measurement equipment	CMB3	CSGHP1
Method employed	Impulses counting	γ-ray spectrometer

The environmental conditions have not influence on the results of the measurement.

**2 NOMINAL CHARACTERISTICS DELIVERED STANDARDS**

Ring thickness	3mm
External diameter	50mm
Substrate	Coated-gold plastic film
Active diameter	30mm
Sealed source classification	C11111 (according to NF M61-002 / ISO 2919)

We certify that this kind of sealed source complies with the NF M61-002 and ISO 2919.

**3 RESULTS**

β particles flux	3035 β.s <sup>-1</sup> in 4π sr
Reference date at 12h U.T.C	23/06/2020
Extended relative uncertainty ( %-k=2)	± 1,5
Daughter products	<sup>137</sup> Ba <sup>m</sup>
γ Impurities (% at the reference date) (**)	< 0.1
Equivalent activity (")	3,03 kBq
Leak test (*)	Wipe test : OK 17/06/2020
No surface contamination (*)	Wipe test : OK 17/06/2020
Measurement technician	

(\*) According NF M61-003 / ISO 9978  
(\*\*) Activity and impurities are not covered by the Cofrac accreditation

The extended uncertainties mentioned are those corresponding to two in certificate composed type. The uncertainties types have calculated taking into account the different uncertainties components reference standards : means of calibration, environmental conditions, the data of the calibrated instrument, repeatability...

This calibration certificate with Cofrac / Etalonnage trademark guarantees the traceability of the calibration results according to the International unit system for those covered by the accreditation. Results that are not covered are marked by symbol (\*\*).

Only the original copy is valid.

COFRAC\* calibration certificate example

\* Scope N°2-6386 available on [www.cofrac.fr](http://www.cofrac.fr) or upon request.

## Manufacturing tolerances

Product type	Deviation from the nominal activity
Nominal solutions	$\pm 30\%$
Standard sealed sources or standard solutions	$\pm 30\%$
Medical products: flood sources, pen point markers, dose calibrator sources	- 15% + 30%

## Recommended working life

The quality of calibration standards can deteriorate due to physical & chemical phenomena (eg. degradation of liquid's homogeneity, loss of active deposits' adherence over time) and usage conditions (frictions, dust...).

From the point of view of the physical integrity of sealed sources (unless more restrictive in terms of references for certain sealed sources as indicated on the previous pages), the recommended life of sealed sources according to ISO 2918 is 10 years under normal conditions of use (instructions are provided with our sources).

From a metrological standpoint, our metrological values are valid in our calibration's conditions. We recommend using these values no longer than 2 radioactive periods, with a maximum of 2 years from the reference calibration date, due to cumulative uncertainties from radioactive periods as well as interactions between matter and ionizing radiations.

# Technical information

## Uncertainties

Uncertainty is the estimate of a possible variation between the level of activity measured by LEA and the actual activity.

The uncertainty indicated in the calibration certificate corresponds to the expanded uncertainty expressed with a  $k=2$  enlargement factor. The value of the enlargement factor is related to the desired confidence level:

- 68% for  $k = 1$
- 95% for  $k = 2$
- 99% for  $k = 3$

These percentages correspond to the application of the gaussian mathematical function.

## Units

The unit of radioactivity adopted by the International System of Units (SI) is becquerel (Bq). This unit corresponds to the transformation of a nucleus with emission of ionizing radiation. This is called disintegration.

Bq = the number of decays of one nucleus per second.

The other unit, still in use, is the curie (Ci) which corresponds to the number of nuclei that disintegrate in one gram of radium 226 per second (old system).

$$1 \text{ Ci} = 3.7 \times 10^{10} \text{ Bq}$$

## Conversion table Becquerel/Curie

1 Bq	$\approx 27 \text{ pCi}$	1 Ci	$\approx 37 \text{ GBq}$
1 kBq	$\approx 27 \text{ nCi}$	1 mCi	$\approx 37 \text{ MBq}$
1 MBq	$\approx 27 \mu\text{Ci}$	1 $\mu\text{Ci}$	$\approx 37 \text{ kBq}$
1 GBq	$\approx 27 \text{ mCi}$	1 nCi	$\approx 37 \text{ Bq}$
1 TBq	$\approx 27 \text{ Ci}$	1 pCi	$\approx 37 \text{ mBq}$

T = téra ( $10^{12}$ )	m = milli ( $10^{-3}$ )
G = giga ( $10^9$ )	$\mu$ = micro ( $10^{-6}$ )
M = méga ( $10^6$ )	n = nano ( $10^{-9}$ )
k = kilo ( $10^3$ )	p = pico ( $10^{-12}$ )

## Calibration standard

A calibration standard is a source which activity is defined well enough in order to be used for equipment calibration. Measurement of calibration standards must meet traceability equipments to SI (see p.90).

## Radioactive purity

The standards described in this catalog are produced from raw materials containing a minimum of radioactive impurities. Care is taken to minimize impurities throughout the production process. Impurities in the finished products are identified and analyzed using  $\alpha$  or  $\gamma$  spectrometry.

Impurity contents are stated in the calibration certificate at the reference date.



## This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 20 horizontal blue lines spaced evenly across the page, typical of notebook or composition paper. The lines are thin and light blue, set against a plain white background. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.



# Nuclear data

IAEA EXEMPTION THRESHOLDS**		FRANCE EXEMPTION THRESHOLDS***			
Solid source	Solid source	Solid source	Solid source	E	
Activité • Activity (kBq)	Concentration (kBq/g)	Activité • Activity (kBq)	Concentration (Bq/g)	E (MeV)	Ratio
1 000 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,0001 kBq/g	-	-
10 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	10 kBq	0,0001 kBq/g	5.388 5.443 5.486	1.7% 13.2% 84.5%
1 000 kBq	0,1 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	-	-	-
10 000 kBq	10 kBq/g	10 000 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	-	-
10 000 kBq	10 kBq/g	10 000 kBq	0,1 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 kBq	10 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 kBq	0,1 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 kBq	10 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	-	-
10 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	10 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	5.763 5.805	23.3% 76.7%
1 000 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	-	-
100 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	100 kBq	0,0001 kBq/g	-	-
10 000 kBq	1 kBq/g	10 000 kBq	0,1 kBq/g	-	-
10 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	10 kBq	0,0001 kBq/g	-	-
10 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	10 kBq	0,0001 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,0001 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 kBq	10 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	1 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 000 kBq	1 000 kBq/g	1 000 000 kBq	0,1 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 kBq	1 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,1 kBq/g	-	-
100 kBq	0,1 kBq/g	100 kBq	0,00001 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 kBq	0,1 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,0001 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,0001 kBq/g	-	-
100 000 kBq	100 kBq/g	100 000 kBq	0,1 kBq/g	-	-
1 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	1 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	4.766 4.771 4.788	9.5% 25.0% 47.0%
100 kBq	1 kBq/g	100 kBq	1 kBq/g	-	-
10 000 kBq	10 kBq/g	10 000 kBq	1 kBq/g	-	-
10 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	10 kBq	0,0001 kBq/g	5.456 5.499	28.8% 71.0%
10 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	10 kBq	0,0001 kBq/g	5.106 5.144 5.157	11.9% 17.1% 70.8%
100 000 kBq	100 kBq/g	100 000 kBq	0,1 kBq/g	-	-
10 000 kBq	1 kBq/g	10 000 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 kBq	0,1 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	-	-
1 000 kBq	1 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	1 kBq/g	-	-
10 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	10 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	-	-
10 kBq	10 kBq/g	10 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	-	-
10 000 kBq	10 kBq/g	10 000 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	-	-
10 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	10 kBq	0,001 kBq/g	4.729 4.783 4.824	1.6% 13.2% 84.4%
1 000 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	-	-	-
1 000 kBq	0,01 kBq/g	1 000 kBq	0,0001 kBq/g	-	-

MAIN EMISSIONS *							SPECIFIC ACTIVITY		PERIOD			RN
β			X		Y							
E Max (keV)	E moy (keV)	Ratio	E (keV)	Ratio	E (keV)	Ratio	Bq/g	Ci/g	Années	Jours	Secondes	
83.1 529.9	21.6 165.3	67.5% 30.8%	-	-	657.8 763.9 884.7 937.5 1384.3 1505.0	94.4% 22.3% 74.0% 34.5% 24.7% 13.2%	1,76E+14	4 751		249.78E+0	21.58E+6	Ag110m
-	-	-	13.8 17.1 21.2	13.0% 18.9% 4.8%	59,5	35,8%	1,27E+11	3,43	432,6	1,58E+05	1,37E+10	Am241
-	-	-	30.6 31.0 35.1 35.9	34.0% 62.8% 18.2% 4.6%	81.0 302.8 356.0 383.8	32.9% 18.3% 62.1% 8.9%	9,43E+12	255	10,5	3.85E+3	9.44E+12	Ba133
156,5	49,2	100%	-	-	-	-	1,66E+11	4,48	5 700	2,08E+06	1,80E+11	C14
256,4	77,2	100%	-	-	-	-	6,58E+14	17 795		1,63E+02	1,41E+07	Ca45
-	-	-	22.0 22.2 25.0 25.5	29.0% 54.7% 15.1% 2.6%	88	3,6%	9,59E+13	2 593		4,62E+02	3,99E+07	Cd109
-	-	-	33.0 33.4 37.9 38.8	22.8% 41.9% 12.5% 3.1%	165,9	79,9%	2,52E+14	6 822		1,38E+02	1,19E+07	Ce139
708,6	251,2	98,1%	-	-	-	-	1,22E+09	0,033	302 000	1,10E+08	9.53E+12	Cl36
-	-	-	17,1	8,7%	-	-	2,99E+12	80,9	18,1	6,61E+03	5,71E+08	Cm244
-	-	-	6.4 7.1	50.0% 7.1%	14.4 122.1 136.5	9.1% 85.5% 10.8%	3,12E+14	8 425		2,72E+02	23.48E+6	Co57
317,3	95,6	99,8%	-	-	1173.2 1332.5	100% 100%	4,18E+13	1 130	5,27	1.93E+3	1,66E+08	Co60
-	-	-	4.9 5.4	20.1% 2.7%	320	9,8%	3,42E+15	92 383		2,77E+01	2,39E+06	Cr51
88.8 415.4 658.1	23.5 123.5 210.0	27.2% 2.5% 70.2%	-	-	563.2 569.2 604.7 795.8 802.0	8.4% 15.4% 97.6% 85.5% 8.7%	4,78E+13	1 292	2,06	7.54E+02	6,51E+07	Cs134
514.0 1175.6	174.3 416.3	94.4% 5.6%	31.8 32.2	1.9% 3.6%	661,7	85%	3.22E+0	86,8	30,1	1,10E+04	9,48E+08	Cs137
175.4 384.8 695.6 1474.5	47.4 112.3 221.7 535.4	1.8% 2.4% 13.8% 8.2%	6.4 39.5 40.1 45.5 46.7	13.0% 20.8% 37.7% 11.8% 3.0%	121.8 244.7 344.3 778.9 867.4 964.1	28.4% 7.6% 26.6% 13.0% 4.2% 14.5%	6.44E+12	174	13,5	4.94E+3	4,27E+08	Eu150
-	-	-	5.9 6.5	25.0% 3.4%	-	-	8,75E+13	2 365	2.76	1,00E+03	124.54E+3	Fe55
273.6 465.9	81.0 149.5	45.2% 53.3%	-	-	1099.2 1291.6	56.6% 43.2%	1,84E+15	49 723		4,45E+01	3,84E+06	Fe59
18,6	5,7	100%	-	-	-	-	3,58E+14	9 676	12,3	4.5E+3	3,89E+08	H3
-	-	-	27.2 27.5 31.1 31.8	39.7% 74.0% 21.2% 4.6%	35,5	6,7%	6,50E+14	17 578		5,94E+01	5,13E+06	I125
-	-	-	27.2 27.5 31.1 31.8	39.7% 74.0% 21.2% 4.6%	35,5	6,7%	6,37E+06	0,00017	16 100 000	5,88E+09	5,08E+14	I129
247.9 333.8 606.3	69.4 96.6 191.6	2.1% 7.4% 89.4%	29.5 29.8	1.5% 2.8%	284.3 364.5 637	6.1% 81.2% 7.3%	4,59E+15	124 189		8,02E+00	6,93E+05	I131
-	-	-	5.4 6.0	22.7% 3.1%	834,8	100%	2,86E+14	7 719		3,13E+02	26.97E+6	Mn54
546,4	215,5	89.8%	-	-	511 1274.5	178% 100%	2,31E+14	6 241	2,60	9.50E+02	8,21E+07	Na22
67,0	17,4	100%	-	-	-	-	2,13E+12	57,5	98,7	3,60E+04	3,11E+09	Ni63
-	-	-	15,7	54,5%	29.4 86.5	15.3% 12.3%	2,61E+07	0,00070	2 140 000	7.83E+08	6,75E+13	Np237
1710,7	695,5	100%	-	-	-	-	1,06E+16	285 566		1,43E+01	1,23E+06	P32
224,7	62,0	100%	-	-	-	-	3,43E+13	927	2,62	9.58E+02	8,28E+07	Pm147
-	-	-	16,2	10,6%	-	-	6,33E+11	17,1	87,7	3,20E+04	2,77E+09	Pu238
-	-	-	16,2	4,7%	129.3 375.0 413.7 451.5	0.00631% 0.00154% 0.00146% 0.000187%	2,30E+09	0,062	24 100	8,80E+06	7,61E+11	Pu239
167,1	48,6	100%	-	-	-	-	1,58E+15	42 710		8,73E+01	7,54E+06	S35
-	-	-	24.0 24.2 27.3 27.9	27.7% 51.9% 14.6% 2.8%	255.1 391.7	2.1% 65.0%	4.60E+15	10 037		1,15E+02	9,94E+06	Sn113
-	-	-	13.3 13.4 15.0	17.2% 33.0% 8.0%	514	98,5%	8,76E+14	23 680		6,49E+01	5,60E+06	Sr85
1495,1	584,6	100%	-	-	-	-	1,07E+15	29 002		5,06E+01	4,37E+06	Sr89
545,9	195,7	100%	-	-	-	-	5,10E+12	138	28,8	1,05E+04	9,09E+08	Sr90
763,7	243,9	97,1%	-	-	-	-	1,71E+13	462,475	3,79	1,38E+03	1,20E+08	Tl204
293,7	85,4	100%	-	-	-	-	6.31E+08	0,017	214 000	7,81E+07	6,75E+12	Tc99
-	-	-	15,7	5,3%	-	-	3,57E+10	0,965	1 590	5,80E+05	5,02E+10	U233
-	-	-	14.1 14.2 15.9 16.1	17.3% 33.2% 8.2% 1.1%	898.0 1836.1	93.9% 99.3%	5,15E+14	13 911		1,07E+02	9,21E+06	Y88
329,9	143,1	1,4%	8.0 8.9	34.7% 4.8%	511.0 1115.5	2.8% 50.2%	3,04E+14	8 230		2,44E+02	2,11E+07	Zn65

# Sources & radioactivity standards

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